PREVIOUS YEAR PAPER

UP TGT 2016 — Social Science: Civics (Series A)

UP TGT · 8 or 9 March 2019

63 questions · +3.4 for a correct answer, −0 for a wrong one · 120 minutes

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Questions from the U.P. Secondary Education Services Selection Board's paper of 8 or 9 March 2019. Each question is followed by its answer, and the answer key is repeated on the last page.

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Civics

1. The intellectual father of Behavioural Movement is
   (a) Proudhan
   (b) Machiavelli
   (c) MacIver
   (d) Charles E. Merrium
   Answer: (d)

2. The issue of Kyoto Conference was related to
   (a) Terrorism
   (b) Prohibiting Nuclear Tests
   (c) Climatic change
   (d) Economic development
   Answer: (c)

3. “Political equality is never real unless it is accompanied by economic equality” is said by
   (a) J. S. Mill
   (b) T. H. Green
   (c) G. D. H. Cole
   (d) H. J. Laski
   Answer: (d)

4. “The Philosophy of Right” was written by
   (a) Aristotle
   (b) Plato
   (c) Hegel
   (d) Green
   Answer: (c)

5. Which one of the following is not a Constitutional body ?

(a) Election Commission

(b) Niti Ayoga

(c) UPSC

(d) Finance Commission

Answer: (b)

6. Match the List – I and List – II and select the correct answer with the help of given codes.
List – I — List – II
1. Aristotle — a. Republic
2. Plato — b. Politics
3. Kautilya — c. Grammar of Politics
4. Harold Laski — d. Arthashastra
Code : 1 2 3 4

(a) d a b c

(b) b a d c

(c) a c d b

(d) c a b d

Answer: (b)

7. The Article of the Constitution which gives details about the removal of the members of UPSC

(a) 323

(b) 325

(c) 317

(d) 319

Answer: (c)

8. Which one of the following is not a characteristics of sovereignty ?

(a) Absoluteness

(b) Divisibility

(c) Permanence

(d) Exclusiveness

Answer: (b)

9. The Greek City – States considered following as citizens

(a) Magistrates

(b) Slaves

(c) Masters of freemen

(d) Political thinkers

Answer: (a)

10. The President of India is elected by

(a) Direct election

(b) System of Universal Adult Franchise

(c) Members of Parliament

(d) Electoral College

Answer: (d)

11. Match the List – I and List – II and select the correct answer with the help of given codes.
List – I — List – II
1. TDP — a. Odissa
2. TMC — b. Andhra Pradesh
3. DMK — c. West Bengal
4. BJD — d. Tamil Nadu
Code : 1 2 3 4

(a) d a b c

(b) b a d c

(c) b c d a

(d) c a b d

Answer: (c)

12. NOTA was first introduced in voting machine of India in the Election held in

(a) 2001 – 2002

(b) 2008 – 2009

(c) 2013 – 2014

(d) 2010 – 2011

Answer: (c)

13. The Right to Information Act was passed by Indian Parliament in

(a) 2009

(b) 2005

(c) 2006

(d) 2010

Answer: (b)

14. Which one of the following freedom is not a part of Fundamental Right of the Constitution of India ?

(a) Freedom to own and acquire Property

(b) Freedom to move freely throughout the country

(c) Freedom to assemble without arms

(d) Freedom to follow any Profession

Answer: (a)

15. The Speaker of Lok Sabha has to address his letter of resignation to the
    (a) Prime Minister of India
    (b) Deputy Speaker of Lok Sabha
    (c) President of India
    (d) Vice-President of India

    Answer: (b)

16. "Directive Principles of State Policy are like a Cheque on a bank payable at the convenience of the bank" was said by
    (a) Nehru
    (b) B. N. Rao
    (c) Dr. B. R. Ambedkar
    (d) Prof. K. T. Shah

    Answer: (d)

17. The revenue estimates of the budget are prepared by
    (a) Finance Commission
    (b) Planning Commission
    (c) Central Board of Direct Taxes
    (d) Ministry of Finance

    Answer: (d)

18. The Legislative Council of a State is created or ab shed by
    (a) President of India
    (b) Parliament
    (c) Legislative Assembly of Concerned State
    (d) Parliament on the recommendation of Concerned Legislative Assembly

    Answer: (d)

19. The present Secretary General of UNO belongs to
    (a) South Korea
    (b) Portugal
    (c) India
    (d) USA

    Answer: (b)

20. In which of the following case, the Supreme Court's Judicial review was questioned ?
    (a) Golaknath case
    (b) Keshavananda Bharti case
    (c) Minerva Mills case
    (d) A. K. Gopalan case

    Answer: —

21. Which one of the following is not a feature of Fascism ?
(a) Belief in one man Dictatorship
(b) Opposed Internationalism
(c) Distrust in Democratic Institution
(d) Believing in Individualism
Answer: (d)

22. According to Marx, the State is
(a) Divine institution
(b) Institution for class exploitation
(c) A positive good
(d) Permanent
Answer: (b)

23. The system of dual citizenship prevails in countries like
(a) Canada and India
(b) Canada and Australia
(c) India and USA
(d) Switzerland and America
Answer: —

24. Which one of the following pairs is not correctly m ched ?
(a) Hobbes – Patriarchal
(b) Aristotle – Politics
(c) Rousseau – Social Contract
(d) Marx – Manifesto of the Communist Party
Answer: (a)

25. Article 1 of the Indian Constitution calls India as
(a) Union of States
(b) Union of Provinces
(c) Indian Union
(d) Union of India
Answer: (a)

26. The writ which is issued by an appropriate judicial body to free a person who has been illegally detained
(a) Quo- Warranto
(b) Mandamus
(c) Habeas Corpus
(d) Certiorari
Answer: (c)

27. The Power of creating and abolishing a State is vested in

(a) President of India

(b) Prime Minister

(c) Parliament

(d) The Lok Sabha

Answer: (c)

28. Under which Article of the Indian Constitution can Parliament legislate on any subject in the State list ?

(a) Article 229

(b) Article 239

(c) Article 259

(d) Article 249

Answer: (d)

29. Kautilya mentioned Vijigishu as King in his Rajamandala

(a) Who would be conqueror

(b) Who was enemy

(c) Ally of the conqueror

(d) Ally of the enemy's ally

Answer: (a)

30. The Section of the Constitution which tells about the responsibility of State towards International peace and security

(a) Fundamental Rights

(b) Preamble

(c) Directive Principles of State Policy

(d) Fundamental Duties

Answer: (c)

31. The Finance Commission is appointed by the President of India for a term of

(a) 2 years

(b) 4 years

(c) 5 years

(d) 6 years

Answer: (c)

32. The Right to Property has been dropped from the list of Fundamental Rights through the

(a) 44^{th} amendment

(b) $42n^{d}$ amendment

(c) 33^{rd} amendment

(d) 21^{st} amendment

Answer: (a)

33. The Central Estimates Committee consist of
    (a) 10 members
    (b) 20 members
    (c) 30 members
    (d) 40 members
    Answer: (c)

34. The Law Minister of the Nehru's Govt. formed in 1947 was
    (a) Mohammad Ali Jinnah
    (b) Baldev Singh
    (c) Liyaqat Ali Khan
    (d) B. R. Ambedkar
    Answer: (d)

35. Which one of the following is related to Marxism ?
    (a) Theory of Surplus Value
    (b) Ideal State
    (c) General Will
    (d) Social Contract
    Answer: (a)

36. Aristotle prefers
    (a) Monarchy
    (b) Polity
    (c) Democracy
    (d) Oligarchy
    Answer: (b)

37. Which one of the following is wrongly matched ?
    (a) Pluralistic Notion of the State – MacIver and Laski
    (b) Power Notion of the State – Machiavelli
    (c) Anarchist – Marx and Bentham
    (d) Totalitarian – Hegel, Berrihardi
    Answer: (c)

38. Which one of the following group of leader is responsible for Non-Aligned Movement ?
    (a) Nehru, Roosevelt and Stalin
    (b) Indira Gandhi and Gorbachev and Kenedy
    (c) Nehru, Nasser and Tito
    (d) Mahatma Gandhi, Lincon and Mao
    Answer: (c)

39. Identify which is not a function of local self Government ?

(a) Health and hygiene

(b) Rural housing

(c) Maintenance of law and order

(d) Providing drinking water

Answer: (c)

40. Match the List – I and List – II and select the correct answer with the help of given codes.
List – I — List – II
1. Plato — a. Grammar of Politics
2. Bentham — b. Republic
3. Laski — c. Principle of Political Economy
4. J. S. Mill — d. Principle of International Law
Codes : 1 2 3 4

(a) c a b d

(b) b d a c

(c) a c d b

(d) a c b d

Answer: (b)

41. The 73rd and 74th amendment Acts inserted following in the Indian Constitution

(a) Part X and IXA

(b) Part III and X

(c) Part IX and IXA

(d) Part IX and X

Answer: (c)

42. The evil of defection which gave rise to political instability was sought to be curbed through the

(a) 56th Constitutional Amendment

(b) 52n^{d} Constitutional Amendment

(c) 61st Constitutional Amendment

(d) 83rd Constitutional Amendment

Answer: (b)

43. Shimla Agreement was signed by

(a) Jawaharlal Nehru and Ayub Khan

(b) Indira Gandhi and Z. A. Bhutto

(c) Lal Bahadur Shastri and Ayub Khan

(d) Morarji Desai and Z. A. Bhutto

Answer: (b)

44. The Person who associated with PIL is

(a) Justice Bhagavati

(b) Justice Venkatachalaiah

(c) Justice R. N. Mishra

(d) Justice Santosh Hegde

Answer: (a)

45. In which of the following, Gandhiji first used hunger strike as a weapon ?

(a) Non Co-Operation Movement

(b) Rowlatt Act

(c) Ahmedabad Mills Strike

(d) Bardoli Satyagraha

Answer: (c)

46. Match the List – I and List – II and select the correct answer with the help of given codes.
List – I (Articles) — List – II (deals with)
1. 16 — a. Equality before law
2. 32 — b. Constitutional remedies
3. 14 — c. Untouchability is crime
4. 17 — d. Equal opportunities in public employment
Code : 1 2 3 4

(a) d b a c

(b) b a d c

(c) b c d a

(d) c a b d

Answer: (a)

47. The Central Government gives grants – in –aid to the States out of the Consolidated Fund of India based on the recommendations of

(a) Niti Aayog

(b) Finance Commission

(c) The Public Accounts Committee

(d) Delegation of State Government

Answer: (b)

48. The power of judicial review in India was enjoyed by

(a) Supreme Court alone

(b) High Court alone

(c) By all the Courts

(d) High Court and Supreme Court

Answer: (d)

49. The Headquarter of UNESCO is located in

(a) Paris

(b) New York

(c) London

(d) Rome

Answer: (a)

50. Match the List – I and List – II and select the correct answer with the help of given codes.
List – I — List – II
1. Prohibition — a. You may have the body
2. Certiorari — b. We command
3. Mandamus — c. To be certified
4. Habeas corpus — d. Stay order
Code : 1 2 3 4

(a) d c b a

(b) b a d c

(c) b c d a

(d) c a b d

Answer: (a)

51. Match the List – I and List – II and select the correct answer with the help of given codes.
List – I — List – II
1. Article 356 — a. UPSC
2. Article 352 — b. Financial Emergency
3. Article 360 — c. National Emergency
4. Article 315 — d. State Emergency
Code : 1 2 3 4

(a) d c b a

(b) b a d c

(c) a c d b

(d) c a b d

Answer: (a)

52. Abolition of Privy Purse and Privileges was done in our Constitution through

(a) 26th Amendment

(b) 28th Amendment

(c) 30th Amendment

(d) 32n^{d} Amendment

Answer: (a)

53. Which of the following were features of Rousseau's 'General Will' ?
1. It is the expression of inner will.
2. It is the best will of every. individual.
3. It is permanent.
4. It is personal.

(a) 1, 2 and 4
(b) 2, 4 and 3
(c) 1, 2 and 3
(d) 1, 3 and 4

Answer: (c)

54. The head of the State under Parliamentary Government is

(a) Hereditary person
(b) Elected representative
(c) Nominated person
(d) Constitutional head

Answer: (d)

55. The Political thinker who first used the word 'State' in the contemporary world is

(a) Machiavelli
(b) T. H. Green
(c) Plato
(d) Rousseau

Answer: (a)

56. When Indian Constitution was framed the . ole of the Constitution stated India as

(a) Federal, Democratic, Republic
(b) Sovereign, Democratic, Republic
(c) Sovereign, Socialist, Secular, Democratic, Republic
(d) Socialist and Secular

Answer: (b)

57. The President of India can
i) Dissolve the Lok Sabha
ii) Order for election when the Lok Sabha term is over
iii) Gives assent to the bills passed by Parliament
iv) Address the joint session of the Parliament

(a) ii, iii, iv
(b) i, ii, iv
(c) i, ii, iii
(d) i, iii, iv

Answer: (d)

58. The jurisdiction of Supreme Court can be enhanced
    (a) By law made by the Parliament
    (b) By Prime Minister
    (c) By the President of India
    (d) By Chief Justice of Supreme Court

    Answer: (a)

59. "Veto" in U. N. Security Council is
    (a) Positive vote for all members
    (b) Negative vote for aggressor Country
    (c) The vote for Secretary General
    (d) The negative vote exercised by a permanent Member of Security Council

    Answer: (d)

60. Who among the following attended all the Three Round Table Conferences ?
    (a) Sardar Patel
    (b) B. R. Ambedkar
    (c) M. K. Gandhi
    (d) Jawaharlal Nehru

    Answer: (b)

61. The Quorum for a meeting of Legislative Assembly shall be
    (a) Half of the total strength of the House
    (b) 2/3 of the total members of the House
    (c) 1/10 of the total members of the House
    (d) 10 members

    Answer: (c)

62. During Financial Emergency, the President can
    (a) Reduce the salaries of all the Civil Servants except Judges
    (b) Reduce the salaries of civil Servants including Judges
    (c) The State Legislatures are deprived of the right to enact Money bills
    (d) All of the above

    Answer: (b)

63. Article 370 of the Constitution deals with
    (a) Emergency powers of the President
    (b) Special provisions for minorities
    (c) Special status for Jammu and Kashmir
    (d) Special status for Hyderabad Karnataka

    Answer: (c)

Answer key

Answer key from the U.P. Secondary Education Services Selection Board's official answer key for this sitting. "—" means the key gave none.

Civics

1	**(d)**	2	**(c)**	3	**(d)**	4	**(c)**	5	**(b)**	6	**(b)**	7	**(c)**	8	**(b)**
9	**(a)**	10	**(d)**	11	**(c)**	12	**(c)**	13	**(b)**	14	**(a)**	15	**(b)**	16	**(d)**
17	**(d)**	18	**(d)**	19	**(b)**	20	**—**	21	**(d)**	22	**(b)**	23	**—**	24	**(a)**
25	**(a)**	26	**(c)**	27	**(c)**	28	**(d)**	29	**(a)**	30	**(c)**	31	**(c)**	32	**(a)**
33	**(c)**	34	**(d)**	35	**(a)**	36	**(b)**	37	**(c)**	38	**(c)**	39	**(c)**	40	**(b)**
41	**(c)**	42	**(b)**	43	**(b)**	44	**(a)**	45	**(c)**	46	**(a)**	47	**(b)**	48	**(d)**
49	**(a)**	50	**(a)**	51	**(a)**	52	**(a)**	53	**(c)**	54	**(d)**	55	**(a)**	56	**(b)**
57	**(d)**	58	**(a)**	59	**(d)**	60	**(b)**	61	**(c)**	62	**(b)**	63	**(c)**		