

PREVIOUS YEAR PAPER

UPTET 2021 Paper II (Junior) — 23 January 2022 (Series C) — Social Studies

UPTET · 23 January 2022

150 questions · +1 for a correct answer, -0 for a wrong one · 150 minutes

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Questions from the Uttar Pradesh Education Service Selection Commission's paper of 23 January 2022. Each question is followed by its answer, and the answer key is repeated on the last page.

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Child Development and Teaching Method

1. The main characteristic of basic instinct is that which is found

- (a) Only in Cats and Rats
- (b) Only in human beings
- (c) All organism and it is inborn and natural
- (d) Only in Artists

Answer: (c)

2. The right to free and compulsory education for children between age group of 6 - 14 has been included in Indian Constitution as

- (a) Article 15
- (b) Article 26
- (c) Article 45
- (d) Article 21A

Answer: (d)

3. Kretschmer has classified the persons in one of the following main types

- (a) Athletic
- (b) Asthenic
- (c) Picnic
- (d) All of these

Answer: (d)

4. Purpose of T.E.T. is measure which of the following?

- (a) Aptitude
- (b) Intelligence
- (c) Attitude
- (d) Values

Answer: (a)

5. Consolidation theory explain which of the following?

- (a) Memory
- (b) Learning
- (c) Motivation
- (d) Creativity

Answer: (a)

6. Who has given the Concept of Educational Quotient for backward children?

- (a) Schonell
- (b) Gorden
- (c) Burton Hall
- (d) Cyril Burt

Answer: (d)

7. Which among the following is different from characteristics of a good test?

- (a) Validity
- (b) Reliability
- (c) Objectivity
- (d) Aptitude

Answer: (d)

8. Which of the following is not theory of intelligence?

- (a) Two factor theory
- (b) Unifactor theory
- (c) Theory of regression
- (d) Multifactor theory

Answer: (c)

9. Which one of the following is not ductless glands?

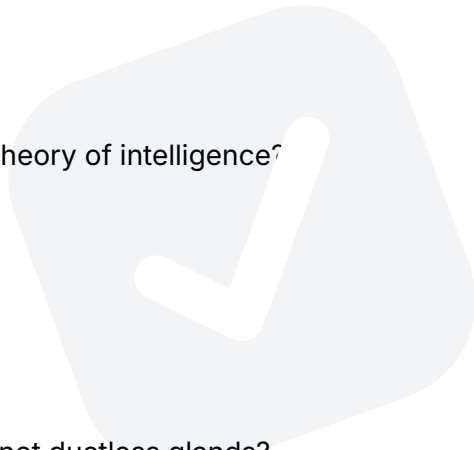
- (a) Pituitary glands
- (b) Adrenal glands
- (c) Salivary glands
- (d) Thyroid glands

Answer: (c)

10. According to Piaget the second stage of cognitive development is

- (a) Formal operations stage
- (b) Sensory-motor stage
- (c) Pre-operational stage
- (d) Concrete operations stage

Answer: (c)



11. Which of the following is the most subjective method of educational psychology?

- (a) Extrospection
- (b) Introspection
- (c) Observation
- (d) Experimentation

Answer: (b)

12. Albert Bandura is associated with which of the following?

- (a) Behavioural Theory
- (b) Social Learning Theory
- (c) Cognitive Development Theory
- (d) Psychosexual Development

Answer: (b)

13. Plateau in learning curve is caused due to

- (a) Motivation
- (b) Maturation
- (c) Fatigue
- (d) Interest

Answer: (c)

14. Mirror Drawing Test is used to measure

- (a) Transfer of learning
- (b) Rate of learning
- (c) Creativity
- (d) Interest

Answer: (a)

15. Cloud Picture Test is used to measure which of the following?

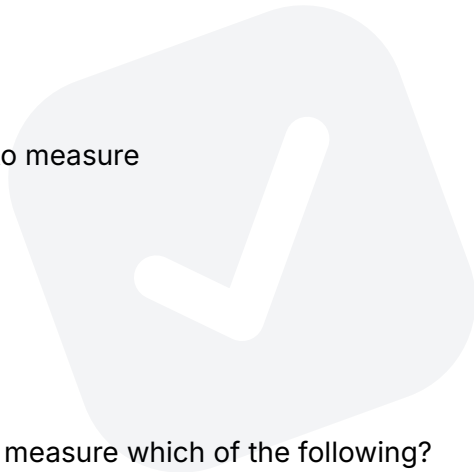
- (a) Personality
- (b) Intelligence
- (c) Aptitude
- (d) Interest

Answer: (a)

16. What is the factor influencing physical development in the following?

- (a) Environment
- (b) Heredity
- (c) Sports and exercise
- (d) All of these

Answer: (d)



17. Which of the following is correct formula to calculate I.Q.?

- (a) $C.A. / M.A.$
- (b) $(M.A. / C.A.) \times 100$
- (c) $(C.A. / M.A.) \times 100$
- (d) $M.A. / (C.A. \times 100)$

Answer: (b)

18. Who described 'Reflective Thinking' from the following?

- (a) Ross
- (b) Dewey
- (c) Woodworth
- (d) Drever

Answer: (b)

19. Which is not included in the levels of inductive reasoning?

- (a) Experiment
- (b) Observation
- (c) Generalization
- (d) Imagination

Answer: (d)

20. Failure in retention and recall of learnt content is

- (a) Memory
- (b) Forgetting
- (c) Retention
- (d) Thinking

Answer: (b)

21. Five years old Mohan has mental age of eight. What is his I.Q.?

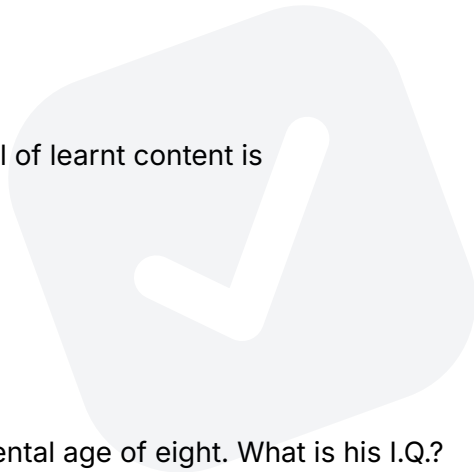
- (a) 160
- (b) 150
- (c) 140
- (d) 135

Answer: (a)

22. Which I.Q. range is called trainable I.Q. level of mentally retarded children?

- (a) 50 - 69
- (b) 70 - 79
- (c) 36 - 49
- (d) 35 and below

Answer: (c)



23. Rorschach ink blot test is used to measure which of the following?

- (a) Intelligence
- (b) Personality
- (c) Interest
- (d) Aptitude

Answer: (b)

24. It is not the cause of forgetting

- (a) Desire to remember
- (b) Under learning
- (c) Mental conflict
- (d) Defective methods of remembering

Answer: (a)

25. The science which deals with the method of collecting, classifying, presenting, comparing and interpreting numerical data is called

- (a) Mathematics
- (b) Statistics
- (c) Geometry
- (d) Probability

Answer: (b)

26. Find the odd one out.

- (a) 16 - P.F.
- (b) T.A.T.
- (c) Raven's test
- (d) Draw a man test

Answer: (c)

27. The median of 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12 is

- (a) 9
- (b) 8
- (c) 10
- (d) 9.5

Answer: (d)

28. Who has propounded the theory of insight?

- (a) Gestalt Psychologist
- (b) Thorndike
- (c) Hegarty
- (d) Skinner

Answer: (a)



29. According to McDougall, every instinct is associated with

- (a) Emotion
- (b) Cognition
- (c) Sensation
- (d) Thinking

Answer: (a)

30. Giving meaning to sensation on the basis of past experience is called

- (a) Perception
- (b) Sensation
- (c) Motivation
- (d) Imagination

Answer: (a)

Language I (Hindi)

31. निम्नलिखित में से वाचन शिक्षण की विधि नहीं है

- (a) अनुध्वनि विधि
- (b) ध्वनि साम्य विधि
- (c) व्याख्या विधि
- (d) समवेत पाठ विधि

Answer: (c)

32. निम्नलिखित में अभिवृत्त्यात्मक उद्देश्य है

- (a) साहित्य का रसास्वादन करना
- (b) स्वानुभूत विचारों व भावों को अभिव्यक्त करना
- (c) धैर्यपूर्वक सुनना
- (d) भाषा और साहित्य में रुचि

Answer: (d)

33. हिन्दी साहित्य के इतिहास के संबंध में 'मॉडर्न वर्नाक्यूलर लिटरेचर ऑफ हिन्दोस्तान' किसने लिखा है?

- (a) सुमित कुमार चटर्जी
- (b) जॉर्ज अब्राहम ग्रियर्सन
- (c) गार्सा द तासी
- (d) धीरेन्द्र वर्मा

Answer: (b)



34. 'विरहनी बावरी सी भई

ऊँची चढ़ि अपने भवन में टेरत हाय दई

ले अंचरा मुख अँसुवन पोंछत उधरे गात सही'

- किसकी पंक्ति है?

- (a) मीराबाई
- (b) सहजोबाई
- (c) झीमा चारिणी
- (d) दयाबाई

Answer: (a)

35. हिन्दी का पहला पत्र है

- (a) इतिहास तिमिरनाशक
- (b) उदंत मार्तण्ड
- (c) बनारस अखबार
- (d) हरिश्चन्द्र मैगज़ीन

Answer: (b)

Passage — for questions 36–40

निम्नलिखित अवतरण को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़कर प्रश्न संख्या 36 से 40 तक का विकल्प चुनकर उत्तर दीजिए।

धर्म पालन करने के मार्ग में सबसे अधिक बाधा चित्त की चंचलता, उद्देश्य की स्थिरता और मन की निर्बलता से पड़ती है। मनुष्य के कर्तव्य मार्ग में एक ओर तो आत्मा के बुरे-भले कामों का ज्ञान दूसरी ओर आलस्य और स्वार्थपरता रहती है। बस मनुष्य इन्हीं दोनों के बीच में पड़ा रहता है। अंत में यदि उसका मन पक्का हुआ, तो वह आत्मा की आज्ञा मान पालन करता है, पर उसका मन दुविधा में पड़ा रहा है, तो स्वार्थपरता उसे निश्चित ही घेरेंगी और उसका चरित्र घृणा के योग्य हो जायेगा। इससे यह बहुत आवश्यक है कि आत्मा जिस बात को करने की प्रवृत्ति दें, उसे बिना स्वार्थ सोचे, झटपट कर डालना चाहिए। इस संसार में जितने बड़े-बड़े लोग हुए हैं सभी ने अपने कर्तव्य को सबसे श्रेष्ठ माना है, क्योंकि जितने कर्म उन्होंने किए उन सबने अपने कर्तव्य पर ध्यान देकर न्याय का बर्ताव किया। जिन जातियों में यह गुण पाया जाता है। वे ही संसार में उन्नति करती हैं और संसार में उनका नाम आदर से लिया जाता है। जो लोग स्वार्थी होकर अपने कर्तव्य पर ध्यान नहीं देते, वे संसार में लज्जित होते हैं और सब लोग उनसे घृणा करते हैं।

36. धर्म पालन करने में बाधा डालने वाली प्रवृत्तियाँ कौन-सी हैं?

- (a) धर्म का ज्ञान न होना।
- (b) कमजोर मन, उद्देश्य का निश्चित न होना तथा चंचल मनोवृत्ति का होना।
- (c) आलस्य की अधिकता।
- (d) जानकारी की कमी।

Answer: (b)

37. संसार के बड़े-बड़े लोगों ने सबसे श्रेष्ठ माना है

- (a) सदाचार को
- (b) उत्तम चरित्र को
- (c) परोपकार को
- (d) अपने कर्तव्य को

Answer: (d)

38. 'निर्बलता' शब्द में उपसर्ग और प्रत्यय का सही विकल्प है

- (a) निर + बल + ता
- (b) निर् + बल + ता
- (c) निर + बलत + आ
- (d) निर + बल + अता

Answer: (b)

39. 'कायर' की भाववाचक संज्ञा है

- (a) कायरतत्त्व
- (b) अकायरता
- (c) कायरपन
- (d) कायरता

Answer: (d)

40. 'अपना मतलब निकालने वाला' के लिए उचित शब्द क्या है:

- (a) स्वार्थपरता
- (b) स्वार्थी
- (c) स्वार्थपरक
- (d) कुटिल

Answer: (b)

41. पंकज में कौन-सा समास है?

- (a) द्विगु
- (b) द्वन्द्व
- (c) कर्मधारय
- (d) बहुव्रीहि

Answer: (d)



42. अयोगवाह कहा जाता है

- (a) अनुस्वार एवं विसर्ग को
- (b) महाप्राण को
- (c) संयुक्त व्यंजन को
- (d) अल्पप्राण को

Answer: (a)

43. एक ओर अजगरहि लखि एक ओर मृगराय।

विकल बटोही बीच ही पर्यो मूरछा खाय॥

इन पंक्तियों में प्रयुक्त रस है

- (a) वीर रस
- (b) रौद्र रस
- (c) भयानक रस
- (d) करुण रस

Answer: (c)

44. 'से' विभक्ति निम्न में से किस कारक के लिए प्रयुक्त होता है?

- (a) कर्म
- (b) कर्ता
- (c) सम्प्रदान
- (d) करण

Answer: (d)

45. 'उसने नहाकर भोजन किया' - इस वाक्य में 'नहाकर' निम्नांकित में से किस क्रिया का उदाहरण है?

- (a) प्रेरणार्थक क्रिया
- (b) संयुक्त क्रिया
- (c) द्विकर्मक क्रिया
- (d) पूर्वकालिक क्रिया

Answer: (d)

46. कौन-सा वाक्य शुद्ध है?

- (a) परशुराम के क्रोधाग्नि ने क्षत्रियों को जला दिया।
- (b) खेतों में लम्बे-लम्बे घास उग आए।
- (c) गलियों को चौड़ा करना आवश्यक है।
- (d) वृक्षों पर कोयल कूक रही है।

Answer: (c)

47. विद्यार्थी में कौन-सी सन्धि है?

- (a) वृद्धि सन्धि
- (b) दीर्घ सन्धि
- (c) गुण सन्धि
- (d) यण सन्धि

Answer: (b)

48. 'कानन' का पर्यायवाची शब्द है

- (a) विहिप
- (b) पुष्प
- (c) वन
- (d) इनमें से कोई नहीं

Answer: (c)

49. 'वाक्य विग्रह' का अर्थ है

- (a) वाक्य रचना करना।
- (b) शब्दों को जोड़ना।
- (c) वाक्य खंडों को अलग-अलग करके उनका सम्बन्ध बताना।
- (d) सन्धि और समास बताना।

Answer: (c)

50. बिनु पग चलै सुनै बिनु काना,
कर बिनु कर्म करै विधि नाना।

इन पंक्तियों में प्रयुक्त अलंकार है

- (a) विशेषोक्ति अलंकार
- (b) विभावना अलंकार
- (c) असंगति अलंकार
- (d) दृष्टान्त अलंकार

Answer: (b)

51. सूफी सन्तों की शैली है

- (a) मसनवी
- (b) मर्सिया
- (c) गज़ल
- (d) तर्जुमा

Answer: (a)



52. 'गुड़िया भीतर गुड़िया' के रचनाकार कौन है?

- (a) मैत्रेयी पुष्पा
- (b) कृष्णा सोबती
- (c) प्रभा खेतान
- (d) उषा प्रियंवदा

Answer: (a)

53. 'सौ अजान एक सुजान' के रचनाकार का नाम है

- (a) बालकृष्ण भट्ट
- (b) बदरीनारायण चौधरी
- (c) बालमुकुन्द गुप्त
- (d) सरदार पूर्ण सिंह

Answer: (a)

54. गोस्वामी तुलसीदास का निधन वाराणसी के किस घाट पर हुआ?

- (a) अस्सी घाट
- (b) दशाश्वमेध घाट
- (c) राम घाट
- (d) मणिकर्णिका घाट

Answer: (a)

55. 'भक्तमाल' के रचनाकार हैं

- (a) केशव दास
- (b) नाभा दास
- (c) विष्णु दास
- (d) सुन्दर दास

Answer: (b)

56. 'सुई' का तत्सम रूप क्या है?

- (a) सूचि
- (b) सुज्जा
- (c) सलाई
- (d) सूची

Answer: (a)



57. 'परिसीमन' का विलोम है

- (a) निरसीमन
- (b) ससीम
- (c) असीमन
- (d) ससीमन

Answer: (c)

58. 'धूसर' शब्द का पर्याय है

- (a) मेघ
- (b) अश्व
- (c) गर्दभ
- (d) अजा

Answer: (c)

59. 'भूतों अर्थात् जीवों द्वारा होने वाला (दुख)' - वाक्य के लिए एक शब्द बताइये।

- (a) आधिभौतिक
- (b) आधिदैविक
- (c) आधिदैहिक
- (d) आत्मघाती

Answer: (a)

60. 'ऊँट की चोरी निहुरे निहुरे' का अर्थ है

- (a) बड़े काम छिपकर नहीं किये जा सकते।
- (b) जान जोखिम में डालना।
- (c) उद्वंड व्यक्ति की दुष्टता।
- (d) किसी की वस्तु किसी दूसरे को देना।

Answer: (a)

Language II (English)

61. Bees are kept in

- (a) A nursery
- (b) A pantry
- (c) An apiary
- (d) An aquarium

Answer: (c)



62. The idiom 'green-eyed monster' means

- (a) To be sick
- (b) To be jealous
- (c) To be angry
- (d) To be blind

Answer: (b)

63. Select the sentence in which the article has been wrongly used.

- (a) Twelve inches make a foot.
- (b) He is a M.A.
- (c) A pupil should obey his teacher.
- (d) He is a European.

Answer: (b)

64. Pick the correct question tag from the options.

People shouldn't drink and drive, _____

- (a) should not they?
- (b) should they?
- (c) isn't it?
- (d) shall they?

Answer: (b)

65. Point out the part that has an error in the sentence

(A) You are learning English / (B) for the last one year / (C) but you show / (D) no improvement at all.

- (a) B
- (b) A
- (c) C
- (d) D

Answer: (b)

Passage — for questions 66–70

Read the following passage and answer the questions from 66 to 70 based on it.

Work expands so as to fill the time available for its completion. The general recognition of this fact is shown in the proverbial phrase, 'It is the busiest man who has time to spare.' Thus, an elderly lady at leisure can spend the entire day writing a postcard to her niece. An hour will be spent in finding the postcard, another hunting for spectacles, half an hour to search for the address, an hour and a quarter in composition and twenty minutes in deciding whether or not to take an umbrella when going to the pillar box in the street. The total effort that would occupy a busy man for three minutes, all told, may in this fashion leave another person completely exhausted after a day of doubt, anxiety and toil.

66. What is the total time spent by the elderly lady in writing a postcard?

- (a) A full day
- (b) Three minutes
- (c) Four hours and five minutes
- (d) Half an hour

Answer: (a)

67. What happens when the time to be spent on some work increases?

- (a) The work is done leisurely
- (b) The work is done smoothly
- (c) The work consumes all the time
- (d) The work needs additional time

Answer: (c)

68. What does the expression 'pillar box' stand for?

- (a) A box in the pillar
- (b) A box attached to the pillar
- (c) Box office
- (d) A pillar-type post box

Answer: (d)

69. Who is the person likely to take more time to do work?

- (a) An elderly person
- (b) A busy man
- (c) A man of leisure
- (d) An exhausted person

Answer: (a)

70. Point out the most appropriate explanation of the sentence
'Work expands so as to fill the time available for its completion.'

- (a) Whatever time is available for a given amount of work, all of it will be used.
- (b) The more work there is to be done, the more time needed.
- (c) If you have more time, you can do more work.
- (d) If you have some important work to do, you should always have some additional time.

Answer: (a)

71. Choose the correct sentence.

- (a) The committee was one on this point.
- (b) The committee were one on this point.
- (c) The committee was divided on this point.
- (d) The committee have one on this point.

Answer: (a)

72. Which of the following is an example of Simile?

- (a) Life is a dream
- (b) I wandered lonely as a cloud
- (c) Anxiety is sitting on her face
- (d) A lie has no legs

Answer: (b)

73. Change the following sentence into Active Voice.

"The visitors were shown the new-born by the woman."

- (a) The woman has shown the new-born to the visitors.
- (b) The new-born was shown to the visitors by the woman.
- (c) The woman showed the visitors the new-born.
- (d) The woman might have shown the new-born.

Answer: (c)

74. Select the antonym for the word.

'Adverse'

- (a) Friendly
- (b) Hostile
- (c) Inimical
- (d) Unwilling

Answer: (a)

75. Fill in the blank with correct word to complete the proverb.

"Blood is ____ than water."

- (a) Thicker
- (b) Thinner
- (c) Purer
- (d) Precious

Answer: (a)

Passage — for questions 76–80

Read the given passage and answer the questions that follow (Q. No. 76 to 80) by selecting the most appropriate option.

Helicopters are very different from airplanes. They can do three things that airplanes cannot do. First, when airplanes move upward, they must also move forward, but helicopters can move straight up without moving ahead. Second, helicopters can fly backward, which airplanes cannot do. Third, helicopters can use their rotors to hover in the air, which is impossible for planes. Helicopters can perform actions that airplanes cannot, they are used for different tasks. Since helicopters can take off without moving forward, they do not need a runway for take off. They are used in congested areas where there is no room for airplanes or in isolated areas, which do not have airports. Because they can hover, they are used on fire fighting missions to drop water on fires. They are used in logging operations to lift trees out of forests. Helicopters are used as air ambulances to airlift patients out of situations, which are difficult to reach, by conventional ambulances. The police use helicopters to follow suspects on the ground or to search for cars on the ground. Of course, helicopters have military uses because of their design and capabilities.

76. The word 'congested' in the passage means

- (a) The place has no place
- (b) The place is roomy
- (c) The place can be accessed by police vans
- (d) The place has so much of smoke due to fire

Answer: (a)

77. A helicopter can hover while an aeroplane cannot, according to the passage. 'Hover' in the passage means

- (a) Move straight up in the air
- (b) Stay at one place in the air
- (c) Go backward in the air
- (d) Fly sideways

Answer: (b)

78. Point out the grammatical category of the word 'perform' in the passage.

- (a) Verb
- (b) Noun
- (c) Adverb
- (d) Helping verb

Answer: (a)

79. Why is a helicopter used as an ambulance?

- (a) It crosses all difficulties of traffic
- (b) Its movement can be manoeuvred easily
- (c) It reaches the inaccessible places easily
- (d) It can fire fight

Answer: (c)

80. Point out the grammatical category of the underlined word 'very' in the above passage.

- (a) Adjective
- (b) Adverb
- (c) Noun
- (d) Verb

Answer: (b)

81. Give one word substitution for:

The scientific study of insects.

- (a) Entomology
- (b) Criminology
- (c) Mycology
- (d) Meteorology

Answer: (a)

82. Point out the correct direct speech of the following.

I asked why he was looking through the keyhole.

- (a) 'Do not look through the keyhole' I said.
- (b) 'Are you looking through the keyhole?' I said.
- (c) 'Why are you looking through the keyhole?' I said.
- (d) 'You are looking through the keyhole?' I said.

Answer: (c)

83. Put the verbs in brackets into the correct present tense.

My daughter never (write) to me so I never (know) what she (do).

- (a) My daughter never write to me so I never knew what she does.
- (b) My daughter never wrote to me so I never knew what she do.
- (c) My daughter never writes to me so I never know what she is doing.
- (d) My daughter never writes to me so I never knew what she does.

Answer: (c)

84. Pick out the correct synonym of the word.

'Cantankerous'

- (a) Quarrelsome
- (b) Rash
- (c) Noisy
- (d) Disrespectful

Answer: (a)

85. Pick out the sentence that has a demonstrative adjective in it.

- (a) This kind of question is often asked in examinations.
- (b) It is a twenty-kilometers walk.
- (c) Each of them received ten rupees.
- (d) His written statement differs from his oral one.

Answer: (a)

86. 'To chew the cud' correctly means

- (a) To die on duty
- (b) Contrive against someone
- (c) To meditate
- (d) To inculcate virtues

Answer: (c)

87. Complete the following sentence with most appropriate choice.

'He was very much ashamed ____ his mischief.'

- (a) of
- (b) for
- (c) with
- (d) over

Answer: (a)

88. Complete the following sentence with appropriate choice.

'____ he stood first, he would have gone to America.'

- (a) Had
- (b) If
- (c) Have
- (d) Anyways

Answer: (a)

89. Fill in the blank.

'Of the sword and pen the ____ is more powerful.'

- (a) later
- (b) last one
- (c) latter
- (d) last

Answer: (c)

90. Which prefix can be used with the following words?

behave, guide, use

- (a) dis
- (b) in
- (c) mis
- (d) re

Answer: (c)

| Social Studies

91. Bhilai steel plant is located in

- (a) Jharkhand
- (b) Chhattisgarh
- (c) Madhya Pradesh
- (d) Odisha

Answer: (b)

92. Which one of the following rocks is an example of sedimentary rock?

- (a) Marble
- (b) Slate
- (c) Shale
- (d) Granite

Answer: (c)

93. The tail of a comet always points

- (a) away from the sun
- (b) towards the sun
- (c) towards North-East
- (d) towards South-East

Answer: (a)

94. Which one of the following is associated with fault?

- (a) Strike valley
- (b) Anticlinorium
- (c) Hogback
- (d) Graben

Answer: (d)

95. Which one of the following is not a tropical desert?

- (a) Arabia
- (b) Atacama
- (c) Gobi
- (d) Kalahari

Answer: (c)

96. Which Part of the Indian Constitution deals with Fundamental Rights?

- (a) Part II
- (b) Part I
- (c) Part III
- (d) Part IV

Answer: (c)

97. Which one of the following Amendments of the Constitution of India deals with the issue of strengthening of the Panchayati Raj?

- (a) 44th Amendment
- (b) 42nd Amendment
- (c) 73rd Amendment
- (d) 86th Amendment

Answer: (c)

98. The office of International Court of Justice is situated in

- (a) London
- (b) New York
- (c) The Hague
- (d) Paris

Answer: (c)

99. Population control and family planning is listed in which Schedule in the Indian Constitution?

- (a) Union list
- (b) State list
- (c) Concurrent list
- (d) Residual subjects

Answer: (c)

100. Which one of the following Directive Principles related to Foreign Policy?

- (a) Article 49
- (b) Article 48
- (c) Article 50
- (d) Article 51

Answer: (d)



101. Inversion of temperature means

- (a) Increase of temperature with height
- (b) Decrease of temperature with height
- (c) Constant temperature with height
- (d) Fluctuating temperature with height

Answer: (a)

102. Which one of the following reservoirs is associated with Rihand Project?

- (a) Govind Ballabh Pant Sagar
- (b) Gandhi Sagar
- (c) Jawahar Sagar
- (d) Govind Sagar

Answer: (a)

103. Shipki La is the famous mountain pass of

- (a) Uttarakhand
- (b) Jammu and Kashmir
- (c) Sikkim
- (d) Himachal Pradesh

Answer: (d)

104. Social studies teacher should have the knowledge of subject matter as well

- (a) Teaching methods
- (b) Educational objectives
- (c) Teaching technology
- (d) None of these

Answer: —

105. The most useful teaching material for the Geography is

- (a) Map
- (b) Calendar
- (c) Flash Card
- (d) Barometer

Answer: (a)

106. 'Ashtadhyayee' was written by

- (a) Panini
- (b) Vedavyas
- (c) Shukadeva
- (d) Valmiki

Answer: (a)

107. The Second Buddhist Council was held during the reign of

- (a) Mahapadmananda
- (b) Udayabhadra
- (c) Shishunaga
- (d) Kalashoka

Answer: (d)

108. Akbar constructed 'Ibadat-Khana' in

- (a) Fatehpur Sikri
- (b) Agra
- (c) Delhi
- (d) Sikandara

Answer: (a)

109. The Arya Samaj was founded in the year

- (a) 1870 A.D.
- (b) 1865 A.D.
- (c) 1875 A.D.
- (d) 1880 A.D.

Answer: (c)

110. Who among the following was not associated with the Kakori case?

- (a) Rajendra Lahiri
- (b) Ramprasad Bismil
- (c) Ashfaqullah Khan
- (d) Surya Sen

Answer: (d)

111. Which one of the following is the most suitable teaching aid to show proportionate size and shape of continents?

- (a) Physical map of the world
- (b) Political map of the world
- (c) Globe
- (d) None of these

Answer: (c)

112. The suitable method of geography teaching is

- (a) Discussion method
- (b) Tour method
- (c) Story method
- (d) None of these

Answer: (b)

113. A universal language of the map can be understood by way of

- (a) Conventional symbols
- (b) Sketch
- (c) Alphabets
- (d) Thematic maps

Answer: (a)

114. U-shaped valley is formed by

- (a) River
- (b) Glacier
- (c) Winds
- (d) Sea waves

Answer: (b)

115. The capital of Australia is

- (a) Canberra
- (b) Sydney
- (c) Melbourne
- (d) None of these

Answer: (a)

116. Who is the founder of Din-i-Ilahi?

- (a) Humayun
- (b) Muhammad Gajnavi
- (c) Akbar
- (d) Shershah Suri

Answer: (c)

117. In whose reign did Hsuan-tsang come to India?

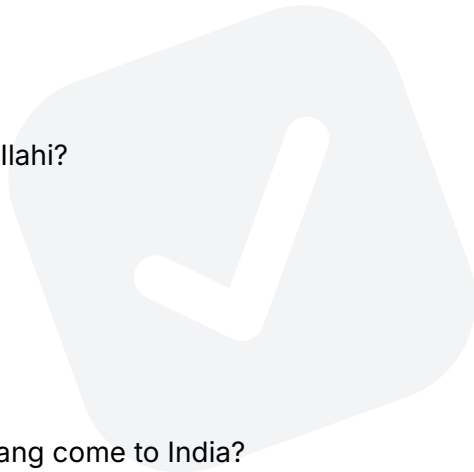
- (a) Chandragupta Vikramaditya
- (b) Samudragupta
- (c) Harshavardhan
- (d) Skandgupta

Answer: (c)

118. Who among the following emperors was called 'Qalandar'?

- (a) Humayun
- (b) Babur
- (c) Akbar
- (d) Shahjahan

Answer: (b)



119. The Governor General, who partitioned Bengal was

- (a) Canning
- (b) Curzon
- (c) Minto
- (d) Mayo

Answer: (a)

120. Kunwar Singh was the Zamindar of which State?

- (a) Jagdishpur
- (b) Barrack-pore
- (c) Avadh
- (d) Bitthore

Answer: (a)

121. How many Shuddh and Vikrit swaraas in total are there in Hindustani Sangeet?

- (a) 08
- (b) 12
- (c) 07
- (d) 11

Answer: (b)

122. With which Gayaki Char Taal is used?

- (a) Taraana
- (b) Dhamar
- (c) Dhrupad
- (d) Khyal

Answer: (c)

123. Amongst these who is not a 'Tabla Player'?

- (a) Zakir Husain
- (b) Pt. Kishan Maharaj
- (c) Ram Das Sharma
- (d) Ahmed Jan Thirakwa

Answer: (c)

124. Where was first "National Games" Organised?

- (a) Mumbai
- (b) New Delhi
- (c) Kolkata
- (d) Chennai

Answer: (a)



125. "Today India does not need Geeta but needs a football ground." This thought was given by which Thinker?

- (a) Swami Vivekanand
- (b) Radhakrishnan
- (c) Pluto
- (d) Rousseau

Answer: (a)

126. Progeny of nucleus seed is

- (a) Foundation seed
- (b) Breeder seed
- (c) Certified seed
- (d) Registered seed

Answer: (b)

127. Central Institute of Medicinal and Aromatic Plant is situated at

- (a) New Delhi
- (b) Hyderabad
- (c) Bhopal
- (d) Lucknow

Answer: (d)

128. The most suitable fruit for marmalade making is

- (a) Jamun
- (b) Banana
- (c) Malta
- (d) Bael

Answer: (c)

129. Central Food Technological Research Institute is situated at

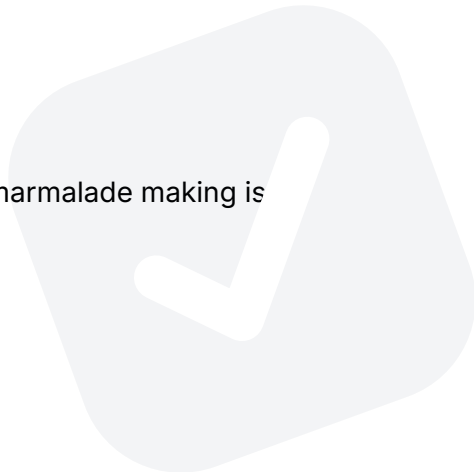
- (a) Maharashtra
- (b) New Delhi
- (c) Karnataka
- (d) None of these

Answer: (c)

130. Which preservative is used in Jelly making?

- (a) Pectin
- (b) Sugar
- (c) Sulphite
- (d) Sulphur dioxide

Answer: (c)



131. Community Development Programme was started in the year

- (a) 1955
- (b) 1952
- (c) 1957
- (d) 1960

Answer: (b)

132. The Supreme Court of India enunciated the Doctrine of Basic structure of the Constitution in India

- (a) Sajjan Singh case
- (b) Shankari Prasad case
- (c) Golakh Nath case
- (d) Keshwanand Bharti case

Answer: (b)

133. Under which Article of the Indian Constitution, the Governor has the power to reserve a bill for the President's assent?

- (a) Article 108
- (b) Article 52
- (c) Article 200
- (d) Article 213

Answer: (a)

134. The Vice President of India is elected by the members of an electoral college consisting of

- (a) All members of both Houses of Parliament
- (b) All members of the Council of States
- (c) Elected members of both Houses of Parliament
- (d) Elected members of the Council of States

Answer: (d)

135. Which country is not the member of SAARC?

- (a) Nepal
- (b) Bhutan
- (c) Bangladesh
- (d) Japan

Answer: (d)

136. Saffron is obtained from

- (a) Leaf
- (b) Bud
- (c) Flower stigma
- (d) Calyx

Answer: (c)

137. How many ribs are there in human body?

- (a) 26
- (b) 22
- (c) 24
- (d) 28

Answer: (b)

138. Which disease is prevented by T.A.B. vaccine?

- (a) Diphtheria
- (b) Tuberculosis
- (c) Typhoid
- (d) Pertussis

Answer: (c)

139. On which day in 'International Yoga Day' celebrated?

- (a) 20th June
- (b) 21st June
- (c) 25th June
- (d) 28th June

Answer: (b)

140. In which clothes are resin starch used?

- (a) Cotton clothes
- (b) Woolen clothes
- (c) Silken clothes
- (d) Nylon clothes

Answer: (a)

141. When "Sports Day" is celebrated?

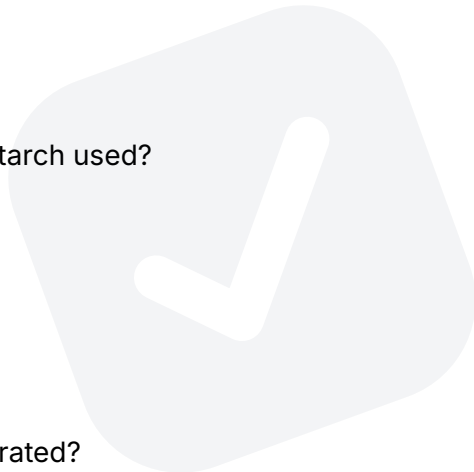
- (a) 29 August
- (b) 25 August
- (c) 30 August
- (d) 31 August

Answer: (b)

142. Who is the author of the most prominent book on yoga "Yog Darshan"?

- (a) Maharshi Narad
- (b) Maharshi Bharat
- (c) Maharshi Patanjali
- (d) Maharshi Devdatt

Answer: (b)



143. 'Zein' protein is related to which crop?

- (a) Soybean
- (b) Paddy
- (c) Maize
- (d) Oat

Answer: (c)

144. Which breed of cow is dual purpose?

- (a) Jersey
- (b) Gir
- (c) Sindhi
- (d) Tharparkar

Answer: (c)

145. India has divided in how many Agro Climatic Zones?

- (a) 12
- (b) 9
- (c) 15
- (d) 22

Answer: (c)

146. Who is the writer of 'Rajpoot Painting'?

- (a) Rai Krishna Das
- (b) Ananda K. Coomaraswamy
- (c) W.G. Archer
- (d) None of these

Answer: (b)

147. Folk Art is associated with

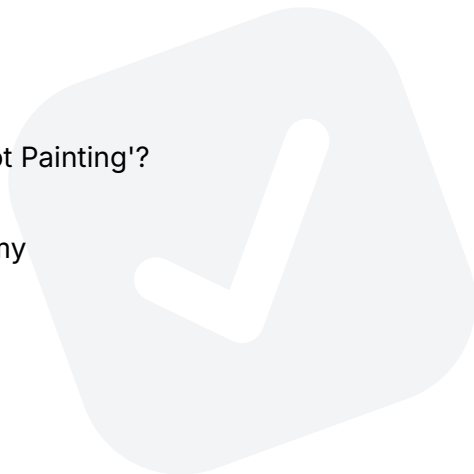
- (a) Painting
- (b) Regional Art
- (c) Modern Art
- (d) Pre-Historical Art

Answer: (b)

148. Geometrical design is called

- (a) Design made by geometrical forms
- (b) Geometrical forms
- (c) Design made in square
- (d) None of these

Answer: (a)



149. Aipan is associated with which State?

- (a) Madhya Pradesh
- (b) Uttar Pradesh
- (c) Maharashtra
- (d) Uttarakhand

Answer: (d)

150. How many total numbers of Shrutees are there in Hindustani Sangeet?

- (a) 13
- (b) 22
- (c) 12
- (d) 09

Answer: (b)



Answer key

Answer key from the Uttar Pradesh Education Service Selection Commission's official answer key for this sitting.
"—" means the key gave none.

Child Development and Teaching Method

1	(c)	2	(d)	3	(d)	4	(a)	5	(a)	6	(d)	7	(d)	8	(c)
9	(c)	10	(c)	11	(b)	12	(b)	13	(c)	14	(a)	15	(a)	16	(d)
17	(b)	18	(b)	19	(d)	20	(b)	21	(a)	22	(c)	23	(b)	24	(a)
25	(b)	26	(c)	27	(d)	28	(a)	29	(a)	30	(a)				

Language I (Hindi)

31	(c)	32	(d)	33	(b)	34	(a)	35	(b)	36	(b)	37	(d)	38	(b)
39	(d)	40	(b)	41	(d)	42	(a)	43	(c)	44	(d)	45	(d)	46	(c)
47	(b)	48	(c)	49	(c)	50	(b)	51	(a)	52	(a)	53	(a)	54	(a)
55	(b)	56	(a)	57	(c)	58	(c)	59	(a)	60	(a)				

Language II (English)

61	(c)	62	(b)	63	(b)	64	(b)	65	(b)	66	(a)	67	(c)	68	(d)
69	(a)	70	(a)	71	(a)	72	(b)	73	(c)	74	(a)	75	(a)	76	(a)
77	(b)	78	(a)	79	(c)	80	(b)	81	(a)	82	(c)	83	(c)	84	(a)
85	(a)	86	(c)	87	(a)	88	(a)	89	(c)	90	(c)				

Social Studies

91	(b)	92	(c)	93	(a)	94	(c)	95	(c)	96	(c)	97	(c)	98	(c)
99	(c)	100	(d)	101	(a)	102	(a)	103	(d)	104	—	105	(a)	106	(a)
107	(d)	108	(a)	109	(c)	110	(d)	111	(c)	112	(b)	113	(a)	114	(b)
115	(a)	116	(c)	117	(c)	118	(b)	119	(a)	120	(a)	121	(b)	122	(c)
123	(c)	124	(a)	125	(a)	126	(b)	127	(d)	128	(c)	129	(c)	130	(c)
131	(b)	132	(b)	133	(a)	134	(d)	135	(d)	136	(c)	137	(b)	138	(c)
139	(b)	140	(a)	141	(b)	142	(b)	143	(c)	144	(c)	145	(c)	146	(b)
147	(b)	148	(a)	149	(d)	150	(b)								