PREVIOUS YEAR PAPER

DSSSB PGT Political Science (Male) 2021 — 4 July 2021, Shift 2

DSSSB PGT · 4 July 2021 · Shift 2

257 of the paper's 300 questions · +1 for a correct answer, −0.25 for a wrong one · 180 minutes

Left out of the original paper: 43 (any question that needs a figure, a symbol or formatting we cannot show, or whose text did not read back cleanly from the booklet).

Questions from the Delhi Subordinate Services Selection Board's paper of 4 July 2021, Shift 2. Each question is followed by its answer, and the answer key is repeated on the last page.

Take it as a timed practice test: exambharo.com/dsssb-pgt/previous-year-papers/dsssb-pgt-2021-political-science-male-4-jul-shift-2/

Mental Ability

1. From the given responses, find the missing letter cluster in the series.
GH, HIJ, JKLM, MNOPQ,?

(a) QRTUV
(b) QRSTUV
(c) RSTUVW
(d) RTVXYZ

Answer: (b)

2. From the given responses, find the missing letter cluster in the series.
HKRN, LNTO, PQVP, TTXQ,?

(a) XXQX
(b) GRDS
(c) XWZR
(d) MNQS

Answer: (c)

3. Choose the option that is unrelated (or odd one out amongst) the given set of numbers.

(a) BDGK
(b) NPSW
(c) FILP
(d) VXAE

Answer: (c)

4. Select the option in which the words share the same relationship as that shared by the given pair of words.
Examination : Pass

(a) Competition : Poem

(b) Match : Football

(c) Machine : Fault

(d) Fight : Win

Answer: (d)

5. In the following question, select the related letter cluster from the given alternatives.
UYEI : WG : : OQJL : ?

(a) AC

(b) DZ

(c) QQ

(d) PK

Answer: (d)

6. In a certain code language, 'SECTOR' is written as 'CQRAPM '. How will 'PERIOD' be written as in that language?

(a) CNGPBM

(b) CNRLBM

(c) WRTXNU

(d) BGJPBM

Answer: (a)

7. Four kids P, Q, R and S are up on the ladder. rther up the ladder than Q, Q is between P and R. If S is further up than P, who is the third from the bottom?

(a) Q

(b) P

(c) R

(d) S

Answer: (b)

8. Pointing towards a photo, Ragini said, "He is the son of the only son of my grand mother''. How is the boy related to Ragini?

(a) Father

(b) Brother

(c) Cousin

(d) Grandson

Answer: (b)

9. In the question below, there are two statements followed by four conclusions given in options. You have to take the given statements to be true even if they seem to be at variance with commonly known facts and then decide which of the given conclusion logically follow(s) from the given statements.
Statements:
Some pubs are cups.
Some pubs are tips.

(a) Some cups are tips

(b) All tips are pubs

(c) Some tips are pubs

(d) Some tips are cups

Answer: (c)

10. In the question below, there are three statements followed by two conclusions. You have to take the given statements to be true even if they seem to be at variance with commonly known facts and then decide which of the given conclusion logically follow(s) from the given statements.
Statements:
Some beds are chairs.
All chairs are desks.
All desks are tables.
Conclusions:
I. Some tables are beds.
II. Some desks are beds.

(a) If only conclusion I follows

(b) If only conclusion II follows

(c) If either I or II follows

(d) If both conclusion I and II follow

Answer: (d)

11. In the question given, relations between different elements are shown in the statements. These statements are followed by two conclusions. Find out which of the given conclusions follow(s) the given statements and select the correct alternative from the given choices.
Statement:
$W > D \geq C = X < A < Z \leq F$
Conclusion:
I. $Z > C$
II. $X < W$

(a) None is true

(b) Only II is true

(c) Only I is true

(d) Both I and II are true

Answer: (d)

12. In the following question, correct the equation by interchanging two signs.
10 ÷ 18 + 25 × 20 - 5 = 92

(a) + and ×
(b) + and ÷
(c) ÷ and –
(d) – and +

Answer: (c)

13. Find the missing number in the series given below.
6, 12, 21, 33, ?

(a) 38
(b) 40
(c) 45
(d) 48

Answer: (d)

16. Amar walked 25 km towards west, took a left turn and walked 15 km. He again took a left turn and walked 35 km. He then took a right turn and stopped. Now he was facing in which direction?

(a) West
(b) East
(c) South
(d) North

Answer: (c)

General Awareness

21. In which century AD was Nalanda founded?

(a) 3rd
(b) 4th
(c) 5th
(d) 6th

Answer: (c)

22. How many Ratnas, including the prominent Musician Tansen, were there in the court of Akbar?

(a) 7
(b) 5
(c) 3
(d) 9

Answer: (d)

23. How many stanzas of Rabindranath Tagore's "Jana Gana Mana" song were adopted as the National Anthem of India?

(a) 2
(b) 4
(c) 1
(d) 3

Answer: (c)

24. When was the Planning Commission of India established?

(a) 1947
(b) 1950
(c) 1955
(d) 1966

Answer: (b)

25. Which of the following persons is known as the Architect of the Indian Planning?

(a) PC Mahalanobis
(b) Jawaharlal Nehru
(c) Amartya Sen
(d) Vallabhai Patel

Answer: (a)

26. Which of the following devices is used for measuring the force acting on an object?

(a) Spirometer
(b) Spring Balance
(c) Fathometer
(d) Framing Square

Answer: (b)

27. Who was the second individual to land on the surface of Moon?

(a) Neil Armstrong
(b) Edwin Aldrin
(c) Pete Conrad
(d) Alan Bean

Answer: (b)

28. The "Dead Sea" is located at which of the following places?

(a) Asia
(b) Africa
(c) Europe
(d) North America

Answer: (a)

29. The process by which water continually changes its form and circulates between oceans, atmosphere and land is called what?

(a) Tides
(b) Ocean Currents
(c) Precipitation
(d) Water Cycles

Answer: (d)

30. Which of the following movements was started to give women the right to vote?

(a) Suffragette Movement
(b) Feminism
(c) Women Empowerment Movement
(d) French Revolution

Answer: (a)

31. In what year did the Great Economic Depression start?

(a) 1929
(b) 1931
(c) 1911
(d) 1914

Answer: (a)

32. In what year did Mahatma Gandhi return to India from South Africa?

(a) 1909
(b) 1919
(c) 1905
(d) 1915

Answer: (d)

33. Who has authored the book "40 Years with Abdul Kalam- Untold Stories"?

(a) M Venkaiah Naidu
(b) Dr AS Pillai
(c) APJ Abdul Kalam
(d) Amish Tripathi

Answer: (b)

34. What is the official name of the Nobel Prize in the field of Economics?

(a) Nobel Memorial Prize in Economic Sciences
(b) Sveriges Riksbank Prize in Economic Sciences
(c) Nobel for Economics
(d) Nobel prize for excellence in Econmics

Answer: (b)

35. What Amendment Act introduced the Right to Education under the Fundamental Rights?
(a) 42nd Amendment Act
(b) 69th Amendment Act
(c) 44th Amendment Act
(d) 86th Amendment Act
Answer: (d)

36. What is the Maximum Strength of the Rajya Sabha according to the Article 80 of the Indian Constitution?
(a) 545
(b) 238
(c) 245
(d) 250
Answer: (d)

37. Which of the following countries shall be hosting the 2022 FIFA U-17 Women's World Cup?
(a) India
(b) Germany
(c) France
(d) Qatar
Answer: (a)

38. Which of the following countries was not a part of the ICC World Test Championship 2019-21?
(a) Bangladesh
(b) Sri Lanka
(c) Afghanistan
(d) West Indies
Answer: (c)

39. Which of the following countries developed the COVID-19 vaccine called "Sputnik V"?
(a) India
(b) UK
(c) USA
(d) Russia
Answer: (d)

40. What was the name of the scheme under which India supplied vaccines to other nations?
(a) Vaccine Safety
(b) Vaccine Batwara
(c) Vaccine Maitri
(d) Vaccine Saathi
Answer: (c)

Arithmetic Ability

45. Find the sum of the digits of the smallest four digit number which is exactly divisible by 8, 10, 12, 18 and 24?

(a) 8
(b) 6
(c) 12
(d) 9

Answer: (d)

46. A man saves an average of Rs.500 per month from January to June. In July, he saves Rs.450. From August to December, his total savings are 60 percent of his savings from January to July. Find his average monthly salary for the year if his average monthly spending for the whole year is Rs.440.

(a) Rs.1,050
(b) Rs.990
(c) Rs.1,100
(d) Rs.900

Answer: (d)

47. Due to fall in manpower, the production in a factory decreases by 20 percent. By what percent should the working hours per man be increased to restore the original production?

(a) 12.5 percent
(b) 10 percent
(c) 25 percent
(d) 20 percent

Answer: (c)

48. In an election between two candidates, 80 percent of the voters cast their votes, out of which 10 percent votes were declared invalid. A candidate got 2160 votes which was 75 percent of the valid votes. Find the total number of voters enrolled in that election.

(a) 6000
(b) 6400
(c) 4000
(d) 4800

Answer: (c)

49. A blanket is marked at 25 percent above its cost price and after allowing a discount of 12 percent on its marked price, shopkeeper sold the blanket at Rs.180 profit. What is the marked price of the blanket?

(a) Rs.2250
(b) Rs.1875
(c) Rs.2500
(d) Rs.2375

Answer: (a)

50. The difference between the squares of the present ages of P and Q is 25 and the average of their present ages is 12.5 years(consider age of P is more than Q). After how many years the ratio of ages of P and Q will be 15:14?

(a) 1 year

(b) 2 years

(c) 4 years

(d) 6 years

Answer: (b)

51. A solution of oil and water contains 60 percent oil. To reduce the oil to 50 percent, 30 ml water is added into the mixture. What was the initial quantity of mixture?

(a) 120

(b) 150

(c) 125

(d) 135

Answer: (b)

52. If the interest on a sum of Rs.1200 is more than the interest on Rs.1000 by Rs.120 in three years, then find the rate of interest per annum.

(a) 10 percent

(b) 20 percent

(c) 16 percent

(d) 12 percent

Answer: (b)

53. A man while travelling a distance of 200km car at a speed of 40 km/hr, his car breaks down at half the journey and the remaining distance is covered by bus to reach his destination. If the total time taken to reach the destination is 4.5 hours, then find the speed of the bus.

(a) 55 km/hr

(b) 40 km/hr

(c) 50 km/hr

(d) 45 km/hr

Answer: (c)

54. The speed of a boat in still water is 15 km/hr and the rate of current is 3 km/hr. Find the distance travelled downstream in 12 minutes.

(a) 1.2 km

(b) 1.8 km

(c) 2.4 km

(d) 3.6 km

Answer: (d)

55. Efficiency of B is 37.5 percent less than A whereas efficiency of C is 60 percent less than B. A and C together can do a work in 42 days. Find how long all three will together take to complete the same work?

(a) 21 days

(b) 28 days

(c) 14 days

(d) 20 days

Answer: (b)

57. The surface area of a sphere is 616 square cm. If its radius is changed so that area gets reduced by 75 percent, then find the new radius.

(a) 2.5 cm

(b) 3 cm

(c) 4.2 cm

(d) 3.5 cm

Answer: (d)

General English

61. In the following question, four sentences are given out of which three sentences are grammatically incorrect while one is correct. Find out which sentence is grammatically correct and select the appropriate option.

(a) It involves to print large sums of money and d buting it to the public.

(b) Friedman used the term to signify "unexpect y dumping money onto a struggling economy with the intention to shock it out of a de n slu

(c) This is an unconventional monetary p l aimed with bringing a flagging economy back on track.

(d) It seeks to goad people into spending more and thereby to boost the sagging economy.

Answer: (b)

62. Identify the segment in the sentence which contains the grammatical error from the given options.
His assistants have and are still doing excellent work for the organisation .

(a) His assistants have and

(b) are still doing

(c) excellent work for the organisation

(d) No error

Answer: (a)

65. Select the most appropriate option to fill in the blank.
She broke her foot recently in practice and will not be competing _____ after Christmas.

(a) since

(b) apart

(c) until

(d) for

Answer: (c)

66. Select the most appropriate option to fill in the blank.
Indoor plants not only add more detailing to the room but also create a/an _____ flow of oxygen.

(a) unsteady
(b) hazardous
(c) flexible
(d) steady

Answer: (d)

67. Rearrange the following sentences in their correct order to form a meaningful paragraph.
P. Countries across the globe have slowly begun to lift their lockdown restrictions.
Q. As adults have slowly adapted to the new normal, a rapid change of the lifestyles can have an immense impact on the minds of the little ones.
R. In this era of stepping out only when necessary, it is the children who bear the maximum brunt of the isolation.
S. The truth is that the pandemic is far from over.

(a) QRPS
(b) RSQP
(c) SRPQ
(d) PSRQ

Answer: (d)

68. Rearrange the following sentences in their correct order to form a meaningful paragraph.
P: When all the credit worthy people were given loans to a logical limit, they ceased to be a part of the market.
Q: Even this would have been understandable if it could work as an eye opener.
R: Owing to the materialistic culture elsewhere it was possible to keep selling newer products to the consumers despite having existing ones which served equally well.
S: They were lured through advertising and marketing techniques of 'dustbinisation' of the customer; and then finally, once they became ready customers, they were given loans and credits to help them by more and more.

(a) PRQS
(b) RSPQ
(c) QSPR
(d) RPQS

Answer: (b)

69. Select the most appropriate synonym of the given word.
CONSENSUS

(a) Denial
(b) Agreement
(c) Dissension
(d) Discord

Answer: (b)

70. Select the most appropriate antonym of the given word.
PRODIGAL

(a) Parsimonious
(b) Jabbering
(c) Generous
(d) Lavish

Answer: (a)

71. Select the correctly spelt word.

(a) Intimidiate
(b) Intemidate
(c) Intimidate
(d) Intimediate

Answer: (c)

72. Select the wrongly spelt word.

(a) Glamourous
(b) Grandeur
(c) Grievous
(d) Gauge

Answer: (a)

73. Select the most appropriate meaning of the given idiom/ phrase.
Call it a day

(a) Better to arrive late than not to come at all
(b) Stop working on something
(c) Don't be so critical
(d) Good luck

Answer: (b)

74. Select the alternative which best expresses the meaning of the idiom/phrase bold in the sentence.
To have a green thumb means-

(a) One's nails are painted green
(b) One is artistic
(c) To have a natural interest in gardening
(d) One has a green tattoo on the thumb

Answer: (c)

75. Select the word which means the same as the group of words given.
Killing of one's wife

(a) Regicide
(b) Sororicide
(c) Suicide
(d) Uxoricide

Answer: (d)

76. After whose speech, the crowd got infuriated and the conspirator had to flee?

(a) Brutus' speech
(b) Lepidus' speech
(c) Octavious' speech
(d) Antony's speech

Answer: (d)

77. Why did Mark Antony remind the crowd of Caesar's benevolent actions and denial of crown?

(a) to avenge Caesar's murder by infuriating the crowd
(b) to tell the crowd that Brutus was a noble man
(c) to calm down the crowd that why he was killed
(d) to acquit the murder's of their crime by doing so

Answer: (a)

79. Which of the following best expresses the meani to the given word "Stoically"?

(a) edgily
(b) dolorously
(c) impassively
(d) fervidly

Answer: (c)

Discipline1

101. Who of the following said that "The king should initiate action against the leaders of the revolt because it is the leaders who provide leadership to a revolt. In no case should he use force against the multitude of people because it may result in a widespread bloodshed"?

(a) Kautilya
(b) Machiavelli
(c) Confucius
(d) John Locke

Answer: (a)

102. Given below are two statements, one labelled as Assertion (A) and other as Reason (R):
Select the correct answer from the code given below:
Assertion (A): The 'carrot and stick' policy is a dual policy, which aims at driving a wedge between the moderate and extremist elements in the opposition
Reason (R): The government can offer rewards and concessions to the moderates but at the same time, it can continue its military operations against the extremists.

(a) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A).

(b) Both (A) and (R) are true, but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A).

(c) (A) is true, but (R) is false.

(d) (A) is false, but (R) is true.

Answer: (b)

104. Which of the following is not one of the inconveniences in the state of nature, according to John Locke?

(a) want of a legislature authority to declare law

(b) of an impartial judge to decide cases of violation of law

(c) lack of an impersonal executioner of the law

(d) It is constantly in the state of war.

Answer: (d)

105. Who among the following has written the essay "what is the origin of inequality among men, and is it authorised by natural law?"

(a) Jean Jacques Rousseau

(b) Immanuel Kant

(c) Edmund Burke

(d) Alexis De Tocqueville

Answer: (a)

106. Consider the following regarding to Rousseau's Conception of General Will:
1. Rousseau first wrote about the concept of General Will in his Discourse on Political Economy 2. He asserts that the generality of the will is not so much a matter of numbers as of intrinsic quality and goodness.
3. By making the General Will sovereign and individuals as participants in the General Will, Rousseau reconciled authority with freedom.
4. He asserted that General will aims always at the public good and is different from the will of all.
Select the correct answer from the code given:

(a) 1 and 4

(b) 1 and 3

(c) Only 4

(d) 1, 2, 3 and 4

Answer: (d)

107. Which among the following credited the Bentham's Panopticon as a new technology of power?

(a) Michael Foucault

(b) Kymlicka

(c) J.S. Mill

(d) John Rawls

Answer: (a)

108. Which of the following kind of liberty is not one of the specific liberties that J.S. Mill advocated in his book 'On Liberty'?

(a) The Liberty of Thought and Expression

(b) The Liberty of Action

(c) The Liberty of Association

(d) Liberty to acquire private property

Answer: (d)

109. There are three dimensions to Marxian dialectical materialism. Which of the following is not one of them?

(a) The law of transformation of quantity into quality. It means that quantitative changes lead to qualitative revolutionary situation.

(b) The law of unity of opposites (contradiction)

(c) The law of negation of negation (thesis-antithesis and synthesis).

(d) The law that the material and ideal are same a[illegible] constitute a unity

Answer: (d)

110. Given below are two statements, one l[illegible]led [illegible]Assertion (A) and other as Reason (R):
Select the correct answer from the code give[illegible]w:
Assertion (A): In his book Socialism: Utopian and Scientific, Engels defined historical materialism as a theory which holds that the ultimate cause which determines the whole course of human history is the economic development of society.
Reason (R): The whole course of human history is explained in terms of changes occurring in the modes of production and exchange.

(a) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A).

(b) Both (A) and (R) are true, but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A).

(c) (A) is true, but (R) is false.

(d) (A) is false, but (R) is true.

Answer: (a)

111. Which of the following Indian political thinkers stated that "the essence of socialism, lies in "the control by the state of the means of production"?

(a) Sardar Patel

(b) BR Ambedkar

(c) Jawaharlal Nehru

(d) Mahatma Gandhi

Answer: (c)

112. In 1936, BR Ambedkar formed a political party to contest 17 seats in the elections of Bombay province. What was the name of the political party?

(a) Independent Labour Party

(b) Backwards People Association

(c) Independent Dalit Movement

(d) Backward Bloc

Answer: (a)

113. In which of the following ways did BR Ambedkar denounce Marxism?
1. He decried the strategy of violence as a means to seize power and called for resolute mass action to bring about-a good society.
2. He argued that the economic interpretation of history which does not acknowledge the crucial role that political and ideological institutions play and the conception of the withering away of the state.
3. He argued that There is no conflict between classes and class-struggle is writ large in social relations.
4. He argued that a good society demands extensive private ownership of the means of production.
Select the correct answer from the code given :

(a) 1 and 2

(b) 2 and 4

(c) 3 and 4

(d) 1, 2, 3 and 4

Answer: (a)

115. Which of the following did Ambedkar suggest t ield community bond?
1. He suggested inter-caste marriages
2. He suggested inter-caste dining
3. He argued that shastras which defend 'Varnashramdharma' have to be abandoned as they justify and legitimise graded organisation of society.

(a) Only 1 and 2

(b) Only 2 and 3

(c) Only 1 and 3

(d) 1, 2 and 3

Answer: (d)

116. Raktakorabi and Muktadhara are the works of which among the following Indians?

(a) Rammohan Roy

(b) Swami Vivekananda

(c) Sri Aurobindo

(d) Rabindranath Tagore

Answer: (d)

117. Who among the following called Lala Lajpat Rai as “a bourgeois politician with sympathy for Socialism"?

(a) M.N. Roy

(b) Dadabhai Naroji

(c) C.R. Das

(d) Netaji Subash Chandra Bose

Answer: (a)

118. Who among the following is not a proponent of Political theory as a Science?

(a) Leo Strauss

(b) David Easton

(c) George Catlin

(d) Robert Dahl

Answer: (a)

119. The Classical Political Theory consists of which of the following?
1. Classical political theory aimed at acquiring reliable knowledge about matters concerning the people, a philosophical pursuit to establish a rational basis for belief; a politically inspired pursuit to establish a rational basis for action.
2. It sought to identify the political with the public, the common: the Greek polis, the Roman res publica, and the medieval age usage of commonweal – all denoted a sharing of what was common among the people as partners.
3. Relating itself to the political whole, the classical pr cal theory laid emphasis on order, balance, equilibrium, stability and harmony. That is why, it, in process, dwelt on terms such as conflicts, anarchy, instability and revolution

(a) Only 1 and 2

(b) Only 2 and 3

(c) Only 1 and 3

(d) 1, 2 and 3

Answer: (d)

120. Given below are two statements, one labelled as Assertion (A) and other as Reason (R): Select the correct answer from the code given below:
Assertion (A): For Plato, a state is a system of relationships in which everyone does his own business and where the job of the state is to maintain, and promote such relationships.
Reason (R): Furthermore, Plato asserted that it is the job of the government, to help people live a complete life.

(a) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A).

(b) Both (A) and (R) are true, but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A).

(c) (A) is true, but (R) is false.

(d) (A) is false, but (R) is true.

Answer: (b)

Discipline2

121. Which of the following best describes the prescriptive theory of rights?

(a) It regards the state as the product of a long historical process.

(b) It presumes that rights are the conditions of social welfare.

(c) it is understood in terms of the economic system at a particular period of history.

(d) It means that the rights are granted by the state, regarding rights as a claim which the force of the state grants to the people.

Answer: (a)

122. Who among the following defined 'being free' as "not being interfered with by others"?

(a) Jeremy Bentham

(b) Isaiah Berlin

(c) J.S. Mills

(d) J. J. Rousseau

Answer: (b)

123. Which one of the following contentions does Isaiah Berlin make to defend Negative Liberty?

(a) Berlin contended that liberty in its negative sense is principally concerned with the area of control, not with its source.

(b) Berlin argued that the principle of liberty brooked no interference with the sphere of one's self-regarding action.

(c) Berlin argued that the human faculties of perception, judgement, discriminative feeling, mental activity, and even moral preference, are ex ised only in making a choice

(d) Berlin argued that a free man is he that in tho hings which by his strength and wit he is able to do, is not hindered to do what he has a to.

Answer: (a)

124. Consider the following Statements:
(a) Lord Acton and Alexis de Tocqueville insisted that equality and liberty were anti-thetical.
(b) Rule of law means that the law is sovereign and no person, no matter how great he is or thinks he is, can declare himself above the law because that would be tantamount to arbitrary rule.
(c) In the Marxist tradition, it is claimed that all human beings are defined by praxis, that is all human beings are knowledgeable, conscious and practical agents.
(d) Positive equality is associated with 'the end of privilege', while Negative equality, means 'the availability of opportunity'.
Choose the correct statements from the code given:

(a) (c), (d) and (b)

(b) (a), (b) and (c)

(c) (a), (b), (c) and (d)

(d) (b) and (d)

Answer: (b)

125. Who among the following is the proponent of the Social theory of Justice?

(a) T.H. Green

(b) John Rawls

(c) William Maitland

(d) Stephen Barker

Answer: (b)

126. In his critique of, and alternative to utilitarianism, John Rawls derives inspiration from which of the following?

(a) Immanuel Kant's moral idea of the freedom and equality of every human being.

(b) Robert Nozick argument on the liberty as the paramount consideration of human being.

(c) T.H. Green's idea of the negative equality.

(d) Montesquieu

Answer: (a)

127. Robert Nozick's libertarian conception of Justice is a defence of which of the following?

(a) It is a defence of free-market capitalism

(b) It is a defence of a people led communist

(c) It is a defence of a socialist society

(d) It is a defence of a Marxist regime.

Answer: (a)

128. Which of the following is true regarding Resourc Mobilisation Theory?
I. It is an outcome of rational choice theory.
II. It is based on the assumption that indivi 's' a ns are motivated randomly not by any preference.
III. The theory purported to show that the success of a movement depended on the resources available to be used.

(a) Only II is correct

(b) Both I and II are correct

(c) Both II and III are correct

(d) Both I and III are correct.

Answer: (d)

129. Which of the following is not correct regarding Political parties and party system in India?

(a) Party system in India emerged and developed at the state level since independence.

(b) Political parties are capitalist in nature after 1967.

(c) The party system in India before 1967 has been a system of Congress dominance.

(d) The party system changed from one party dominant system to multi - party system at the national level.

Answer: (b)

130. All India Scheduled Caste Federation (AISCF) was formed in which year?

(a) 1935

(b) 1942

(c) 1947

(d) 1951

Answer: (b)

131. The Book "Hindu Society at Cross Road" was written by -

(a) Jyotiba Phule

(b) V.P Menon

(c) K.M. Pannikar

(d) Sarvepali Radhakrishnan

Answer: (c)

132. Which of the following statements is not correct regarding politics in India by L. I. Rudolph and S. H. Rudolph?

(a) Politics in India is not a class politics.

(b) Politics in India is centrist politics.

(c) Indian state as a "capitalist state" invoked "capitalism" in pursuit of public sector and state planning.

(d) State negotiates between labour and capital as an autonomous body.

Answer: (c)

133. Writing "State Against the People" is written by

(a) Morris Jones

(b) P.N. Bhagwati

(c) V K Ramaswami

(d) Rajni Kothari

Answer: (d)

134. A socio – political movement Nav Nirman Andolan of 1974 was organised in which state of India?

(a) West Bengal

(b) Orissa

(c) Rajasthan

(d) Gujarat

Answer: (d)

135. Which of the following is not a component of Social movement?

(a) Education

(b) Objectives

(c) Ideology

(d) Programmes

Answer: (a)

136. The line "Class domination can never be purely 'economic', or purely 'cultural' "is said by -

(a) Karl Marx

(b) A.R. Desai

(c) Ralph Miliband

(d) G. S. Ghurye

Answer: (c)

137. Who among the following asserted, "The parliamentary form of government, as a political institutional device, has proved to be inadequate to continue or expand concrete democratic rights of the people?"

(a) M N Roy

(b) A.R. Desai

(c) Leo Panitch

(d) Marion Kozak

Answer: (b)

138. Which of the following is not correct regarding Relative Deprivation Theory?
1. Relative deprivation is defined as actors' perception of discrepancy between their value expectations and their environment's apparent value capabilities.
2. Relative deprivation model describes the situation where the expectations are stable but capabilities decline.
3. Relative deprivation is a necessary but not a sufficient condition for protest movements.

(a) Only 1 and 2

(b) Only 2

(c) Only 2 and 3

(d) 1, 2 and 3

Answer: (b)

139. Cauvery water dispute is between which two states in India?

(a) Tamil Nadu and Kerala

(b) Andhra Pradesh and Karnataka

(c) Tamil Nadu and Karnataka

(d) Kerala and Karnataka

Answer: (c)

140. Which of the following pair is not correctly matched with respect to the event and its year?

(a) Garibi hatao slogan - 1971

(b) Loktantra bachao slogan - 1977

(c) Mandal controversy - 1981

(d) Bofors scandal - 1989

Answer: (c)

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141. Which of the following pair is not correctly matched?

(a) Fascist movement - Vietnam

(b) Islamic movement - Middle East

(c) Nazi movement - Germany

(d) Tamilian movement - Sri Lanka

Answer: (a)

142. Which of the following definition is correct regarding "Social Movement"?
I. A deliberate collective endeavour to promote change in any direction and by any means, not excluding violence, illegality, revolution or withdrawal into 'utopian' community.
II. Social movements can be viewed as collective enterprises to establish a new order of life.
III. Social movements are those organized efforts, on the part of excluded groups, to promote or resist changes in the structure of society that involve recourse to noninstitutional forms of political participation.

(a) Only I is correct

(b) Both II and III are correct

(c) Only III is correct

(d) I, II and III

Answer: (d)

143. Which of the following is the correct importance of social movement?
I. To increase production in the factories and industries
II. To oppose the 'present' political regime
III. To establish the system which they consider 'ideal' and perfect capable to resolve the problems of society

(a) Only I is correct

(b) Both I and III are correct

(c) Both II and III are correct

(d) I, II and III

Answer: (c)

144. Which of the following is correct regarding Marxist approach of Social movement?

(a) Conflict is the central core of social movements.

(b) Love is the central core of social movements.

(c) Biasness is the central core of social movements.

(d) Freedom is the central core of social movements.

Answer: (a)

145. Who calls Gandhi's method as "dialogical resistance?"

(a) Lord Mountbatten

(b) David Hardiman

(c) David Bayley

(d) Karl Marx

Answer: (b)

146. Which of the following assumption is/are true regarding Resource mobilisation theory by Rajendra Singh?
1. Social movements must be understood in terms of conflict model of collective action.
2. Both institutional and non-institutional collective actions contain conflicts of interests built in the system of institutionalised power relations.
3. Social movements involve the rational pursuit of interests by competing groups.

(a) Both 1 and 2
(b) Both 2 and 3
(c) Both 1 and 3
(d) 1, 2 and 3

Answer: (d)

147. In which year was the Council of Europe established?

(a) 1949
(b) 1950
(c) 1951
(d) 1952

Answer: (a)

148. Which of the following movement is not related to Environment?

(a) Chipko Movement
(b) Appiko Movement
(c) Abolitionist movement
(d) Narmada Bachao Andolan (NBA)

Answer: (c)

150. Given below are two statements, one labeled as Assertion (A) and other as Reason (R):
Select the correct answer from the code given below:
Assertion (A): In a democracy, the civil service has to modify its behaviour and style of functioning to complement the needs of democracy.
Reason (R): The establishment of the Panchayati Raj institutions on a country-wide basis and the transfer of some of the traditional functions of the civil service system to these newly established institutions constitute a new policy trend in the civil service system.

(a) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A).
(b) Both (A) and (R) are true, but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A).
(c) (A) is true, but (R) is false.
(d) (A) is false, but (R) is true.

Answer: (b)

151. Vohra Committee Report studied the -

(a) Multi-tier bureaucratic authority
(b) Nexus between criminals, politicians and bureaucrats in India
(c) Machinery of Government of India
(d) Training and recruitment of the higher Civil Services

Answer: (b)

152. Consider the following statements with regard to Public Interest Litigation (PIL):
A. It is a socio-economic movement generated by the judiciary to reach justice specially to the weaker sections of the society.
B. The purpose of PIL is the enforcement of the right of one person against the other.
C. The granting of the right to PIL has led to plethora of litigations in the courts, indicative of the development of democratic rights by the judiciary.
D. The idea came from 'atio popularis' of the Roman jurisprudence, which allowed court access to every citizen in matters of public wrongs.
Select the incorrect statements from the code given below:

(a) A and D

(b) A and B

(c) Only B

(d) Only D

Answer: (c)

153. Given below are two statements, one labeled as Assertion (A) and other as Reason (R):
Select the correct answer from the code given below:
Assertion (A): The modern judiciary in India derives its sources from the Constitution, and acts as a check on the arbitrary decisions of the legislature and the executive.
Reason (R): A working democracy requires an independent judiciary well-coordinated by an effective executive and a responsible legislature.

(a) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A).

(b) Both (A) and (R) are true, but (R) is not the cor[illegible] explanation of (A).

(c) (A) is true, but (R) is false.

(d) (A) is false, but (R) is true.

Answer: (b)

154. The book titled 'Homo-Hierarchicus on the Indian Caste System' is written by?

(a) Louis Dumont

(b) Nicholas Dirks

(c) Kancha Ilaiah

(d) Gerald Berreman

Answer: (a)

155. Given below are two statements, one labeled as Assertion (A) and other as Reason (R):
Select the correct answer from the code given below:
Assertion (A): The Indian polity is governed by vertical mobilization by the dominant castes and horizontal alliances in the name of jati and varna.
Reason (R): The establishment of a formal democracy guarantees that all citizens will enjoy equal access and participation in the political processes.

(a) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A).

(b) Both (A) and (R) are true, but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A).

(c) (A) is true, but (R) is false.

(d) (A) is false, but (R) is true

Answer: (c)

156. 'The Paradoxical Prime Minister: Narendra Modi And His India' is a book authored by:

(a) Rahul Gandhi
(b) Burkha Dutt
(c) Rajdeep Sardesai
(d) Shashi Tharoor

Answer: (d)

157. Which of following scholars, first worked on the ‘Cultivation Theory’?

(a) Donald Shaw
(b) Jennings Bryant
(c) George Gerbner
(d) Dorina Miron

Answer: (c)

158. Scholars Melvin de Fleur and Sandra Ball-Rokeztch gave which of the following theory?

(a) Agenda Setting Theory
(b) Media System Dependency Theory
(c) Development Communication Theory
(d) Spiral of Silence Theory

Answer: (b)

159. The Rise and Decline of Nations: Economic Grow Stagflation, and Social Rigidities, 1982' has been written by -

(a) Samuel P. Huntington
(b) Harold Lasswell
(c) Mancur Olson
(d) George Bernard Shaw

Answer: (c)

160. Which among the following is the author of the book ‘System and Process in International Politics’?

(a) Gordon Anderson
(b) Morton Kaplan
(c) Suson Eaton
(d) David Easton

Answer: (b)

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161. Which of the following is not one of the defensive alliances formed by the capitalist or free market nations post the second world war?

(a) NATO

(b) CENTO

(c) Warsaw Pact

(d) SEATO

Answer: (c)

162. Which of the following is not correctly paired?

(a) Suez Canal Crisis – 1956

(b) The Lebanese Conflict – 1958

(c) Indo-Pak Conflict – 1965

(d) The Congolese Conflict – 1968

Answer: (d)

163. Which of the following is not true about the Idealist school of philosophy in India?
1. Kautilya was an advocate of idealist school of philosophy.
2. The Upanishads give us the basis of the theory of non-violence which becomes the basis of idealist tradition.
3. This idealist method had its limitations as India discovered to its cost during the action in Goa in 1961, the Chinese invasion in 1962, and the Pakistani aggressions of 1965, 1971 and 1999.

(a) Only 1

(b) Only 2

(c) Only 3

(d) 1, 2 and 3

Answer: (a)

164. In which of the following year Shimla Agreement was signed between India and Pakistan?

(a) 1965

(b) 1972

(c) 1971

(d) 1991

Answer: (b)

165. Consider the following about the early foreign policy of India towards Tibet:
1. In continuation of the policy of Indo-Chinese friendship, India signed the Sino-Tibetan Agreement on May 23, 1951, which sealed Tibet's fate permanently.
2. In 1954 Nehru had conceded the Chinese claim over Tibet by accepting its suzerainty over it, when India signed an agreement for trade with the "Tibetan region of China."
3. To pacify the Chinese, Nehru concluded the Panchsheel (Five Principles) Agreement with Chou En-lai in 1954, based on the principles of mutual respect for territorial integrity and sovereignty, non-aggression, non-interference in internal affairs, equality and peaceful coexistence.
Choose the correct from the following code:

(a) Only 1

(b) 1 and 2

(c) Only 3

(d) 1, 2 and 3

Answer: (d)

166. Which of the following is not the elements of the UN Activities in the area of self-determination?

(a) Trusteeship System

(b) De-Colonialism

(c) Racial equality in South Africa and Rhodesia

(d) Military action to free Goa from the Portuguese Rule

Answer: (d)

167. Which one of the following is incorrect with regar to the Concept of the self-determination?

(a) It is obvious that the concept, along with that nationalism played a significant role in the process of de-colonisation.

(b) The concept of Self-determination provision for identifying the bases for defining the territorial limits.

(c) It is the application of the principle of Self-determination within multi-cultural societies that is most complex.

(d) Freedom to the colonies mark the end of the role of the principle of Self-determination

Answer: (d)

168. Terrorists are trained in one country to operate in more than one country is called - 1. Cross Border Terrorism
2. International Terrorism

(a) Only 1

(b) Only 2

(c) Both 1 and 2

(d) Neither 1 nor 2

Answer: (b)

169. Which of the following is not correct about Nuclear Non-Proliferation treaty?

(a) Earlier focus had mostly been on weapons systems, strategic parity and corresponding geostrategic considerations.

(b) The treaty divides the signatories into two categories: those who possess the nuclear weapons and those who did not.

(c) It commits the non-weapon states to inspection of their holdings of nuclear materials.

(d) The NPT was the second step to the construction of an effective international regime designed to halt the proliferation of nuclear weapons after ABM treaty.

Answer: (d)

170. Which of the following is not correct regarding treaties of nuclear explosions?

(a) The 1963 Partial Test Ban Treaty

(b) The 1972 Threshold Test Ban Treaty

(c) The 1976 Peaceful Nuclear Explosions Treaty

(d) The 1996 Comprehensive Test Ban Treaty.

Answer: (b)

171. Apartheid is related to which country?

(a) France

(b) Italy

(c) South Africa

(d) India

Answer: (c)

172. Which of the following shows the Impact of Science and Technology on Military Affairs?
I. Long range missiles, aircraft and submarines have reduced the significance of physical location as a determinant of the vulnerability of a nation.
II. It provides a striking demonstration of the effort of changes in military technology on international relations.
III. It increases the friendship between two nations.

(a) Both I and II are correct

(b) Both I and III are correct

(c) Both II and III are correct

(d) I, II and III

Answer: (a)

173. Which of the following is not the major cause of Inequality among nations?

(a) Uneven International Economic System.

(b) The power game in international politics.

(c) Emerging Labour Markets and Skill Differentials.

(d) Trade among developed and developing nations.

Answer: (d)

174. Which of the following pair is not correctly matched about formation year of organisation?

(a) United Nation (UN) - 1945

(b) Universal Declaration of Human Rights (UDHR) - 1948

(c) International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights (ICESCR) - 1956

(d) International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights (ICCPR) - 1966

Answer: (c)

175. About China, who had once said: "It is a sleeping giant, let it sleep for if it wakes it would shake the world"?

(a) Jawaharlal Nehru

(b) Napoleon

(c) Alexander I. Czar

(d) Lord Litton

Answer: (b)

176. Which of the following is correct regarding People's Liberation Army of China?
1. The PLA was formed in the year 1927.
2. The name PLA was given to it after the Japanese attacked China in 1937.
3. Zhu De and Mao Zedong were the main founders of PLA.

(a) Only 1 and 2

(b) Only 2 and 3

(c) Only 1 and 3

(d) 1, 2 and 3

Answer: (d)

177. To look at international relations not from the viewpoint of nation states but from the perspective of the security of the individual is known as

(a) Human benefits

(b) Human Rights

(c) Human threat

(d) Human Duties

Answer: (b)

178. The book "Transnational Relations and World Politics" is written by

(a) Robert O. Keohane

(b) Kegley Jr.

(c) Mathew Evangelista

(d) Riddel-Dixon

Answer: (a)

179. The term “refugee” as defined by the United Nations Convention Relating of 1951 is any person who - 1. was a victim of events in Europe occurring before 1 January 1951.
2. was outside the country of his origin (home country of which he is a national) 3. could not go back to his home country of origin due to a well founded fear of persecution

(a) Only 1 and 2
(b) Only 2 and 3
(c) Only 1 and 3
(d) 1, 2 and 3

Answer: (d)

180. Who strongly said that “Man is a Political Animal”?

(a) Socrates
(b) Chanakya
(c) Aristotle
(d) Plato

Answer: (c)

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181. “The Study of the Problem of Discrimination against Indigenous Populations” was reported by?

(a) Jose R. Martinez
(b) Riddel-Dixon
(c) Robert O. Keohane
(d) MA Conroy

Answer: (a)

182. In which year did China annex Tibet?

(a) 1949
(b) 1950
(c) 1955
(d) 1958

Answer: (b)

183. In the 1860s, the USA witnessed a civil war between the northern and the southern states on which of the following issue?

(a) Rights of women
(b) Secession
(c) Abolition of slavery
(d) Gun control laws

Answer: (c)

184. Which of the following observed that “During the emergency the executive, for its political ends, has used the police”?

(a) Shah Commission

(b) Ribeiro Committee

(c) National Police Commission

(d) Malimath Committee

Answer: (a)

185. India entered into the nuclear club as the sixth member with the testing of a nuclear device in which year?

(a) 1996

(b) 1974

(c) 1991

(d) 1998

Answer: (b)

186. Who among the following gave the Structural Framework Approach?

(a) Max Weber

(b) Talcott Parsons

(c) Gabriel Almond

(d) William Mitchell

Answer: (c)

187. “Legal relations as well as forms of state could neither be understood by themselves, nor explained by the so-called general progress of the human mind, but that they are rooted in the conditions of life." Who among the following said this?

(a) Karl Marx

(b) Peter Kropotkin

(c) John Maynard Keynes

(d) Irving Fisher

Answer: (a)

188. Which of the following theories is credited to have changed the apologetic view of capitalism into a pragmatic one?

(a) Labour Theory of Value

(b) General Theory of Employment, Interest and Money.

(c) Comparative Cost Advantage Theory

(d) Competitive Market Advantage Theory

Answer: (b)

189. Which of the following is not paired correctly with regards to the theory of Origin of State?

(a) Thomas Hobbes – Omnipotent State

(b) John Locke – Limited State

(c) Rousseau – Democratic State

(d) Frederick Engels – Product of Natural Social Development

Answer: (d)

190. Who among the following said, "'The state represents violence in concentrated and organised form. The individual has a soul but the state is a soulless machine; it can never wean from violence to which it owes its very existence."?

(a) Karl Marx

(b) Herald Laski

(c) M.K. Gandhi

(d) BR Ambedkar

Answer: (c)

191. Hyperglobalist define globalisation as which among the following?

(a) A new epoch of history in which traditional nation-states have become 'unnatural, even impossible business units in a global economy'.

(b) The forces of globalisation are themselves dependent upon the regulatory power of national governments to make states globalise, liberalise and privatise

(c) Globalisation is 'transforming' the world and se[illegible] as a driving force behind the rapid social, political and economic changes that are reshapi[illegible]odern societies and a world order.

(d) A new form of Imperialism, they see it as an [illegible]ension of the neo-liberal conservative policies practiced by the advanced we[illegible]n co[illegible]ries to put their own economies in order as well as overcome global depression follo[illegible] oil crisis of the 1970s and 80s.

Answer: (a)

192. Which of the following statements is incorrect?

(a) The United Front Government came to power in 1989

(b) The BJP did not support the United Front Government

(c) The Left supported the United Front Government

(d) The Congress supported the United Front Government

Answer: (a)

193. According to Thomas Aquinas, a general principle such as 'serious promises should not be lightly broken' is an example of which of the following?

(a) Logical deduction

(b) Fist principles

(c) Self-deduction

(d) Self-Evident

Answer: (d)

194. What is the reason behind the human consciousness becoming moral?
(1) He/she has been continuously asking himself the question what he is?
(2) Because he becomes more aware of himself as a human person.
(3) Because the more human person becomes himself/herself the more he she becomes conscious of what he/she should be.

(a) Only (1)

(b) Only (2)

(c) Only (3)

(d) (1), (2) and (3)

Answer: (a)

195. What is the immediate ontological foundation of the moral order?

(a) Salient moments

(b) Love

(c) Moral precepts

(d) Human interrelatedness

Answer: (d)

196. As human person becomes more and more conscious of himself as human – as an individual and as a social being -

(a) he/she becomes more conscious of his/her first principles and of his/her rights and duties as a human person

(b) he/she becomes more conscious of his/her human moral precepts and of his/her rights and duties as a human person

(c) he/she becomes more conscious of his/her moral consciousness and of his/her rights and duties as a human person

(d) he/she becomes more conscious of his/her human inter-relatedness and of his/her rights and duties as a human person

Answer: (d)

197. Ethics is the philosophical treatise which studies human behaviour and tries to determine what is right or wrong behaviour. It is also called?

(a) Behavioural philosophy

(b) Moral philosophy

(c) Empirical Knowledge

(d) Critical Ontology

Answer: (b)

198. Karel Vasak has sought to classify the historical development of human rights according to the French revolutionary slogan -

(a) Liberty, Equality and Fraternity

(b) Justice, Liberty and Equality

(c) Sovereign, Socialist and Secular

(d) Liberty, Equality and Secular

Answer: (a)

199. Which of the following was not the goal of the World Conference on Human Rights held at Vienna in 1993?

(a) Confirmation of universality of Human Right.

(b) Establishment of equal validity for social and economic rights along with civil and political rights and the right to development.

(c) Expansion of the sphere of accountability of the sovereign state.

(d) Widely hoped co-ordination of efforts of the individual and nongovernmental organizations under the spearheading leadership of the UNO.

Answer: (d)

200. Who among the following said that "Life, the continuation of the body in time, and liberty, the unhindered movement of the body, became two of the highest moral values"?

(a) Bhikhu Parekh

(b) Upendra Baxi

(c) Robert Benewick

(d) Ramin Jahanbegloo

Answer: (a)

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201. Which of the following is not one of the advantages of British rule in India?

(a) Encouraging Jobs under British government

(b) Laying of railways

(c) Encouraging social reforms

(d) Bringing entire India under one adm[illegible]umbrella.

Answer: (a)

202. In which year was the Backward and Minority Communities Employees Federation (BAMCEF) formed?

(a) 1972

(b) 1974

(c) 1976

(d) 1978

Answer: (d)

203. The Convention on Wetlands of international importance especially as waterfowl habitat was ratified in which year?

(a) 1971

(b) 1972

(c) 1973

(d) 1974

Answer: (a)

204. The Telangana Agitation started in the year:

(a) 1943

(b) 1945

(c) 1947

(d) 1969

Answer: (d)

205. Which of the following personalities founded Self-Employed Women's Association (SEWA) in the year 1972? She also worked with the Gandhian women trade union called Textile Labour Association.

(a) Raghubir Kaur

(b) C.K.Janu

(c) Susheela Gopalan

(d) Ela Bhatt

Answer: (d)

206. In 1977, the Government of India appointed Ashok Mehta Committee for which of the following reasons?

(a) Introduction of Panchayati Raj System

(b) For regular elections of Panchayati Raj

(c) Revive and strengthen the Panchayati Raj System

(d) To analyse the development at the grass root l[illegible]

Answer: (c)

207. Which amendment introduced the third tier of [illegible]vernment in the Indian Democracy?

(a) 67th Amendment

(b) 74th Amendment

(c) 73th Amendment

(d) Both 73rd & 74th Amendments

Answer: (d)

208. Given below are two statements, one labeled as Assertion (A) and other as Reason (R):
Select the correct answer from the code given below:
Assertion (A): Political parties have continued to remain in the centre of Indian politics.
Reason (R): Opinion polls in India have repeatedly shown that people generally vote more for the party than for the candidate

(a) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A).

(b) Both (A) and (R) are true, but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A).

(c) (A) is true, but (R) is false.

(d) (A) is false, but (R) is true.

Answer: (b)

209. Who has written the book titled 'Politics in India'?

(a) Louis Dumont

(b) Atul Kohli

(c) Rajni Kothari

(d) Sanjib Baruah

Answer: (c)

210. Consider the following statements with regard to Public Policy:
A. Public policy is an action which employs governmental authority to commit resources in support of a preferred value.
B. It is a strategy for achieving public goals through the management and allocation of power, rights, resources, information, and inducements.
C. In democratic forms of government, the major part of public policies are made in the parliament through legislative processes.
D. The domain of public policy is very limited and it includes only those matters that concerns defence, agriculture and health.
Select the incorrect answer from the code given below:

(a) B and C

(b) C and D

(c) Only B

(d) Only D

Answer: (d)

211. Consider the following statements with regard to Political Processes:
A. Political processes can be reduced to the preferences or behaviour of individuals, but are also conditioned by group actions and interacti
B. These groups-their solidarities and their co[illegible]nake independent contributions to determining political outcomes.
C. "Representation" is the exclusive key relationship between such groups and the making of authoritative decisions.
D. This relationship is increasingly structured through specialised, "legally constituted" organisations with identifiable and reproducible boundaries.
Select the correct statement from the code given below:

(a) B and C

(b) B and D

(c) Only A

(d) Only D

Answer: (b)

212. In which year was the first summit of NAM held?

(a) 1961

(b) 1966

(c) 1972

(d) 1978

Answer: (a)

213. Who led the Narmada Bachao Andolan movement?

(a) Baba Amte
(b) Medha Patkar
(c) Sunderlal Bahuguna
(d) Rajendra Singh

Answer: (b)

214. Bias towards party interest is attributable to which of the following kinds of bureaucracy?

(a) Guardian bureaucracy
(b) Caste bureaucracy
(c) Patronage bureaucracy
(d) Merit bureaucracy

Answer: (c)

215. Which of the following is the first major reform that brought in democracy in Britain?

(a) Reforms Act, 1832
(b) Reforms Act, 1842
(c) Reforms Act, 1822
(d) Reforms Act, 1852

Answer: (a)

216. Bentham started and financed the Westminster ir ..... .

(a) 1823
(b) 1820
(c) 1822
(d) 1824

Answer: (d)

217. Which of the following was the first of the 15 Soviet republics to declare its independence?

(a) Tajikistan
(b) Latvia
(c) Lithuania
(d) Estonia

Answer: (c)

218. The book titled 'The Bureaucratisation of the World' is written by:

(a) Herbert Spencer
(b) Michel Foucault
(c) Bruno Rizzi
(d) Harriet Martineau

Answer: (c)

219. Consider the following statements with regard to Communist Parties:
A. Initially, European communist parties were organised on the pattern of socialist parties, but after 1924, they followed the pattern of Soviet Communist Party.
B. Communist parties follow the principle of 'democratic Centralism', which implies democratic participation of members in party structure, but centralised decision making and supervision.
C. At different levels in the party, discussion does take place, but directions of the leadership can never be violated or defied.
D. No other party anywhere in the world, except perhaps the Fascist parties, is so rigidly based on ideology as the communist parties are.
Select the correct statement from the code given below:

(a) A and D
(b) A and B
(c) Only C
(d) A, B, C, D

Answer: (d)

220. Which of the following has written the book titled 'Women's Role in Economic Development'?

(a) Ester Boserup
(b) Elinor Ostrom
(c) Olivia S. Mitchell
(d) Thomas Robert Malthus

Answer: (a)

Discipline7

221. India's first major science policy, the S[illegible]olicy Resolution (SPR) was drafted in which year?

(a) 1964
(b) 1958
(c) 1983
(d) 1971

Answer: (b)

222. In early 1947, Hindustan Mazdoor Sevak Sangh was set up with the

(a) Calcutta Textile Workers
(b) Bombay Textile Workers
(c) Sabarmati Textile Workers
(d) Ahmedabad Textile Workers

Answer: (d)

224. Under which Article of the Constitution, every resident, adult citizen of sound mind, and not legally barred on grounds of crime, corruption or illegal practice, is entitled to be registered as a voter?

(a) Article 224

(b) Article 225

(c) Article 326

(d) Article 329

Answer: (c)

225. Which of the following statements is not correct about the Directive Principles of State Policy?

(a) A more direct activist role of the state in bringing forth socio-economic transformation was assigned by the Constitution of India through Directive Principles of State Policy.

(b) These principles are directly enforceable by the law courts.

(c) The courts, while interpreting the Constitution, including the Fundamental Rights, are to be guided by them.

(d) The Constitution enjoins the state to regard them as fundamental in governance and to apply them when making laws.

Answer: (b)

226. The state shall, within the limits of its economic capacity and development, make effective provision for securing the right to work, to education and to public assistance in case of unemployment, old age, sickness and disablement, and in other cases of undeserved want. This is as per which article?

(a) Article 41

(b) Article 44

(c) Article 47

(d) Article 40

Answer: (a)

227. Which Article states that the state shall endeavour to develop agriculture and industry along modern scientific lines?

(a) Article 148

(b) Article 39

(c) Article 48

(d) Article 114

Answer: (c)

228. Who argued that sovereignty is the creation of a social contract and the sovereign is that individual or assembly who is authorised to will for the general purpose?

(a) Jean Bodin

(b) David Held

(c) Jean-Jacques Rousseau

(d) Thomas Hobbes

Answer: (d)

229. Which of the following is not a kind of Sovereignty?

(a) Real and Titular Sovereignty

(b) Implicit and Explicit Sovereignty

(c) Dejure and Defacto Sovereignty

(d) Legal and Political Sovereignty

Answer: (b)

230. Which of the following statements is not correct about Austin's Concept of Sovereignty?

(a) Sovereignty is necessary for the state. Sovereignty is one of the four elements of the state. There cannot be a state without sovereignty.

(b) Sovereignty has to be determinate. It resides in a person or a body of persons. State is a legal order in which the sovereignty can be located very clearly.

(c) Sovereign is the supreme power in the state. He is the source of all authority in the state. His authority is unlimited and absolute. He does not take commands from any one as nobody has a right to command him.

(d) The rights and liberties of the individual also culminate from the sovereign and do not restrict the operation of the individuals' sovereignty.

Answer: (d)

231. In the state of _____, the Communist Party came to power in 1957. This was the first time in the world, a Communist party government had come to power through democratic elections.

(a) West Bengal

(b) Karnataka

(c) Kerala

(d) Punjab

Answer: (c)

232. Marx in his history of ideas puts three main explainations of how the human societies have developed over the years. Which of the following is not one of them?

(a) Spiritualist Interpretation

(b) Idealist Interpretation

(c) Realist Interpretation

(d) Materialist Interpretation

Answer: (c)

233. When was Meghalaya carved out of Assam?

(a) 1970

(b) 1971

(c) 1972

(d) 1973

Answer: (c)

234. A legal proceeding during which an individual's right to hold an office or governmental privilege is challenged is called -

(a) Writ certiorari
(b) Writ of quo warranto
(c) Writ of mandamus
(d) Writ of prohibition

Answer: (b)

235. The president addresses both the Houses of Parliament assembled together:

(a) during emergency session summoned for the purpose
(b) every session
(c) first session after each general election and the first session of each year
(d) any session

Answer: (c)

237. The Idea of five year plan was adopted in India from?

(a) The United States of America
(b) Japan
(c) United Soviet socialist republics
(d) Australia

Answer: (c)

238. The socialist model of development was relatec -

(a) The USA
(b) Europe
(c) USSR
(d) Pakistan

Answer: (c)

239. Indira Gandhi got the Congress working committee to adopt the ten-point programme in _____

(a) April 1967
(b) May 1967
(c) June 1967
(d) July1967

Answer: (b)

240. An American general, Norman Schwarzkopf, led the UN coalition against Iraq in which of the following UN Operation?

(a) Operation Desert Strom
(b) Operation Terror Freedom
(c) Operation Black Commando
(d) Operation Iraq Freedom

Answer: (a)

Discipline8

241. Which party dominates the political affairs of Maldives?

(a) Maldivian democratic party
(b) Maldivian socialist party
(c) Maldivian Communist party
(d) Maldivian republic party

Answer: (a)

242. Trygve Lie was the first secretary general of UN. He was from which of the following Countries?

(a) Germany
(b) Norway
(c) France
(d) Italy

Answer: (b)

243. Which among the following Prime Minister of India led the first coalition government of India?

(a) Indira Gandhi
(b) Chandra Shekhar
(c) Charan Singh
(d) Morarji Desai

Answer: (d)

244. The railway strike of 1974 was called by George Fernandes when he was the President of:

(a) All India Railwaymen's Federation
(b) Rail Mazdoor Sangh
(c) Bharatiya Kamgar Sena
(d) Railway Employees' Union

Answer: (a)

245. By which year had India completely started using EVMs in elections?

(a) 1984
(b) 1992
(c) 2004
(d) 2010

Answer: (c)

246. The Indian leader who is the first recipient of Bharat Ratna award is -

(a) Balraj Madhok
(b) Rajagopalachari
(c) B. R. Ambedkar
(d) K.M. Munshi

Answer: (b)

247. Swatantra Party was formed in which of the following years?

(a) 1952
(b) 1955
(c) 1959
(d) 1961

Answer: (c)

248. Which country in central Asia witnessed a civil war that went on for Ten years?

(a) Azerbaijan
(b) Tajikistan
(c) Uzbekistan
(d) Turkmenistan

Answer: (b)

249. In America, when the President's post falls vacant (resignation, death, impeachment, etc) then who of the following takes over as President?

(a) Vice President
(b) The Judge of Supreme Court
(c) The Governor of the state of Washington
(d) The Chief of Defence

Answer: (a)

250. In the year 1997, Mr. Indra Kumar Gujral, elected Prime Minister was a member of _____

(a) Lok Sabha
(b) Rajya Sabha
(c) member of State Legislature for Gujarat
(d) Member of State Legislature from Kerala

Answer: (b)

251. By which Article of the Constitution can the Rajya Sabha pass a bill with 2/3rd majority and establish one or more all India services?

(a) Article 356
(b) Article 256
(c) Article 312
(d) Article 96

Answer: (c)

252. When was Rajeev Gandhi assassinated?

(a) 21st June, 1992
(b) 21st May, 1991
(c) 30th May, 1991
(d) 20th May, 1990

Answer: (b)

253. How many members are there in Public Accounts Committee?

(a) 20

(b) 22

(c) 24

(d) 18

Answer: (b)

254. On 19 March 2003, the US launched its invasion of Iraq under the code name -

(a) Operation Iraqi Freedom

(b) Operation Terror Freedom

(c) Operation War On Terrorism

(d) Operation Red

Answer: (a)

255. _____ theory in political analysis assumes that individuals tend to use actions that bring them the best results.

(a) Game theory

(b) Grey Theory

(c) Damp Theory

(d) Race theory

Answer: (a)

256. Easton's conceptual framework evolved in ____ phases

(a) 2

(b) 3

(c) 4

(d) 5

Answer: (b)

257. Which of the following does not come under the purview of Civil Case?

(a) Divorce between Husband and Wife

(b) Property

(c) Robbery

(d) Breach of Contract

Answer: (c)

258. Parties act as a check against the tendency of absolutism which is also known as:
1. Caesarism
2. Bonapartism
3. Multi-partisan

(a) Only 1

(b) Only 2

(c) Only 3

(d) 1, 2 and 3

Answer: (c)

259. The Red Empire (USSR) was disintegrated in which of the following years?

(a) 1991
(b) 1989
(c) 1992
(d) 1993

Answer: (a)

260. The Vice President of India is:

(a) The de facto President of the National Human Rights Commission
(b) The Speaker of the Lok Sabha
(c) Ex-Officio Chairman/Chairperson of the Rajya Sabha
(d) The de facto representative of India to the UN General Assembly

Answer: (c)

Discipline9

261. A trans-national state is known for having a ..... .

(a) Divided sovereignty
(b) Sole Centre of power
(c) United power
(d) Divided Power

Answer: (a)

262. The full form of MFN is:

(a) Most favourite nation
(b) Multi favored nations
(c) Most favored nation
(d) Most Forward nation

Answer: (c)

263. Which of the following theories is not regarding origin of States?

(a) Divine theory
(b) Marxian theory
(c) force theory
(d) Braid theory

Answer: (d)

264. _____ said, Mill is a messenger of “Hollow Liberty”.

(a) Auguste Comte
(b) Georg Simme
(c) Barker
(d) Aristotle

Answer: (c)

265. Who wrote "The Indian Constitution: Cornerstone of a Nation"?

(a) Granville Austin
(b) Amritya Sen
(c) Hobbs
(d) John Rawls

Answer: (a)

266. According to Marxists the main test of the injustice in society is:

(a) Poverty
(b) Richness
(c) Exploitation
(d) Mode of Production

Answer: (c)

267. Who is writer of the book “Who were Shudras”?

(a) APJ Abdul kalam
(b) Atal Bihari Vajpayee
(c) Salman Khurshid
(d) B.R. Ambedkar

Answer: (d)

268. By welfare state, citizens should be given the gu ntee of minimal ..... .

(a) Land
(b) Wealth
(c) House
(d) Standard of living

Answer: (d)

269. Supreme court and High Court have:
1. Judicial review power 2. Impeachment power 3. Power of removing Governor

(a) Only 1
(b) Only 2
(c) Only 3
(d) 1, 2 and 3

Answer: (a)

270. In which among the following cases, the Supreme Court of India propounded the theory of basic structure of the Constitution?

(a) Gopalan vs. State of Madras
(b) Golak Nath
(c) Keshvanand Bharati
(d) Minerva Mills

Answer: (c)

271. Which among the following are the three types of services envisaged in the Constitution of India?

(a) Navy Service, Air force Service and Army Service

(b) Civil Service, Military Service and Paramilitary Service

(c) All-India services, Central services and State services

(d) First Grade Service, Second Grade Service and Third Grade Services

Answer: (c)

272. Once a Budget has been presented in the Parliament, the government has to get all money bills related to the union budget passed within __?

(a) 30 Days

(b) 60 Days

(c) 75 Days

(d) 90 Days

Answer: (c)

273. Which Case normally does not come across Lok Adalat?

(a) Compensation Cased pertaining to Motor Accidents

(b) Murder Cases

(c) Marriage Cases

(d) Labourer Compensation Cases

Answer: (b)

274. Objective Resolution was moved in the first session of the Constituent Assembly on 13, December, _____ by Jawahar Lal Nehru

(a) 1945

(b) 1946

(c) 1947

(d) 1948

Answer: (b)

275. The book “Reasonableness of Christianity” was published in ..... .

(a) 1695

(b) 1660

(c) 1690

(d) 1692

Answer: (a)

276. Locke's first Treatise was written during ..... .

(a) 1679–1680

(b) 1685–1686

(c) 1683–1684

(d) 1680–1681

Answer: (a)

277. Friedrich Wilhelm Nietzsche characterised Platonism as the intellectual side of ..... .

(a) Islam
(b) Farzi
(c) Christianity
(d) Yahudi

Answer: (c)

278. Which of the following is not in the ten principles of social justice?

(a) Human Dignity
(b) Solidarity
(c) Promotion of peace
(d) Promotion of political ideology

Answer: (d)

279. Aristotle was born at _____ in Northern Greece.

(a) Macedon
(b) Athens
(c) Stagira
(d) Chalcis

Answer: (c)

280. Nicomachus was a court physician to king _____ _ .

(a) Amyntas III
(b) Alexander
(c) Xenocrates
(d) Syracuse

Answer: (a)

Teaching Methodology

281. In the preliminary and primary level the fundamental subject is EVS, which is the combination of Science and Social Science, but at the upper primary level it has been distributed in various subjects among them which of the following subjects is not included?

(a) History
(b) Geography
(c) Political Science
(d) Psychology

Answer: (d)

282. Our Education experts always have given enough emphasis on Activity Based Learning. These Activity based questions make Social Science lessons:

(a) Comprehensive

(b) Sorrowful

(c) Non lengthy

(d) Joyful

Answer: (d)

283. A good teacher always needs to use various kinds of Teaching Aids to make the teaching procedure more and more fruitful. According to you which type of teaching aids are most useful in the learning Social Science?

(a) Audio-visual aids

(b) Clay

(c) Museum

(d) Drawing Tools

Answer: (a)

284. A modern man first need to learn past for the better learning of the present. According to you the study of Social Science and EVS is necessary for
(1) The development of infra-structure facilities
(2) The understanding of educational problems
(3) The understanding of the socio-cultural structure and its relation with environment

(a) Only (1)

(b) Only (2)

(c) Only (3)

(d) (1) (2) and (3)

Answer: (c)

285. According to you as a teacher of Political Science which of the following approaches have been considered while developing social and political life textbooks for the upper primary and Secondary level?
A. Learning through retention based on facts and data.
B. Learning through use of concrete examples and experiences.

(a) Only B

(b) Only A

(c) Both A and B

(d) Neither A nor B

Answer: (a)

286. Every time the situation takes under the scanner at the time of teaching debatable and controversial. According to you while teaching controversial issues in Social Science class, one should always:

(a) Completely avoid confrontations.

(b) Conduct brief discussions

(c) Take them up occasionally

(d) Take them up with proper planning to initiate a dignified discussion

Answer: (d)

287. A teacher always should prepare a proper lesson planning and keep a record of it every time. You should plan your lesson always keeping the linkage area of the child's life at school .The suggestion of National Curriculum Framework (2005) is that Social Science must link a child's life at school with:

(a) life outside the orthodox classroom

(b) life inside the orthodox classroom

(c) only bookish knowledge

(d) expectation of teacher

Answer: (a)

288. As a teacher you are given two choices one to teach EVS at the primary level and another to teach Social Science at the upper primary level. You have opted for Social Science. What according to you the classroom processes involving in Social Science helps in developing:-

(a) Skill

(b) Knowledge

(c) Expression

(d) Skill, knowledge and expression

Answer: (d)

289. Which of the of the followings indicates child's physical growth?

(a) Positive

(b) Negative

(c) Comparative

(d) Quantitative

Answer: (d)

290. The suggestion of National Curriculum Framework (2005) is for the upgradation of Education Policy to make it most effective and Positive.
What according to you is the best method to study growth and development of the child ?

(a) Psychoanalytic Method

(b) Developmental Method

(c) Qualitive Method

(d) Social Method

Answer: (b)

291. The Expert Child Psychologists are working day and night for inventing better educational policy for our child, PSRN is also a part of this invention. Term PSRN in child development implies:

(a) Perceptual skill, reasoning and numeracy

(b) Problem solving relationship and numeracy

(c) Problem solving, reasoning and numeracy

(d) Perceptual skill only

Answer: (c)

292. From the ancient ages we have heard from many stories the thoughts like “Failure is the Pillar of Success” , “Man made mistakes” etc A similar statement is “Individual learns from his own mistakes” This based on which learning theory according to you?

(a) Classical conditioning

(b) Insight of the Out side

(c) Trial & Error

(d) Instrumental conditioning

Answer: (c)

293. Which of the following statements is not true ?

(a) Education is a goal-oriented process

(b) Learning is a process of behavioral changes

(c) Growth is a biological process

(d) Development is a quantitative process

Answer: (d)

294. Which of the following is not the tool f Form ve Assessment in scholastic domain?

(a) Communication Skill

(b) MCQs

(c) Projects Works

(d) Oral Questions

Answer: (c)

295. Which of the following statement is not true in case of MCQs ?

(a) All choices appear to be plausible

(b) Even an inexperienced teacher can prepare the questions easily

(c) Only one of the choices is the correct answer

(d) Error-free and quick evaluation is possible by computer

Answer: (b)

296. According to John Dewey, schools must prepare students for

(a) political career

(b) present life

(c) future life

(d) entrepreneurship

Answer: (c)

297. A Teacher is supposed to be the Friend Philosopher and Guide. He should plan his evaluation while keeping in mind all types of learning aspects.
As a teacher of Political Science, according to you what type of evaluation identifies learning deficiencies and difficulties of the learners?

(a) Formative
(b) Summative
(c) Assertive
(d) Diagnostic

Answer: (d)

298. As people grow older, the _____ of learning _____.

(a) fluently, declines
(b) quantity, declines
(c) quality, declines
(d) speed, declines

Answer: (d)

299. A teacher should always inculcate good behaviors and manners among his/her students.
Which from the following should be used to increase correct responses and appropriate behavior?

(a) Arrogance
(b) Reward
(c) Praise
(d) Bet

Answer: (c)

300. As a teacher of Upper Primary Level with special reference to Political Science while preparing the blue-print for a test which one of the following is not taken into consideration?

(a) Object
(b) Instructional objectives
(c) Subjective Knowledge
(d) Teaching time

Answer: (d)

Answer key

Answer key from the Delhi Subordinate Services Selection Board's official answer key for this sitting. "—" means the key gave none.

Mental Ability

1	**(b)**	2	**(c)**	3	**(c)**	4	**(d)**	5	**(d)**	6	**(a)**	7	**(b)**	8	**(b)**
9	**(c)**	10	**(d)**	11	**(d)**	12	**(c)**	13	**(d)**	16	**(c)**				

General Awareness

21	**(c)**	22	**(d)**	23	**(c)**	24	**(b)**	25	**(a)**	26	**(b)**	27	**(b)**	28	**(a)**
29	**(d)**	30	**(a)**	31	**(a)**	32	**(d)**	33	**(b)**	34	**(b)**	35	**(d)**	36	**(d)**
37	**(a)**	38	**(c)**	39	**(d)**	40	**(c)**								

Arithmetic Ability

45	**(d)**	46	**(d)**	47	**(c)**	48	**(c)**	49	**(a)**	50	**(b)**	51	**(b)**	52	**(b)**
53	**(c)**	54	**(d)**	55	**(b)**	57	**(d)**								

General English

61	**(b)**	62	**(a)**	65	**(c)**	66	**(d)**	67	**(d)**	68	**(b)**	69	**(b)**	70	**(a)**
71	**(c)**	72	**(a)**	73	**(b)**	74	**(c)**	75	**(d)**	76	**(d)**	77	**(a)**	79	**(c)**

Discipline1

101	**(a)**	102	**(b)**	104	**(d)**	105	**(a)**	[illegible]	**(d)**	107	**(a)**	108	**(d)**	109	**(d)**
110	**(a)**	111	**(c)**	112	**(a)**	113	[illegible]	5	**(d)**	116	**(d)**	117	**(a)**	118	**(a)**
119	**(d)**	120	**(b)**												

Discipline2

121	**(a)**	122	**(b)**	123	**(a)**	124	**(b)**	125	**(b)**	126	**(a)**	127	**(a)**	128	**(d)**
129	**(b)**	130	**(b)**	131	**(c)**	132	**(c)**	133	**(d)**	134	**(d)**	135	**(a)**	136	**(c)**
137	**(b)**	138	**(b)**	139	**(c)**	140	**(c)**								

Discipline3

141	**(a)**	142	**(d)**	143	**(c)**	144	**(a)**	145	**(b)**	146	**(d)**	147	**(a)**	148	**(c)**
150	**(b)**	151	**(b)**	152	**(c)**	153	**(b)**	154	**(a)**	155	**(c)**	156	**(d)**	157	**(c)**
158	**(b)**	159	**(c)**	160	**(b)**										

Discipline4

161	**(c)**	162	**(d)**	163	**(a)**	164	**(b)**	165	**(d)**	166	**(d)**	167	**(d)**	168	**(b)**
169	**(d)**	170	**(b)**	171	**(c)**	172	**(a)**	173	**(d)**	174	**(c)**	175	**(b)**	176	**(d)**
177	**(b)**	178	**(a)**	179	**(d)**	180	**(c)**								

Discipline5

181	**(a)**	182	**(b)**	183	**(c)**	184	**(a)**	185	**(b)**	186	**(c)**	187	**(a)**	188	**(b)**
189	**(d)**	190	**(c)**	191	**(a)**	192	**(a)**	193	**(d)**	194	**(a)**	195	**(d)**	196	**(d)**
197	**(b)**	198	**(a)**	199	**(d)**	200	**(a)**								

Discipline6

201	**(a)**	202	**(d)**	203	**(a)**	204	**(d)**	205	**(d)**	206	**(c)**	207	**(d)**	208	**(b)**
209	**(c)**	210	**(d)**	211	**(b)**	212	**(a)**	213	**(b)**	214	**(c)**	215	**(a)**	216	**(d)**
217	**(c)**	218	**(c)**	219	**(d)**	220	**(a)**								

Discipline7

221	**(b)**	222	**(d)**	224	**(c)**	225	**(b)**	226	**(a)**	227	**(c)**	228	**(d)**	229	**(b)**
230	**(d)**	231	**(c)**	232	**(c)**	233	**(c)**	234	**(b)**	235	**(c)**	237	**(c)**	238	**(c)**
239	**(b)**	240	**(a)**												

Discipline8

241	**(a)**	242	**(b)**	243	**(d)**	244	**(a)**	245	**(c)**	246	**(b)**	247	**(c)**	248	**(b)**
249	**(a)**	250	**(b)**	251	**(c)**	252	**(b)**	253	**(b)**	254	**(a)**	255	**(a)**	256	**(b)**
257	**(c)**	258	**(c)**	259	**(a)**	260	**(c)**								

Discipline9

261	**(a)**	262	**(c)**	263	**(d)**	264	**(c)**		**(a)**	266	**(c)**	267	**(d)**	268	**(d)**
269	**(a)**	270	**(c)**	271	**(c)**	272	**(c)**	3	**(b)**	274	**(b)**	275	**(a)**	276	**(a)**
277	**(c)**	278	**(d)**	279	**(c)**	280									

Teaching Methodology

281	**(d)**	282	**(d)**	283	**(a)**	284	**(c)**	285	**(a)**	286	**(d)**	287	**(a)**	288	**(d)**
289	**(d)**	290	**(b)**	291	**(c)**	292	**(c)**	293	**(d)**	294	**(c)**	295	**(b)**	296	**(c)**
297	**(d)**	298	**(d)**	299	**(c)**	300	**(d)**								