PREVIOUS YEAR PAPER

UPPSC RO/ARO 2023 Prelims — General Studies and General Hindi (UNHSIV-01)

UPPSC RO/ARO

187 of the paper's 200 questions · +1 for a correct answer, −0.33 for a wrong one · 180 minutes

Left out of the original paper: 13 (any question that needs a figure, a symbol or formatting we cannot show, or whose text did not read back cleanly from the booklet).

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Questions from the Uttar Pradesh Public Service Commission's paper. Each question is followed by its answer, and the answer key is repeated on the last page.

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General Studies

1. In March 2025, NASA astronauts Butch Wilmore and Sunita Williams returned to Earth on board SpaceX's spacecraft named:

(a) Dragon
(b) Discovery
(c) Columbia
(d) Challenger

Answer: (a)

2. The 2024 Nobel Prize in Physiology or Medicine was awarded to Victor Ambros and Gary Ruvkun for discovering:

(a) Ribosomal RNA
(b) Micro RNAs
(c) Transfer RNA
(d) Messenger RNA

Answer: (b)

3. In the 2024 Paris Olympics, the men's freestyle 57 kg wrestling event Bronze medal was won by:

(a) Sarabjot Singh
(b) Aman Sehrawat
(c) Akshdeep Singh
(d) D.T. Cruz

Answer: (b)

4. Which international sports event was held in the United Kingdom for the first time in 2025, featuring teams from India and other countries?

(a) Kabaddi World Cup
(b) Cricket World Cup
(c) Hockey World Cup
(d) Badminton World Championship

Answer: (a)

5. India's first manned deep ocean mission is named:

(a) Samudrayaan
(b) DIVE India
(c) Varunayaan
(d) Vikramaditya

Answer: (a)

6. Which city will host the 2026 Commonwealth Games?

(a) Birmingham
(b) Melbourne
(c) Hamilton
(d) Glasgow

Answer: (d)

7. In which country was the world's largest offshore [illegible]d farm inaugurated in August 2024?

(a) Denmark
(b) United Kingdom
(c) Taiwan
(d) Germany

Answer: (c)

8. "Aqua Regia" is a mixture of which of the following?

(a) Concentrated HCl and Concentrated HNO3
(b) Concentrated HCl and Concentrated H2SO4
(c) HCl and HBr
(d) HCl and HF

Answer: (a)

9. Which of the following is correct?

(a) 1 metre = 10^{1}9 nanometre
(b) 1 metre = 109° nanometre
(c) 1 metre = 109 nanometre
(d) None of the above

Answer: (c)

10. Which of the following is not a luminous object?

(a) Moon
(b) Sun
(c) Electric lamp
(d) Flame of candle

Answer: (a)

11. The type of mirror used in the headlight of a car is:

(a) Concave mirror
(b) Convex mirror
(c) Plane mirror
(d) Plane convex mirror

Answer: (a)

12. The distance at which the average radius of Earth's orbit subtends an angle of 1 arc second, is known as:

(a) 1 astronomical unit
(b) 1 light year
(c) 1 Parsec
(d) 1 Fermi

Answer: (c)

13. Which of the following pairs (Fat - Oil) is not corr y matched?

(a) Vegetable fats - Phytosterol
(b) Animal fats - Cholesterol
(c) Mustard oil - Lubricant
(d) Mineral oil - Petroleum

Answer: (c)

14. Which one of the following is a landlocked harbour?

(a) Ennore
(b) Visakhapatnam
(c) Mumbai
(d) Haldia

Answer: (b)

15. According to Census 2011, which of the following Union Territories has the highest population density?

(a) Lakshadweep
(b) Dadra and Nagar Haveli
(c) Daman and Diu
(d) Puducherry

Answer: (d)

16. Which agro-climatic zone in Uttar Pradesh is most vulnerable to climate change impacts, particularly in agriculture?

(a) Bundelkhand Zone
(b) Central Plain Zone
(c) Eastern Plain Zone
(d) Western Plain Zone

Answer: (a)

17. What is the purpose of the "PRANA" portal?

(a) Monitoring the National Clean Air Programme (NCAP)
(b) Water pollution monitoring
(c) Plastic waste management
(d) Industrial emissions control

Answer: (a)

18. The 'hydrological cycle' is controlled by:

(a) Epiphytes
(b) Forests
(c) Lichens
(d) Grasslands

Answer: (b)

19. Which of the following states of India has the hig t density of population?

(a) Bihar
(b) Punjab
(c) Madhya Pradesh
(d) Uttar Pradesh

Answer: (d)

20. The name of the scientist who proposed the "Ten Percent Rule" of energy is:

(a) Lindeman
(b) Odum
(c) Tansley
(d) Haeckel

Answer: (a)

21. Plants that tolerate a wide range of temperatures throughout the year, are called:

(a) Eurythermal
(b) Stenothermal
(c) Microthermal
(d) Hekistothermal

Answer: (a)

22. Consider the following events and arrange them in correct chronological order:
I. Cabinet Mission
II. Cripps Mission
III. Quit India Movement
IV. Mountbatten Plan
Select the correct answer from the codes given below:

(a) II, III, I, IV

(b) IV, I, II, III

(c) III, I, II, IV

(d) I, II, III, IV

Answer: (a)

23. Consider the following statements:
I. The first Muslim President of Indian National Congress was Badruddin Tyabji.
II. The first woman President of Indian National Congress was Sarojini Naidu.
Which of the statements above is/are correct?

(a) Only II

(b) Only I

(c) Both I and II

(d) Neither I nor II

Answer: (b)

24. With reference to 'Ajivika Sect', which of the follo[illegible]g statements is/are correct?
I. Ajivika sect followers mostly lived in forests.
II. This sect enjoyed great respect during the Maur[illegible]era.
Select the correct answer from the codes [illegible] be[illegible]w:

(a) Only II

(b) Only I

(c) Both I and II

(d) Neither I nor II

Answer: (c)

25. In a code language, "tob iso har" means 'Tobacco is harmful', "avo har hab" means 'Avoid harmful habit', and "ple avo tab" means 'Please avoid tobacco'. Which is the code used for 'habit'?

(a) hab

(b) har

(c) avo

(d) tob

Answer: (a)

26. A bag contains ₹ 5, ₹ 2 and ₹ 1 coins in the ratio of 3 : 4: 5. The total value of all the coins is ₹ 2,100. How many coins of ₹ 5 are there in the bag?

(a) 225
(b) 210
(c) 245
(d) 250

Answer: (a)

28. In a queue of boys, A is seventh from the left and B is fourth from the right. When A and B interchange their positions, then A becomes fifteenth from the left. Find the position of B from the right.

(a) 12th
(b) 17th
(c) 20th
(d) 19th

Answer: (a)

29. Find the value of x, if:
2 * 3 = 11,
3 * 5 = 23,
and x * 6 = 41.

(a) 4
(b) 3
(c) 5
(d) 6

Answer: (c)

30. Intel Core i9 is a type of _____.

(a) Motherboard
(b) Processor
(c) Hard disk
(d) None of the above

Answer: (b)

31. A MAC (Media Access Control) address is _____ bits long.

(a) 48
(b) 32
(c) 64
(d) 128

Answer: (a)

32. Which one of the following Chola Kings destroyed the Chera navy at Trivandrum and then captured the Pandyan King?

(a) Rajendra I
(b) Rajadhiraja
(c) Rajaraja I
(d) Kulottunga

Answer: (c)

33. The famous Battle of Haldighati between Akbar and Maharana Pratap was fought in the year:

(a) 1579 A.D.
(b) 1575 A.D.
(c) 1597 A.D.
(d) 1576 A.D.

Answer: (d)

34. Who among the following assumed the titles of "Yamin-ul-Khilafat" and "Nasir-e-amir-ul-Momineen"?

(a) Balban
(b) Nasiruddin Mahmud
(c) Firoz Shah Tughlaq
(d) Alauddin Khalji

Answer: (d)

35. The grand stupa of Amaravati was built by the _ __.

(a) Maurya dynasty
(b) Satavahana dynasty
(c) Shunga dynasty
(d) Vakataka Dynasty

Answer: (b)

36. Which of the following is not an Operating System?

(a) Linux
(b) Unix
(c) Windows
(d) Microsoft Office

Answer: (d)

37. Given below are two Statements, one is labelled as Assertion (A) and other is labelled as Reason (R).
Assertion (A): In photosynthesis, the radiation energy of sunlight is converted into chemical energy and stored in food materials.
Reason (R): The final product of photosynthesis is glucose sugar, which soon turns into starch.
Select the correct answer using the codes given below:

(a) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true and Reason (R) is the correct explanation of the Assertion (A).

(b) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true, but Reason (R) is not the correct explanation of the Assertion (A).

(c) Assertion (A) is true, but Reason (R) is false.

(d) Assertion (A) is false, but Reason (R) is true.

Answer: (a)

38. Match List-I with List-II and choose the correct answer using the codes given below:
List-I (Natural Source) - List-II (Acid)
A. Vinegar - i. Methanoic acid
B. Tamarind - ii. Lactic acid
C. Sour milk (curd) - iii. Acetic acid
D. Nettle sting - iv. Tartaric acid

(a) A-iii, B-iv, C-ii, D-i

(b) A-ii, B-iii, C-iv, D-i

(c) A-i, B-iii, C-iv, D-ii

(d) A-iv, B-i, C-iii, D-ii

Answer: (a)

39. What is 'Hydroponics'?

(a) Grafting a plant

(b) Growing a plant without soil

(c) Study of vegetables

(d) Soil conservation

Answer: (b)

40. Consider the following statements with reference to world population:
I. Brazil has the highest population among the South American countries.
II. Asia continent has the highest growth rate of population.
III. Africa is the most densely populated continent of the world.
Which of the above statements is/are correct?

(a) Only II

(b) Only I

(c) Both I and II

(d) Both I and III

Answer: (b)

41. Which one of the following separates Tasmania from Australia?

(a) Bass Strait

(b) Tasman Sea

(c) Magellan Strait

(d) Great Australian Bight

Answer: (a)

42. Which one of the following pairs is not correctly matched?
(Plantation Crop) - (Name of Country)

(a) Rubber - Malaysia

(b) Cocoa - Nigeria

(c) Tea - Sri Lanka

(d) Coffee - Uzbekistan

Answer: (d)

43. Which of the following commodity has the greatest share of Indian exports?

(a) Mineral ores

(b) Engineering goods

(c) Handicrafts

(d) Agricultural products

Answer: (b)

44. The year 2036 will have the same calendar as th of:

(a) 2007

(b) 2006

(c) 2008

(d) 2009

Answer: (c)

45. In the following question, select the related word pair from the given alternatives:
Tuberculosis: Lungs:: Typhoid:?

(a) Intestine

(b) Kidney

(c) Lungs

(d) Brain

Answer: (a)

48. In a code language, 'MISTAKE' is written as '9765412' and 'NAKED' is written as '84123'. Then, in the same language, how will 'INTIMATE' be written?

(a) 78579452

(b) 897866145

(c) 79438163

(d) 78698365

Answer: (a)

49. Match List-I with List-II and choose the correct answer using the codes given below:
List-I - List-II
A. Iqta - i. A portion
B. Mahrousa - ii. Land under state administration
C. Khalisa - iii. Land revenue
D. Shiq - iv. Protected town

(a) A-iii, B-i, C-iv, D-ii
(b) A-iii, B-iv, C-ii, D-i
(c) A-ii, B-i, C-iv, D-iii
(d) A-i, B-ii, C-iii, D-iv

Answer: (b)

50. Which of the following statements is/are correct in the context of the Treaty of Lahore (1846)?
I. The Maharaja left all his territories beyond the river Satluj forever.
II. The Maharaja left his rights over all the forts between the Satluj and Beas rivers in favour of the Company.
III. The English army could no longer pass through the Sikh State.
Select the correct answer from the codes given below:

(a) Only I and II
(b) Only I
(c) I, II and III
(d) Only II and III

Answer: (a)

51. Which of the following is the correct chronology of the given events?

(a) August Offer, Cripps Mission, Shimla Conference, Cabinet Mission Plan
(b) Shimla Conference, Cabinet Mission Plan, August Offer, Cripps Mission
(c) Shimla Conference, Cripps Mission, August Offer, Cabinet Mission Plan
(d) August Offer, Cabinet Mission Plan, Shimla Conference, Cripps Mission

Answer: (a)

52. According to which Article of the Indian Constitution, - "No citizen shall, on grounds only of religion, race, caste, sex, descent, place of birth, residence or any of them, be ineligible for, or discriminated against in respect of, any employment or office under the State"?

(a) Article 15
(b) Article 16(4)
(c) Article 16(2)
(d) Article 17

Answer: (c)

53. In which part of the Indian Constitution, have the provisions for elections been made?

(a) Part XV
(b) Part XIV
(c) Part XVI
(d) Part XVII

Answer: (a)

54. Who was the first speaker of the Lok Sabha?

(a) Ravi Rai

(b) Balram Jakhar

(c) Mira Kumar

(d) G.V. Mavalankar

Answer: (d)

55. Which of the following pairs is not correctly matched?
(Fundamental Rights) - (Articles)

(a) Right to Freedom of Religion: Articles 23 - 24

(b) Right to Equality: Articles 14 - 18

(c) Cultural and Educational Rights: Articles 29 - 30

(d) Right to Freedom: Articles 19 - 22

Answer: (a)

56. Introducing Shyam, a lady said, "The father of his father-in-law is my father-in-law." How is Shyam related to the lady?

(a) Husband

(b) Son

(c) Son-in-law

(d) Father

Answer: (c)

57. Ashish leaves his house at 20 minutes to seven in the morning and reaches Kunal's house in 25 minutes. They finish their breakfast in another 15 minutes and leave for their office, which takes another 35 minutes to reach. At what time do they leave Kunal's house to reach their office?

(a) 7:20 AM

(b) 7:40 AM

(c) 7:45 AM

(d) 8:15 AM

Answer: (a)

58. The final of the World Chess Championship 2024, was played between:

(a) Viswanathan Anand and D. Gukesh

(b) Ding Liren and Vladimir Kramnik

(c) Magnus Carlsen and Vladimir Kramnik

(d) Ding Liren and D. Gukesh

Answer: (d)

60. A family consists of six members P, Q, R, S, T and U. There are two married couples. Q is a doctor and the father of T. U is the grandfather of R and is a contractor. S is the grandmother of T and is a housewife. There is one doctor, one contractor, one nurse, one housewife and two students in the family. Which of the following is definitely a group of male members?

(a) Q, U, T
(b) Q, U
(c) Q, U, P
(d) U, T

Answer: (b)

61. Which one of the following has received the Major Dhyan Chand Khel Ratna Award 2024?

(a) Annu Rani
(b) D. Gukesh
(c) Vantika Agrawal
(d) Sukhjeet Singh

Answer: (b)

62. In 2025, how many individuals were honoured with the 'Padma Vibhushan' award?

(a) 5
(b) 4
(c) 7
(d) 6

Answer: (c)

63. Padma Bhushan 2025 awardee for Sci[illegible] an[illegible]ngineering, Vinod Dham is known for his role in the development of:

(a) RISC Computing
(b) SPARC Systems
(c) ZiLOG Processors
(d) The Pentium Chip

Answer: (d)

64. What initiative did the Indian Government launch to encourage climate-friendly lifestyle choices among citizens?

(a) Mission LiFE
(b) National Mission for Clean Ganga
(c) Swachh Bharat Abhiyan
(d) Green India Mission

Answer: (a)

65. India's Chandrayaan-3 made a soft landing on the moon, making India the _____ country to do so.

(a) Third
(b) Second
(c) Fourth
(d) None of the above

Answer: (c)

66. The Lok Sabha Elections 2024 were held in how many phases?

(a) 7 phases
(b) 6 phases
(c) 8 phases
(d) 9 phases

Answer: (a)

67. Which one of the following is an Export Processing Zone?

(a) Delhi
(b) Falta SEZ
(c) Kanpur
(d) Bengaluru

Answer: (b)

68. When was the 'Zero Poverty Campaign' started by the Uttar Pradesh Government?

(a) 2 October, 2024
(b) 15 August, 2024
(c) 26 January, 2024
(d) 26 January, 2025

Answer: (a)

69. Match List-I with List-II and choose the correct answer using the codes given below:
List-I (Name of Biosphere Reserve) - List-II (Location (State))
A. Manas - i. Meghalaya
B. Similipal - ii. Kerala
C. Agasthyamalai - iii. Odisha
D. Nokrek - iv. Assam

(a) A-i, B-ii, C-iii, D-iv
(b) A-iv, B-ii, C-iii, D-i
(c) A-iv, B-iii, C-ii, D-i
(d) A-ii, B-iii, C-iv, D-i

Answer: (c)

70. Which of the following pairs (State - Name of the Coal field) is not correctly matched?
(State) - (Name of the Coal field)

(a) Madhya Pradesh - Singareni
(b) Maharashtra - Wardha Valley
(c) Chhattisgarh - Korba
(d) Odisha - Talcher

Answer: (a)

71. Which of the following pairs is not correctly matched?

(a) Chennai - Artificial Harbour
(b) Visakhapatnam - Natural Harbour
(c) Kolkata - Deepest Harbour of India
(d) Tuticorin - Fishing Harbour

Answer: (c)

72. What was the Fiscal Health Index of Uttar Pradesh in the year 2022 - 23?

(a) 37.0
(b) 47.9
(c) 35.0
(d) 45.9

Answer: (d)

73. In 2023 - 24, which state was the leading produc of food grains in India?

(a) Madhya Pradesh
(b) Punjab
(c) Uttar Pradesh
(d) Maharashtra

Answer: (c)

74. In which year was the Uttar Pradesh State Organic Certification Agency established?

(a) 2011
(b) 2013
(c) 2005
(d) 2007

Answer: (d)

75. When was the 'Kisan Mitra Yojana' started in Uttar Pradesh?

(a) 18 August, 2001
(b) 18 August, 2010
(c) 18 June, 2001
(d) 18 June, 2010

Answer: (c)

76. Which cash crop is the major contributor to the agriculture economy of Uttar Pradesh?
(a) Cotton
(b) Wheat
(c) Sugarcane
(d) Maize
Answer: (c)

77. "Operation Kayakalp" scheme launched in Uttar Pradesh is related to:
(a) Revamping primary schools
(b) Improving higher education
(c) Promoting skill-based education
(d) Expanding university infrastructure
Answer: (a)

79. Which one of the following Union Territories of India had the highest literacy rate in 2011 Census?
(a) Chandigarh
(b) Lakshadweep
(c) Daman and Diu
(d) Andaman and Nicobar Islands
Answer: (b)

80. 'Yela Mala' is the name of which of the following?
(a) Garo Hills
(b) Cardamom Hills
(c) Anaimalai Hills
(d) Shevaroy Hills
Answer: (b)

81. Which one of the following pairs (Tree - Area) is not correctly matched?
(a) Teak - Western part of the Indian Peninsula
(b) Sundari - Sundarban Delta
(c) Deodar - Nilgiri Hills
(d) Sal - North-eastern parts of the Indian Peninsula
Answer: (c)

82. Which of the following is a local storm of Bengal and Assam, useful for tea and rice cultivation?
(a) Blossom shower
(b) Mango shower
(c) Norwesters
(d) Karaburan
Answer: (c)

83. Which one of the following pairs is not correctly matched?
(Mountain Pass) - (State)

(a) Nathu La - Sikkim

(b) Shipki La - Himachal Pradesh

(c) Zoji La - Arunachal Pradesh

(d) Sin La - Uttarakhand

Answer: (c)

84. Which of the following is not a beneficial insect?

(a) Bombyx mori

(b) Apis mellifera

(c) Laccifer lacca

(d) Helicoverpa armigera

Answer: (d)

85. Consider the following statements with reference to the 16th Finance Commission:
I. The Commission was constituted on 31st December, 2024.
II. Shri Arvind Panagariya is its Chairman.
Which of the above statements is/are correct?

(a) Only II

(b) Only I

(c) Both I and II

(d) Neither I nor II

Answer: (a)

86. Which one of the following is a correct ma

(a) Grow More Food Campaign - Jawaharlal Nehru

(b) Etawah Pilot Project - Albert Myre

(c) Co-operative Movement - Mahatma Gandhi

(d) Sevagram Project - Vinoba Bhave

Answer: (b)

87. The Destructive Insects and Pests Act (DIPA) was passed in the year _____.

(a) 1929

(b) 1914

(c) 1946

(d) 1957

Answer: (b)

88. Which of the following chemicals is used to hasten ripening of fruits?

(a) Malic hydrazide

(b) Ethrel

(c) Cycocel

(d) Indole-3-Butyric acid

Answer: (b)

89. Who presided over the first session of All India Trade Union Congress at Bombay?

(a) Lala Lajpat Rai

(b) S.A. Dange

(c) B. Shiva Rao

(d) N.M. Joshi

Answer: (a)

90. Which among the following was not one of those states which were annexed to the British Empire by Lord Dalhousie on the pretext of the 'Doctrine of Lapse'?

(a) Nagpur

(b) Satara

(c) Jhansi

(d) Karnataka

Answer: (d)

91. Who was the Governor General and Viceroy of India at the time of the formation of the Indian National Congress?

(a) Lord Dufferin

(b) Lord Ripon

(c) Lord Lansdowne

(d) Lord Curzon

Answer: (a)

92. Who established the Central Hindu College in B ras, which later emerged as the focal point of Banaras Hindu University?

(a) Bal Gangadhar Tilak

(b) Madan Mohan Malviya

(c) Annie Besant

(d) Swami Dayanand

Answer: (c)

93. Where was the first session of the Indian National Congress held?

(a) Bombay

(b) Calcutta

(c) Poona

(d) Lahore

Answer: (a)

94. Which of the following part of brain is known as 'little brain'?

(a) Cerebellum

(b) Cerebrum

(c) Pons

(d) Medula

Answer: (a)

95. Blood is a type of _____.

(a) Muscular tissue

(b) Epithelial tissue

(c) Nervous tissue

(d) Connective tissue

Answer: (d)

96. Given below are two Statements, one is labelled as Assertion (A) and other is labelled as Reason (R).
Assertion (A): Amphibians can tolerate mixing of oxygenated and deoxygenated blood.
Reason (R): Amphibians are animals with two chambered heart.
Select the correct answer using the codes given below:

(a) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true, but Reason (R) is not the correct explanation of the Assertion (A).

(b) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true and Reason (R) is the correct explanation of the Assertion (A).

(c) Assertion (A) is true, but Reason (R) is false.

(d) Assertion (A) is false, but Reason (R) is true.

Answer: (c)

97. 'Knock-Knee' Syndrome results due to the pollution of _____.

(a) Fluorides

(b) Heavy metals

(c) Nitrates

(d) Phosphates

Answer: (a)

98. Which of the following are water-soluble vitamins?

(a) Vitamins B and D

(b) Vitamins A and B

(c) Vitamins B and C

(d) Vitamins C and D

Answer: (c)

99. Match List-I with List-II and choose the correct answer using the codes given below:
List-I (Crops) - List-II (Diseases)
A. Paddy - i. Wilt disease
B. Wheat - ii. Black Rust
C. Sugarcane - iii. Red Rot
D. Pigeon Pea - iv. Brown leaf spot

(a) A-i, B-iii, C-ii, D-iv

(b) A-ii, B-iii, C-iv, D-i

(c) A-iii, B-i, C-ii, D-iv

(d) A-iv, B-ii, C-iii, D-i

Answer: (d)

100. Which fruit ranks first in India in terms of production?

(a) Mango

(b) Banana

(c) Guava

(d) Papaya

Answer: (b)

101. Which of the following belongs to cash crops?
I. Potato
II. Rice
III. Sugarcane
IV. Cotton
V. Rapeseed
Select the correct answer from the codes given below:

(a) I, II and III

(b) I, II and IV

(c) I, III and IV

(d) III, IV and V

Answer: (c)

102. 'Kisan Call Centre' was started by _____.

(a) ICAR

(b) Ministry of Agriculture and Farmers Welfare, Government of India

(c) State Agricultural University

(d) NABARD

Answer: (b)

103. Deficiency of which of the following elements causes yellowing and poor growth of the plants?

(a) Phosphorus

(b) Nitrogen

(c) Calcium

(d) Boron

Answer: (b)

104. Which one of the following pairs (Folk dance - Place of Origin) is not correctly matched?

(a) Kaikottikal - Kerala

(b) Himachali - Kullu Valley

(c) Koli - Maharashtra

(d) Yakshagana - Rajasthan

Answer: (d)

105. Match List-I with List-II and choose the correct answer using the codes given below:
List-I (Buddhist text) - List-II (Content)
A. Vinaya Pitaka - i. Regional histories of Buddhism
B. Sutta Pitaka - ii. Buddha's teachings
C. Abhidhamma Pitaka - iii. Rules for those joining the Buddhist monastic order
D. Mahavamsa Pitaka - iv. Philosophical matters

(a) A-iv, B-iii, C-i, D-ii
(b) A-iii, B-iv, C-i, D-ii
(c) A-iii, B-iv, C-ii, D-i
(d) A-iii, B-ii, C-iv, D-i

Answer: (d)

106. Which of the following is not a Rabi pulse crop?

(a) Chickpea
(b) Lentil
(c) Green gram
(d) French bean

Answer: (c)

107. Which State Government has started the scheme 'Nivesh Mitra'?

(a) Tamil Nadu
(b) Madhya Pradesh
(c) Uttar Pradesh
(d) Maharashtra

Answer: (c)

108. What is the name of the third volume of Akbarnama written by Abul Fazl?

(a) Sulh-i-Kul
(b) Ain-e-Akbari
(c) Manzil-Abadi
(d) Sipah-Abadi

Answer: (b)

109. How much were India's foreign exchange reserves at the end of December 2024?

(a) USD 629 Billion
(b) USD 578 Billion
(c) USD 640.3 Billion
(d) USD 653.97 Billion

Answer: (c)

110. Which among the following is the largest Stupa in the world?
(a) Dhamek Stupa
(b) Sanchi Stupa
(c) Kesariya Stupa
(d) Bharhut Stupa
Answer: (c)

111. Before his death in 1539 A.D., whom did Baba Guru Nanak choose as his successor?
(a) Guru Namdev
(b) Guru Tegh Bahadur
(c) Guru Arjan
(d) Guru Angad
Answer: (d)

112. Which state has the largest economy in India?
(a) Gujarat
(b) Tamil Nadu
(c) Uttar Pradesh
(d) Maharashtra
Answer: (d)

113. Who among the following was the first Indian to h warded the 'Bharat Ratna'?
(a) C. Rajagopalachari
(b) Pranab Mukherjee
(c) Abdul Ghaffar Khan
(d) Nelson Mandela
Answer: (a)

114. Among the following, which one is the statutory body?
(a) NITI Aayog
(b) Finance Commission
(c) Planning Commission
(d) Labour Commission
Answer: (b)

115. Distribution of Taxes between Centre and States in India is done by the:
(a) Planning Commission
(b) Finance Commission
(c) National Development Council
(d) Parliament
Answer: (b)

116. Which of the following critics used the term "Quasi-Federal" for the Indian system of government?

(a) Jawaharlal Nehru
(b) Laski
(c) K.C. Wheare
(d) B.R. Ambedkar

Answer: (c)

117. Estimation of National Income in India is done by the:

(a) National Income Committee
(b) Planning Commission
(c) National Statistical Office
(d) Reserve Bank of India

Answer: (c)

118. Which among the following is not a part of the Governing Council of NITI Aayog?

(a) Chief Ministers of Delhi and Puducherry
(b) All Chief Ministers of States
(c) Lieutenant Governor of Andaman and Nicobar Islands
(d) Governors of States

Answer: (d)

119. In which session of the Congress was the "Purn waraj" resolution passed?

(a) Lahore session
(b) Calcutta session
(c) Lucknow session
(d) Madras session

Answer: (a)

120. On defeating which politician, did Subhas Chandra Bose become the President of the Indian National Congress?

(a) Sardar Patel
(b) Jawaharlal Nehru
(c) Pattabhi Sitaramayya
(d) C. Rajagopalachari

Answer: (c)

121. Match List-I with List-II and choose the correct answer using the codes given below:
List-I - List-II
A. Jat Rebellion - i. 1554 A.D.
B. Bundela Rebellion - ii. 1672 A.D.
C. Satnami Rebellion - iii. 1669 A.D.
D. Sikh Rebellion - iv. 1675 A.D.

(a) A-ii, B-iv, C-i, D-iii
(b) A-iii, B-i, C-ii, D-iv
(c) A-iv, B-iii, C-ii, D-i
(d) A-i, B-ii, C-iv, D-iii

Answer: (b)

122. When did the Anti-Partition Movement begin with a massive demonstration at the Town Hall, Calcutta?

(a) 7th August, 1905
(b) 5th August, 1905
(c) 16th August, 1905
(d) 16th October, 1905

Answer: (a)

123. Which of the following countries did not recognize the Azad Hind Government?

(a) Indonesia
(b) Germany
(c) Italy
(d) Philippines

Answer: (a)

124. Which of the following pairs is not correctly matched?

(a) Permanent Settlement - Bengal
(b) Taluqdari System - Bombay (Mumbai)
(c) Mahalwari System - North-West Provinces
(d) Ryotwari System - Madras

Answer: (b)

125. Match List-I with List-II and choose the correct answer using the codes given below:
List-I - List-II
A. Kushanas - i. Devaputra
B. Pulakeshin II - ii. Sakalottarapathanatha
C. Harshavardhana - iii. Dakshinapatheshwara
D. Samudragupta - iv. Kaviraj

(a) A-ii, B-i, C-iii, D-iv
(b) A-ii, B-iii, C-i, D-iv
(c) A-iii, B-iv, C-ii, D-i
(d) A-i, B-iii, C-ii, D-iv

Answer: (d)

126. For which of the following rulers, is it said in the 'Udaipur Prashasti' that "He achieved, accomplished and made possible everything that could not have been done by anyone else"?

(a) Vakpati Munja
(b) Bhoja
(c) Mihira Bhoja
(d) Sindhuraj

Answer: (b)

127. Which of the following kings stated that "All our people should create the good deeds, free from all disasters, enjoy the joy with minds unpolluted with jealousy"?

(a) Chandragupta Maurya
(b) Ashoka
(c) Harshavardhana
(d) Samudragupta

Answer: (c)

128. Which one of the following states recorded the maximum decadal growth of urban population during the period 2001 - 2011?

(a) Nagaland
(b) Sikkim
(c) Kerala
(d) Maharashtra

Answer: (b)

129. Which of the following is an ocean current of the Atlantic Ocean?

(a) California current
(b) Benguela current
(c) Alaska current
(d) Humboldt current

Answer: (b)

130. Arrange the following states in ascending order on the basis of percentage of Tribal population as per Census 2011:
I. Madhya Pradesh
II. Maharashtra
III. Rajasthan
IV. Meghalaya
Select the correct answer from the codes given below:

(a) III, IV, II, I
(b) I, II, III, IV
(c) II, III, I, IV
(d) IV, I, II, III

Answer: (c)

131. Which of the following river originates from Mansarovar in Tibet and passes through Shipki La mountain pass?

(a) Beas
(b) Satluj
(c) Ravi
(d) Chenab

Answer: (b)

132. Which one of the following states was most urbanised as per Census 2011?

(a) Goa
(b) Maharashtra
(c) Tamil Nadu
(d) Gujarat

Answer: (a)

133. The Brahma temple of Pushkar is in which of the following states?

(a) Uttar Pradesh
(b) Himachal Pradesh
(c) Gujarat
(d) Rajasthan

Answer: (d)

134. The phenomenon of "urban heat islands" refers

(a) Increased tree cover
(b) Decreased temperature in urban ar
(c) Higher temperature in urban areas than ne by rural areas
(d) Decreased energy consumption

Answer: (c)

135. In which city is the 'National Institute of Agricultural Economics and Policy Research' located?

(a) New Delhi
(b) Mumbai
(c) Hyderabad
(d) Lucknow

Answer: (a)

136. Which website has been prepared to monitor the financial activities of the State of Uttar Pradesh?

(a) Srishti
(b) Koshvani
(c) NIC
(d) Arthashastra

Answer: (b)

137. Which of the following states of India has higher number of females than males?

(a) Tamil Nadu
(b) West Bengal
(c) Kerala
(d) Karnataka

Answer: (c)

138. Biofertilizers are:

(a) Cultures of micro-organisms
(b) Organic manures
(c) Green manures
(d) None of the above

Answer: (a)

139. Who is the author of the book "The Population Bomb"?

(a) Paul R. Ehrlich
(b) Donald Bogue
(c) Thompson
(d) Malthus

Answer: (a)

140. When was the first Mineral Policy announced in t State of Uttar Pradesh?

(a) On December 29, 1996
(b) On December 29, 1998
(c) On December 29, 1997
(d) On December 29, 1999

Answer: (b)

General Hindi

141. वर्तनी की दृष्टि से शुद्ध शब्द है:

(a) तदोपरान्त
(b) अनाधिकारी
(c) अत्युक्ति
(d) पूज़ारी

Answer: (c)

142. वर्तनी की दृष्टि से अशुद्ध शब्द है:

(a) आध्यात्मिक
(b) अभ्यंतरिक
(c) आनुषंगिक
(d) पैतृक

Answer: (b)

143. निम्नलिखित में से किस वाक्य में सर्वनाम का सही प्रयोग नहीं हुआ है?

(a) मेरे को यह रुचिकर नहीं।

(b) हमें अपना काम करने दीजिए।

(c) तुम अपनी कक्षा में जाओ।

(d) यह काम तुमसे नहीं होगा।

Answer: (a)

144. निम्नलिखित में से शुद्ध वाक्य का चयन कीजिए:

(a) वह सदैव ही बीमार रहता है।

(b) कृपया आने की अनुकम्पा करें।

(c) किसने यह कहा था?

(d) तुम्हीं ने ही यह गलती की है।

Answer: (c)

145. अधोलिखित में से कौन-सा वाक्य शब्द-चयन की दृष्टि से शुद्ध है?

(a) साहित्य और जीवन का घोर संबंध है।

(b) मैं उनका पितृवत् सम्मान करता हूँ।

(c) उसकी मृत्यु के समाचार से नगर में भीषण शोक छा गया।

(d) गोलियों की बाढ़ के सामने कोई न टिक सका।

Answer: (b)

146. अशुद्ध वाक्य का चयन कीजिए:

(a) वह हमारे यहाँ रोज आता है।

(b) वह आज आएगा।

(c) उसको हर चौथे दिन दौरा पड़ता है।

(d) उन्होंने उसकी आड़े हाथों खबर ली।

Answer: (d)

147. वर्तनी की दृष्टि से अशुद्ध शब्द है:

(a) प्रफुल्ल

(b) औद्योगिक

(c) आधीन

(d) हितेच्छु

Answer: (c)

148. निम्नलिखित में 'अभिज्ञ' शब्द का उपयुक्त विलोम है:

(a) सर्वज्ञ

(b) विज्ञ

(c) अल्पज्ञ

(d) अनभिज्ञ

Answer: (d)

149. सूची-I को सूची-II से सुमेलित कीजिए और नीचे दिए गए कूट का प्रयोग कर सही उत्तर चुनिए:
सूची-I (शब्द) - सूची-II (विलोम)
A. उदार - i. विनीत

B. उदासीन - ii. कृपण

C. उद्धत - iii. अवसान

D. उद्भव - iv. आसक्त

(a) A-iii, B-ii, C-iv, D-i

(b) A-i, B-ii, C-iii, D-iv

(c) A-ii, B-iv, C-i, D-iii

(d) A-iv, B-ii, C-iii, D-i

Answer: (c)

151. सूची-I को सूची-II से सुमेलित कीजिए और नीचे दिए गए कूट का प्रयो कर सही उत्तर चुनिए:
सूची-I (शब्द) - सूची-II (विलोम)
A. प्रफुल्ल - i. घृणा

B. व्यास - ii. समास

C. कृत्रिम - iii. म्लान

D. प्रेम - iv. प्राकृत

(a) A-iii, B-ii, C-iv, D-i

(b) A-i, B-ii, C-iv, D-iii

(c) A-iii, B-iv, C-i, D-ii

(d) A-iv, B-iii, C-ii, D-i

Answer: (a)

152. 'कुछ लोग नागपुर से आए हैं।' वाक्य में 'कुछ' शब्द विशेषण का कौन-सा भेद है?

(a) संख्यावाचक विशेषण

(b) सार्वनामिक विशेषण

(c) गुणवाचक विशेषण

(d) परिमाणवाचक विशेषण

Answer: (d)

153. निम्नलिखित में से 'सूर्य' का पर्यायवाची नहीं है:

(a) शार्दूल

(b) प्रभाकर

(c) अंशुमाली

(d) मार्तण्ड

Answer: (a)

154. निम्नलिखित में गुणवाचक विशेषण के अंतर्गत नहीं है:

(a) सब

(b) प्राचीन

(c) पालतू

(d) तिरछा

Answer: (a)

155. निम्नलिखित में से किस समूह में सभी शब्द पर्यायवाची नहीं हैं?

(a) इंदीवर, उत्पल, पुंडरीक, राजीव

(b) लक्ष्य, ध्येय, प्रयोजन, हेतु

(c) अक्षि, चक्षु, दृग, लोचन

(d) रश्मि, अंशु, मयूख, चैन

Answer: (d)

156. निम्नलिखित में से 'अग्नि' का पर्यायवाची नहीं है:

(a) हुताशन

(b) पावक

(c) कृशानु

(d) अद्रि

Answer: (d)

157. 'कामिनी अत्यन्त सुन्दर है।' इस वाक्य में 'अत्यन्त' है:

(a) विशेषण

(b) प्रविशेषण

(c) विशेष्य

(d) उपर्युक्त में से कोई नहीं

Answer: (b)

158. निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सा शब्द 'वृक्ष' का पर्यायवाची नहीं है?

(a) पादप

(b) तरु

(c) द्रुम

(d) विशिख

Answer: (d)

159. अधोलिखित में से 'नदी' का पर्यायवाची नहीं है:

(a) आपगा

(b) निम्नगा

(c) तटिनी

(d) वेणी

Answer: (d)

160. निम्नलिखित में से 'ब्रह्मा' का पर्यायवाची नहीं है:

(a) विधाता

(b) विबुध

(c) हिरण्यगर्भ

(d) विरंचि

Answer: (b)

161. अधोलिखित में से 'सिंह' का पर्यायवाची नहीं है:

(a) महावीर

(b) मार

(c) पंचमुख

(d) केशरी

Answer: (b)

162. अधोलिखित में से किस विकल्प में सभी शब्द पर्यायवाची नहीं हैं?

(a) तीर, शर, इषु, नाराच

(b) विहंग, विहग, शकुंत, अंडज

(c) वायु, समीर, मरुत, समीरण

(d) ब्राह्मी, भारती, गिरि, वाक्

Answer: (d)

163. निम्नलिखित में से 'कामदेव' का पर्यायवाची नहीं है:

(a) मन्मथ

(b) माधव

(c) कंदर्प

(d) मदन

Answer: (b)

164. निम्नलिखित में से 'घोड़ा' का पर्यायवाची नहीं है:

(a) बाजि

(b) शार्दूल

(c) हय

(d) तुरंग

Answer: (b)

165. 'वह नौकर नहीं आया।' वाक्य में विशेषण शब्द है:

(a) आया

(b) वह

(c) नहीं

(d) नौकर

Answer: (b)

166. निम्नलिखित शब्दों में से कौन-सा शब्द तद्भव है?

(a) कंधा

(b) अक्षर

(c) अक्षांश

(d) नेत्र

Answer: (a)

167. अधोलिखित में से 'तत्सम' शब्द का चयन कीजिए:

(a) अनूठा

(b) आमलक

(c) गवाच्छ

(d) नारियल

Answer: (b)

168. अधोलिखित में से तत्सम-तद्भव का सही युग्म नहीं है:

(a) शाटिका - साड़ी

(b) सप्तति - सत्तर

(c) प्राघूर्ण - पोथी

(d) कपर्दिका - कौड़ी

Answer: (c)

169. तत्सम-तद्भव की दृष्टि से कौन-सा युग्म सही नहीं है?

(a) पर्यंक - फूल

(b) शलाका - सलाई

(c) क्षीर - खीर

(d) उष्ट्र - ऊँट

Answer: (a)

170. 'चरित्रवान व्यक्ति अच्छे कर्म करता है।' वाक्य में 'चरित्रवान' शब्द विशेषण का कौन-सा भेद है?

(a) गुणवाचक विशेषण

(b) परिमाणवाचक विशेषण

(c) संख्यावाचक विशेषण

(d) सार्वनामिक विशेषण

Answer: (a)

172. 'अनेक शब्दों के लिए एक शब्द' के निम्नलिखित युग्म[illegible] युग्म ग़लत है?

(a) जीतने की इच्छा - जिजीविषा

(b) खाने की इच्छा - बुभुक्षा

(c) लाभ की इच्छा - लिप्सा

(d) जानने की इच्छा - जिज्ञासा

Answer: (a)

173. 'जिसे किसी बात की आकांक्षा न हो' वाक्यांश के लिए उपयुक्त शब्द है:

(a) निःस्पृह

(b) निवृत्त

(c) निष्कलुष

(d) निरापद

Answer: (a)

174. वर्तनी की दृष्टि से शुद्ध शब्द की पहचान कीजिए:

(a) अक्समात्

(b) अन्तर्धान

(c) लब्धप्रतिष्ठित

(d) द्वारिका

Answer: (b)

175. वर्तनी की दृष्टि से शुद्ध शब्दों के सही विकल्प की पहचान कीजिए:

(a) सहस्त्र, चिह्न, अगस्त्य, मैथिली

(b) मत्स्य, दंपति, महत्व, शाबास

(c) उपरोक्त, प्रदर्शनी, दवाईयाँ, अश्विनी

(d) सैरिंध्री, वाल्मिकी, अध्यात्मिक, मंत्रीपरिषद्

Answer: (a)

177. विशेष्य-विशेषण की दृष्टि से कौन-सा विकल्प सही है?

(a) उपज - उपकार

(b) उत्साह - उन्नति

(c) इच्छा - उपेक्षा

(d) उदय - उदित

Answer: (d)

178. निम्नलिखित में से विशेषण शब्द का चयन कीजिए:

(a) आदि

(b) अन्त

(c) अंकुर

(d) अधीत

Answer: (d)

179. 'कश्मीरी सेब सिंदूरी लाल होता है।' वाक्य में 'सिंदूरी' शब्द है:

(a) प्रविशेषण

(b) सार्वनामिक विशेषण

(c) संख्यावाचक विशेषण

(d) परिमाणवाचक विशेषण

Answer: (a)

180. सूची-I को सूची-II से सुमेलित कीजिए और नीचे दिए गए कूट का प्रयोग कर सही उत्तर चुनिए:
सूची-I (विशेष्य) - सूची-II (विशेषण)
A. वायु - i. विषण्ण

B. विवाद - ii. विकसित

C. विकास - iii. विवादी

D. विषाद - iv. वायव्य

(a) A-i, B-ii, C-iii, D-iv

(b) A-iii, B-i, C-iv, D-ii

(c) A-iv, B-iii, C-ii, D-i

(d) A-ii, B-iv, C-i, D-iii

Answer: (c)

181. निम्नलिखित में विशेष्य शब्द है:

(a) घातक

(b) घाव

(c) गर्वीला

(d) गुलाबी

Answer: (b)

182. 'श्रृंगार करके नायक की प्रतीक्षा करने वाली नायिका' वाक्यांश के लि पयुक्त शब्द है:

(a) वासकसज्जा

(b) विप्रलब्धा

(c) अभिसारिका

(d) उत्कंठिता

Answer: (a)

184. 'जिस व्यक्ति का चित्त किसी भी देश, काल और परिस्थिति में एकसमान रहता है', वाक्यांश के लिए एक उपयुक्त शब्द है:

(a) अलौकिक

(b) समदर्शी

(c) स्थिरचित्त

(d) शान्तचित्त

Answer: (c)

185. 'उत्तर और पूर्व दिशा के मध्यवर्ती कोण' को क्या कहते हैं?

(a) ईशान

(b) वायव्य

(c) नैऋत्य

(d) आग्नेय

Answer: (a)

186. 'हरावल' शब्द निम्नलिखित में से किस वाक्यांश के लिए प्रयुक्त होता है?

(a) सेना का वह भाग जो सबसे आगे रहता है।

(b) सेना का वह भाग जो सबसे पीछे रहता है।

(c) जो स्वेच्छा से किसी सेवा कार्य में लगता है।

(d) सेना का वह भाग जो मध्य में रहता है।

Answer: (a)

187. 'वाक्यांश तथा उसके लिए प्रयुक्त एक शब्द' का कौन-सा युग्म सुमेलित नहीं है?

(a) किए हुए उपकार को मानने वाला - कृतज्ञ

(b) जानने की इच्छा रखने वाला - बुद्धिमान

(c) जिसका पार न पाया जाए - अपार

(d) जो इन्द्रियों के परे हो - अतीन्द्रिय

Answer: (b)

188. अधोलिखित में से 'तत्सम' शब्द को चिह्नित कीजिए:

(a) स्वामी

(b) बच्चा

(c) आग

(d) कान

Answer: (a)

189. निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सा विकल्प 'तत्सम' शब्द नहं.

(a) हाथ

(b) अग्नि

(c) पुत्र

(d) जल

Answer: (a)

190. 'नैहर' शब्द का तत्सम रूप है:

(a) पीहर

(b) ज्ञातिगृह

(c) नयघर

(d) नौघर

Answer: (b)

192. निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सा 'तुरंत' का तत्सम रूप है?

(a) तुरत

(b) त्वरित

(c) जल्दी

(d) शीघ्र

Answer: (b)

193. 'जहाँ किसी बात का डर न हो' वाक्यांश के लिए उपयुक्त शब्द है:

(a) निर्द्वन्द्व

(b) द्विवर

(c) निरापद

(d) निर्भ्रान्त

Answer: (c)

195. 'अग्रगामी' का विलोम शब्द है:

(a) अधोगामी

(b) ऊर्ध्वगामी

(c) पश्चगामी

(d) पूर्वगामी

Answer: (c)

196. 'बाह्य' एवं 'ग्राह्य' शब्द के विलोम का सही विकल्प है

(a) अभाव, लभ्य

(b) ग्रहण, त्याज्य

(c) अभ्यन्तर, त्याज्य

(d) अग्राह्य, आविर्भाव

Answer: (c)

198. निम्नलिखित प्रदत्त विलोम-युग्मों में से अशुद्ध का चयन कीजिए:

(a) सदाचारी - दुर्व्यवहारी

(b) विधि - निषेध

(c) आज्ञा - अवज्ञा

(d) दक्षिण - वाम

Answer: (a)

200. विलोम की दृष्टि से निम्नलिखित में से सही शब्द-युग्म है:

(a) हताश - निराश

(b) आकुल - व्याकुल

(c) उत्तेजन - प्रशमन

(d) कटु - तिक्त

Answer: (c)

Answer key

Answer key from the Uttar Pradesh Public Service Commission's official answer key for this sitting. "—" means the key gave none.

General Studies

1	**(a)**	2	**(b)**	3	**(b)**	4	**(a)**	5	**(a)**	6	**(d)**
7	**(c)**	8	**(a)**	9	**(c)**	10	**(a)**	11	**(a)**	12	**(c)**
13	**(c)**	14	**(b)**	15	**(d)**	16	**(a)**	17	**(a)**	18	**(b)**
19	**(d)**	20	**(a)**	21	**(a)**	22	**(a)**	23	**(b)**	24	**(c)**
25	**(a)**	26	**(a)**	28	**(a)**	29	**(c)**	30	**(b)**	31	**(a)**
32	**(c)**	33	**(d)**	34	**(d)**	35	**(b)**	36	**(d)**	37	**(a)**
38	**(a)**	39	**(b)**	40	**(b)**	41	**(a)**	42	**(d)**	43	**(b)**
44	**(c)**	45	**(a)**	48	**(a)**	49	**(b)**	50	**(a)**	51	**(a)**
52	**(c)**	53	**(a)**	54	**(d)**	55	**(a)**	56	**(c)**	57	**(a)**
58	**(d)**	60	**(b)**	61	**(b)**	62	**(c)**	63	**(d)**	64	**(a)**
65	**(c)**	66	**(a)**	67	**(b)**	68	**(a)**	69	**(c)**	70	**(a)**
71	**(c)**	72	**(d)**	73	**(c)**	74	**(d)**	75	**(c)**	76	**(c)**
77	**(a)**	79	**(b)**	80	**(b)**	81	**(c)**	82	**(c)**	83	**(c)**
84	**(d)**	85	**(a)**	86	**(b)**	87	**(b)**	88	**(b)**	89	**(a)**
90	**(d)**	91	**(a)**	92	**(c)**	93	**(a)**	94	**(a)**	95	**(d)**
96	**(c)**	97	**(a)**	98	**(c)**	99	**(d)**	100	**(b)**	101	**(c)**
102	**(b)**	103	**(b)**	104	**(d)**	105	**(d)**	106	**(c)**	107	**(c)**
108	**(b)**	109	**(c)**	110	**(c)**	111	**(d)**	112	**(d)**	113	**(a)**
114	**(b)**	115	**(b)**	116	**(c)**	117	**(c)**	118	**(d)**	119	**(a)**
120	**(c)**	121	**(b)**	122	**(a)**	123	**(a)**	124	**(b)**	125	**(d)**
126	**(b)**	127	**(c)**	128	**(b)**	129	**(b)**	13	**(c)**	131	**(b)**
132	**(a)**	133	**(d)**	134	**(c)**	135	**(a)**	136	**(b)**	137	**(c)**
[illegible]	**(a)**	139	**(a)**	140	**(b)**						

General Hindi

141	**(c)**	142	**(b)**	143	**(a)**	144	**(c)**	145	**(b)**	146	**(d)**
147	**(c)**	148	**(d)**	149	**(c)**	151	**(a)**	152	**(d)**	153	**(a)**
154	**(a)**	155	**(d)**	156	**(d)**	157	**(b)**	158	**(d)**	159	**(d)**
160	**(b)**	161	**(b)**	162	**(d)**	163	**(b)**	164	**(b)**	165	**(b)**
166	**(a)**	167	**(b)**	168	**(c)**	169	**(a)**	170	**(a)**	172	**(a)**
173	**(a)**	174	**(b)**	175	**(a)**	177	**(d)**	178	**(d)**	179	**(a)**
180	**(c)**	181	**(b)**	182	**(a)**	184	**(c)**	185	**(a)**	186	**(a)**
187	**(b)**	188	**(a)**	189	**(a)**	190	**(b)**	192	**(b)**	193	**(c)**
195	**(c)**	196	**(c)**	198	**(a)**	200	**(c)**				