PREVIOUS YEAR PAPER

DSSSB PGT Graphics (Male) 2021 — 29 July 2021, Shift 1

DSSSB PGT · 29 July 2021 · Shift 1

262 of the paper's 300 questions · +1 for a correct answer, −0.25 for a wrong one · 180 minutes

Left out of the original paper: 38 (any question that needs a figure, a symbol or formatting we cannot show, or whose text did not read back cleanly from the booklet).

Questions from the Delhi Subordinate Services Selection Board's paper of 29 July 2021, Shift 1. Each question is followed by its answer, and the answer key is repeated on the last page.

Take it as a timed practice test: exambharo.com/dsssb-pgt/previous-year-papers/dsssb-pgt-2021-graphics-male-29-jul-shift-1/

Mental Ability

1. Arrange the given words in the sequence in which they occur in the dictionary.
1. NOSTALGIA
2. NOSE
3. NONAGON
4. NECTAR
5. NONSENSE

(a) 53142

(b) 12354

(c) 24135

(d) 43521

Answer: (d)

2. Find the missing term in the following seri
A0D, G1J, M4P, S9V, _____

(a) Z9C

(b) Y25A

(c) Z9B

(d) Y16B

Answer: (d)

3. Out of the given options, three are similar in a certain manner. However, one option is NOT like the other three. Select the option which is different from the rest.

(a) ABCD : BADC

(b) MNOP : NMPO

(c) HIJK : IHJK

(d) STUV : TSVU

Answer: (c)

4. Out of the given options, three are similar in a certain manner. However, one option is NOT like the other three. Select the option which is different from the rest.

(a) Truck
(b) Car
(c) Scooter
(d) Submarine

Answer: (d)

5. Select the option that is related to the third term on the same basis as the second term is related to the first term.
Bed : Bedroom :: Fridge : ?

(a) Restroom
(b) Kitchen
(c) Terrace
(d) Garage

Answer: (b)

6. Select the pair that is related on the same basis to the pair given in the question.
Painter : Roller :: ?

(a) Artist : Oximeter
(b) Gardener : Shovel
(c) Blacksmith : Scissor
(d) Tailor : Hammer

Answer: (b)

7. In a certain code language if TEMPERATU[illegible]ed as 153, PRESSURE is coded as 129, then what will ELECTRICITY be coded as?

(a) 145
(b) 140
(c) 121
(d) 119

Answer: (b)

8. In a certain code if '587' means 'transport and transfer', '428' means 'transport via train', and '219' means 'train is comfortable', then what will be the code of 'via'?

(a) 5
(b) 1
(c) 4
(d) 8

Answer: (c)

9. If X + Y means X is the brother of Y; X - Y means X is the sister of Y and X × Y means X is the father of Y. Which of the following means that R is the son of P?

(a) P - Q × R + S

(b) S - R + Q × P

(c) Q + P - S × R

(d) P × Q - R + S

Answer: (d)

10. There is a group of ten friends. Out of the ten, six are female namely, Anita, Barsha, Chinki, Daisy, Emma and Fatima and four male namely, Pankaj, Qazi, Rohit and Subham. They together form a new team of six members following some criteria.
1. Barsha and Daisy should be together.
2. Chinki will not team up with Qazi.
3. Fatima will not be in the same team as Anita or Daisy.
4. Pankaj and Rohit will always be together.
5. Pankaj will not form a team with Subham.
6. Anita and Emma should be together.
If only one male person is there in the team, then which of the female will definitely not be in the team?

(a) Anita

(b) Daisy

(c) Chinki

(d) Fatima

Answer: (d)

11. In this question, a statement has been g fo ved by two assumptions numbered I and II. Analyse the two assumptions together and de hich of the assumptions is implicit in the statement.
Statement: If it is common to become a chartered accountant, I don't want to become a chartered accountant- a person X.
Assumptions:
I. The person has an aspiration of becoming a professional.
II. The person wants to achieve something which is not common.

(a) Only I is implicit

(b) Only II is implicit

(c) Both I and II are implicit

(d) None is implicit

Answer: (b)

12. In this question, three statements have been given followed by two conclusions numbered I and II. Assuming that all information in the statement is true, analyse the two conclusions together and determine whether any of them logically and definitely follow(s) from the information given in the statement.
Statement I: Some books are copies.
Statement II: Some copies are papers.
Statement III: Some papers are pens.
Conclusion: I) Some pens are books.
II) Some papers are copies.

(a) Only I follows

(b) Only II follows

(c) Both I and II follows

(d) Neither I nor II follows

Answer: (b)

13. Select the option that is related to the third number on the same basis as the second number is related to the first number.
8 : 64 :: 12 : ?

(a) 216

(b) 100

(c) 204

(d) 88

Answer: (a)

14. Find the wrong term in the following number ser .
89, 111, 92, 118, 95, 117

(a) 111

(b) 118

(c) 89

(d) 95

Answer: (b)

General Awareness

21. Pattadakal is famous for its Chalukya style of architecture that originated in Aihole and blended with the Nagara and Dravidian styles of architecture. It is located in _____.

(a) Gujarat

(b) Kerala

(c) Karnataka

(d) Tamil Nadu

Answer: (c)

22. Which among the following dance forms is also known as 'Matla Dance'?

(a) Tippani

(b) Gomph

(c) Lama

(d) Kathi

Answer: (a)

23. As announced in the Budget 2021, _____ crores is the disinvestment target for 2021-22.

(a) Rs 2 lakh

(b) Rs 1.5 lakh

(c) Rs 2.25 lakh

(d) Rs 1.75 lakh

Answer: (d)

24. What is the repo rate as per Reserve Bank of India's Monetary policy as of 20 May 2021?

(a) 6 percent

(b) 4 percent

(c) 3.35 percent

(d) 4.25 percent

Answer: (b)

25. _____ is the process in which the absorbed foor taken in by the body cells and used for energy, growth and repair.

(a) Egestion

(b) Ingestion

(c) Assimilation

(d) Absorption

Answer: (c)

26. Which among the following statements is incorrect?

(a) A motion which repeats itself identically after a fixed interval of time, is called a periodic motion.

(b) A periodic motion taking place to and fro or back and forth about a fixed point, is called rotational motion.

(c) The revolution of earth around the sun is periodic motion.

(d) The motion of a cyclist running on a straight road is Rectilinear motion.

Answer: (b)

27. Which among the following statements is incorrect?

(a) Igneous rocks are formed from molten rock deep inside the Earth.

(b) Sedimentary rocks are formed from layers of sand, silt, dead plants, and animal skeletons.

(c) Metamorphic rocks are formed from other rocks that are changed by heat and pressure underground.

(d) Sandstone is an example of igneous rock.

Answer: (d)

28. The Alamatti dam is built over which of the following rivers?

(a) Krishna

(b) Kaveri

(c) Chambal

(d) Ravi

Answer: (a)

29. The famous Kakori Train Dacoity took place in _____.

(a) 1920

(b) 1925

(c) 1930

(d) 1935

Answer: (b)

30. Which among the following Governor Generals is regarded as the father of local self-government in India?

(a) Lord Ripon

(b) Lord Mayo

(c) Lord Lytton

(d) Lord Dalhousie

Answer: (a)

31. In protest against the Jallianwala Bagh incident, R ndranath Tagore renounced his knighthood, which was bestowed upon him by the British in ___ .

(a) 1919

(b) 1909

(c) 1912

(d) 1915

Answer: (d)

32. Who among the following became the first person from India to win the prestigious Sheikh Zayed Book Award?

(a) Salman Rushdie

(b) Aamer Hussein

(c) Bapsi Sidhwa

(d) Tahera Qutbuddin

Answer: (d)

33. Which among the following is not a book written by Charles Dickens?

(a) A Tale of Two Cities

(b) Oliver Twist

(c) Arms and Man

(d) David Copperfield

Answer: (c)

34. Which among the following states reported the resurgence of the African Swine Fever (ASF) on 12th May 2021?

(a) Kerala

(b) Tamil Nadu

(c) Meghalaya

(d) Sikkim

Answer: (c)

35. _____ has been conferred with “Green Urja Award” for being the Leading Public Institution in Financing Institution for Renewable Energy this year by Indian Chamber of Commerce (ICC) in May 2021.

(a) Tata Power Solar

(b) Suzlon Energy Limited

(c) ReNew Power

(d) Indian Renewable Energy Development Agency Limited

Answer: (d)

36. The Union Health Ministry introduced a '_____-digit security code' feature on the Cowin portal on May 8, 2021 to to minimise errors for online vaccination bookings/ appointments.

(a) four

(b) six

(c) two

(d) seven

Answer: (a)

37. The Home Minister of Central Governmen[illegible]a is the common chairman of ____ zonal councils.

(a) ten

(b) two

(c) five

(d) seven

Answer: (c)

38. Article ____ of the Indian Constitution deals with the suspension of the Fundamental Rights guaranteed by Article 19.

(a) 352

(b) 346

(c) 351

(d) 358

Answer: (d)

39. Which among the following countries will host the fourth edition of the Winter Youth Olympic Games 2024?

(a) Austria

(b) Switzerland

(c) England

(d) South Korea

Answer: (d)

40. Who among the following has the highest number of 'Grand Slam' titles in Women's Singles as of 20th May 2021?

(a) Serena Williams

(b) Margaret Court

(c) Steffi Graf

(d) Helen Wills

Answer: (b)

Arithmetic Ability

41. What value will come in place of the question mark?
?% of 660 + 30% of 170 = 150

(a) 12

(b) 13

(c) 14

(d) 15

Answer: (d)

42. What value will come in place of the question mark?
37.5% of 800 + 25% of ? = 320

(a) 20

(b) 40

(c) 160

(d) 80

Answer: (d)

43. If in the marketing department of an MNC, the average salary per employee is Rs. 400, average salary of 10 senior employees is Rs. 550 per employee and average salary of the remaining staff is Rs. 100 per employee, what is the total number of employees working in the marketing department?

(a) 15

(b) 5

(c) 10

(d) 11

Answer: (a)

44. Aditi spends 48 % of her income for food, 25 % of the remaining on travelling, one third of the remaining on entertainment which is equal to Rs.
2600. If she saves the rest, then find her saving (in rupees).

(a) 5450

(b) 5200

(c) 6500

(d) 4800

Answer: (b)

45. In an exam, total marks gained by four students were 720.5. A got 10% less than B, B got 30% more than C and C got 25% less than D. If A got 175.5 marks, how much marks did D get in the examination?

(a) 200

(b) 150

(c) 175

(d) 250

Answer: (a)

46. Rohit sells the computer at Rs. 60,000. His profit increases by 5%, if he sells the computer at Rs. 62,500. Find the cost price of a computer.

(a) Rs. 30,000

(b) Rs. 40,000

(c) Rs. 50,000

(d) Rs. 60,000

Answer: (c)

47. A wholesaler sells goods to a retailer at a profit of 10% and the retailer sells it to a customer at a profit of 20%. If the customer pays Rs. 1,980, what had it cost (in Rs.) to the wholesaler?

(a) Rs. 1500

(b) Rs. 1515

(c) Rs. 1530

(d) Rs. 1560

Answer: (a)

48. The ratio of the prices of A and B is 6:11, and prices of C and D is 30:17. The price of C is Rs 1600 more than the price of B, and the price of D is Rs 1717. Find the price of A .

(a) Rs. 690

(b) Rs. 780

(c) Rs. 850

(d) Rs. 1080

Answer: (b)

49. A boy opened his piggy bank filled with coins. It contained Rs. 10, Rs. 5, Rs. 2 and Rs. 1 coins in the ratio 3: 1: 4: 2 respectively. If the piggy bank had a total of Rs. 180, how many total coins were there in the piggy bank?

(a) 30

(b) 40

(c) 50

(d) 60

Answer: (b)

50. Simple interest earned on a certain sum for 73 days at the rate of 66.66% per annum is Rs. 1,600. Find the compound interest earned on the same sum for 2 years at the rate of 25% per annum?

(a) Rs. 6720

(b) Rs. 6700

(c) Rs. 6000

(d) Rs. 6750

Answer: (d)

51. Two friends took loans of the same amount from a bank. The first friend got it at 10 Percent per annum compounded annually for 3 years and the second friend got it at the same rate and for the same time but on simple interest such that the difference between the interests for the first friend and the second friend is Rs. 310. Find the sum.

(a) Rs. 10,000

(b) Rs. 12,000

(c) Rs. 15,000

(d) Rs. 20,000

Answer: (a)

52. Ferrari and Ambassador are going from Delhi to Haryana. The difference and sum of their speeds are 40 km/hour and 60 km/hour respectively. If in a race Ferrari can finish 8 minutes earlier than Ambassador, then find the distance they both should cover.

(a) (4/5) km

(b) (5/4) km

(c) (5/3) km

(d) (7/3) km

Answer: (c)

53. A boy needs to reach the assessment centre in 5 hours, the journey itself is 350 km. If the boy has covered (2/7)th of the distance in 2 hours then what is the speed required to reach the destination 30 minutes early than the required time.

(a) 110 km/h

(b) 80 km/h

(c) 100 km/h

(d) 120 km/h

Answer: (c)

54. Teena alone can complete the drawing work in 2.5 days, working for 12 hours a day while Mary alone can complete the same work in 5 days, working 18 hours a day. In how many days can Teena and Mary together complete the drawing work if they worked 15 hours a day?

(a) 3 days

(b) 1.5 days

(c) 4 days

(d) 2 days

Answer: (b)

55. A total budget of Rs. 4,500 is assigned for the catering project. C alone can complete the project in 20 days; D alone can complete it in 30 days while E alone can complete it in 60 days if they work together by how much do the total earnings of C and E exceed the earnings of D?

(a) Rs. 3000

(b) Rs. 2000

(c) Rs. 1500

(d) Rs. 1000

Answer: (c)

56. A trapezium plate having two parallel sides of length 17 cm and 11 cm, and distance between them is 8 cm. Silver plating is to be done on the plate at a rate of Rs. 2 per sq cm. What will be the total cost of silver plating?

(a) Rs. 224

(b) Rs. 254

(c) Rs. 336

(d) Rs. 308

Answer: (a)

57. Three spherical balls of radius 9 cm, 12 cm and 15 cm are melted to form a new spherical ball. What is the radius (in cm) of the new ball?

(a) 17 cm

(b) 28 cm

(c) 18 cm

(d) 16 cm

Answer: (c)

General English

61. The sentence below has been divided into three parts. Select the part of the sentence that has an error. If the sentence has no error, select the option 'No Error'.
Without them, lowly federal agents would/ still be in the dark in identifying the/ combatants in this dreaded war.

(a) Without them, lowly federal agents would

(b) still be in the dark in identifying the

(c) combatants in this dreaded war.

(d) No error

Answer: (c)

62. The sentence below has been divided into three parts. Select the part of the sentence that has an error. If the sentence has no error, select the option 'No Error'.
Rakesh and me held our against/ the two goons looking to mug/ us in the dark alley on the 8th main street.

(a) Rakesh and me held our against

(b) the two goons looking to mug

(c) us in the dark alley on the 8th main street.

(d) No error

Answer: (a)

63. Select the word segment that substitutes (replaces) the bracketed word segment correctly and completes the sentence meaningfully. Select the option 'no correction required' if the sentence is correct as given.
The financial institutions have imposed heavy (fines and demanded that he settles all his) balances before they drag the matter to the court.

(a) fine and demands that he settles all his

(b) fines and demanded that he settle all his

(c) fines and has demanded that he settles all his

(d) No correction required

Answer: (b)

64. Select the word segment that substitutes (replaces) the bracketed word segment correctly and completes the sentence meaningfully. Select the option 'no correction required' if the sentence is correct as given.
She needs to know (where you are going.)

(a) where are you going?

(b) where you are going?

(c) where have you been going?

(d) No correction required

Answer: (d)

65. Fill in the blank with the most appropriate choice
It is their _____ pettishness and ignominious attitude towards their voters that makes the whole nation suffer.

(a) impermissible

(b) incorrigible

(c) interruptible

(d) unsusceptible

Answer: (b)

66. Fill in the blank with the most appropriate choice
It seems to me that this presents a very wimpy view of what is supposed to be an _____, all-powerful deity.

(a) omnipotent
(b) potent
(c) impotent
(d) prepotent

Answer: (a)

67. Some parts of a sentence have been jumbled up, and labelled P, Q, R and S. Select the option that gives the correct sequence in which these parts can be rearranged to form a meaningful and grammatically correct sentence.
He lacked neither
P. exerted himself
Q. and only
R. but was indolent
S. ambition nor capacity,
spasmodically.

(a) SPRQ
(b) SQRP
(c) SPQR
(d) SRQP

Answer: (d)

68. Select the word that is similar in meaning (SYNONYM) to the word given below Nebulous

(a) Ambiguous
(b) Definite
(c) Clear
(d) Defined

Answer: (a)

69. Select the word that is similar in meaning (SYNONYM) to the word given below Tacit

(a) Insinuated
(b) Stated
(c) Explicit
(d) Outspoken

Answer: (a)

70. Four words are given, out of which only one word is spelt correctly. Choose the correctly spelt word.

(a) Indemipotent
(b) Indemnipotent
(c) Indempotent
(d) Idempotent

Answer: (d)

71. Four words are given, out of which only one word is spelt correctly. Choose the correctly spelt word.

(a) Pharaoh
(b) Pharoh
(c) Phoroah
(d) Phoraoh

Answer: (a)

72. Select the most appropriate meaning of the given idiom Dark Horse

(a) One who was previously unknown and is now prominent.
(b) Something that ends at the last minute or last few seconds.
(c) When you are extremely desperate you need to take extremely desperate actions.
(d) To drink very heavily.

Answer: (a)

73. Select the most appropriate meaning of the given idiom Every Cloud Has A Silver Lining

(a) Be optimistic, even difficult times will lead to better days.
(b) Almost everything and anything has been included.
(c) An aggressive attack on someone by a group.
(d) An enjoyable day or circumstance.

Answer: (a)

74. Select the most appropriate 'one word ' for the e[illegible]essions given below Friendly remarks and jokes

(a) Banter
(b) Exemption
(c) Rapport
(d) Phishing

Answer: (a)

75. Select the most appropriate 'one word ' for the expressions given below Freedom from punishment, harm, or loss

(a) Recapitulate
(b) Virulent
(c) Acrimonious
(d) Impunity

Answer: (d)

76. What budgetary shortfalls were made in the town's public art museum?

(a) They were going to close it.
(b) They were going to demolish it.
(c) They were going to close it on Saturdays for one hour.
(d) They were going to close it on Saturdays for one month.

Answer: (d)

77. When did the public art museum open?

(a) 1975

(b) 1981

(c) 1983

(d) 1972

Answer: (a)

80. What conclusion does the speaker reach to keep the museum open during the Saturday hours?

(a) To have it be close on some other day instead of Saturday.

(b) A slight increase in taxes to overcome the budgetary cuts.

(c) Elect a town representative and follow democratic process.

(d) To collect donations from the ton members and buy the museum.

Answer: (b)

Discipline1

101. Why is it said "Natura Artis Magistra." or “Nature is the teacher of art.”?
Select the most relevant answer.

(a) Art is either a replica or inspiration taken from nature. Art can help us to connect and gain an understanding of nature.

(b) Art is not a replica or inspiration taken from nature. Art cannot help us to connect and gain an understanding of nature.

(c) Art has been variously defined as imitation or representation as a medium for the transmission of feelings.

(d) Art is the historical and social setting constituted by the changing practices and conventions of art, the heritage of works, the intentions of artists, the writings of critics, and so forth.

Answer: (a)

102. What is Art-Based Perceptual Ecology?

(a) Functional and procedural approach to art.

(b) Using art-based research methods, such as the shadow drawing exercise, an Art Based Perceptual Ecology method that communicates a visual narrative of the land’s story through patterns.

(c) Art-Based Perceptual Ecology is a historically reflexive theory based on certain fixed principles.

(d) Art-Based Perceptual Ecology approach is that all cultures possess music, dancing, picturing, and so on, suggests an approach to the definition that would avoid the Artworld relativity problem.

Answer: (b)

103. One of the ways to achieve dynamic equilibrium while still life drawing:

(a) Do not place anything above the picture plane.

(b) Do not place anything in the centre of the picture plane.

(c) Do not place anything under the picture plane.

(d) Do not place anything side of the picture plane.

Answer: (b)

104. How can negative spaces help with drawing?

(a) Negative space is a work of art that may not express anything other than the subjective feelings it arises in its audience, which cannot determine its being or not being a work of art.

(b) Negative space figures remind us of roses but have asymmetric structures.

(c) When you look at the negative area your brain turns them into simple shapes, which makes it easier to draw.

(d) Negative space is a phenomenon that changes constantly, not just insofar as it is being created continually.

Answer: (c)

105. How can you make sure proportions are correct while painting?

(a) Use guidelines

(b) Use your thumb to measure

(c) Eraser tool can be used to check the proportion

(d) Use measuring tape

Answer: (a)

106. What are the three components of the linear perspective system?

(a) Horizontal lines, Vertical lines & Straight lines

(b) Parallel lines, the horizon line, & a vanishing point

(c) Matching lines, Gliding lines & Straight lines

(d) Matching lines, Vertical lines & Straight lines

Answer: (b)

107. Name the plane: The imaginary plane p[illegible]end[illegible]ar to the viewer's line of sight & correspondent to the surface of a picture.

(a) Picture Plane

(b) Object Plane

(c) Straight Plane

(d) Inline Plane

Answer: (a)

108. What is a Geometric Rosaceae?

(a) Geometric rosaceae are liquid paint made out of rose petals.

(b) Geometric rosaceae are objects that remind us of space patterns but have asymmetric structure.

(c) Geometric rosaceae are figures that remind us of roses but have a symmetric structure.

(d) Geometric rosaceae is used by mathematicians to calculate the number of petals in a rose.

Answer: (c)

109. Shapes/plane figures are two-dimensional figures in which all points lie in the _____.

(a) different plane

(b) same plane

(c) horizontal plane

(d) perpendicular plane

Answer: (b)

110. Since one's attention tends to turn towards the _____, the renaissance artists placed important elements of their painting near that point.

(a) Appearing point

(b) High point

(c) Mid point

(d) Vanishing point

Answer: (d)

111. When objects such as tree-stems, rustic figures, etc. have to be sketched, then, instead of a cold single line what type of lines to be used?

(a) One approximate lines may be used

(b) Several approximate lines may be used

(c) Two approximate lines may be used

(d) Three approximate lines may be used

Answer: (b)

113. Name the sketching technique which includes several small dots & circles in the same color to create a composition.

(a) Graphic Doodling

(b) Stippling

(c) Hand Rendering

(d) Line Drawing

Answer: (b)

114. Drawing from internal reality includes drawing from _____.

(a) Memories

(b) Fruits

(c) Sky

(d) Objects

Answer: (a)

115. One of the basic rules of sketching is _____ percent of your sketch should be filled with the main focus and detail, and the remaining ____ percent should be filler.

(a) 30, 40

(b) 50, 70

(c) 30, 70

(d) 80, 90

Answer: (c)

116. When light enters our eyes through our surroundings, the ability to perceive our surroundings through that light is known as _____.

(a) Dimensional perception
(b) Visual perception
(c) Zone perception
(d) Stroked perception

Answer: (b)

117. Who invented the colour wheel in 1706?

(a) Galileo Galilei
(b) Albert Einstein
(c) Isaac Newton
(d) Johannes Kepler

Answer: (c)

119. Name the person famously known as the father of modern art.

(a) Paul Cézanne
(b) Paul Gauguin
(c) Claude Monet
(d) Henri Matisse

Answer: (a)

120. Around which century & under whose influence [illegible] Imperial Art emerge in India?

(a) 20th century when European artists arrived [illegible]ndia.
(b) 18th century when European artists [illegible]ndia.
(c) 12th century when European artists arrive[illegible] India.
(d) 14th century when European artists arrived in India.

Answer: (b)

Discipline2

121. Explain the term "Shading".

(a) The darkening or colouring of an illustration or diagram with parallel lines or a block of colour.
(b) The practice of applying paint, pigment, color or other medium to a solid surface.
(c) The art that has practical application as well as functionality.
(d) The branch of the visual arts that operates in three dimensions.

Answer: (a)

122. Name the theory which refers to the body of principle which addresses how we see the color & what it is.

(a) Negative Theory
(b) Branch Theory
(c) Visual Theory
(d) Color Theory

Answer: (d)

123. How will you change the intensity of a color?

(a) The intensity of a color can be changed by adding additional blue colour to it.

(b) The intensity of a color can be changed by adding green colour to it.

(c) The intensity of a color can be changed by adding additional colors or adding grey to it.

(d) The intensity of a color can be changed by adding black colour to it.

Answer: (c)

124. Forms & structures are used to convey what type of visual elements on a paper?

(a) Value on a flat surface.

(b) Three-dimensional objects on a flat surface.

(c) Space on a flat surface.

(d) Texture on a flat surface.

Answer: (b)

125. A systematic approach to an artwork's deconstruction to its simpler components through the method of linear or tonal analysis. (like tracing)

(a) Guidelines

(b) Vertical lines

(c) Diagonal lines

(d) Curved lines

Answer: (a)

126. Representing an inanimate object artistically, us y everyday things or flowers.

(a) Wall Art

(b) Still Life Drawing

(c) Garment Printing

(d) Sketching

Answer: (b)

127. The hallmark of this art form is stylizing the object into bold & bright colour lines.

(a) Vanitas Art

(b) Sculpture Art

(c) Pop Art

(d) Cubism Art

Answer: (c)

128. During the 15th Century BCE _____ were known to create the earliest still life paintings. Still life funerary paintings like food- fish, crops, meat, etc. were found on the burial sites.

(a) Dutch

(b) North Americans

(c) Egyptians

(d) South Americans

Answer: (c)

129. What were the most famous still-life objects that were used by the Dutch during the 17th century?

(a) Pen
(b) Soft Toys
(c) Bucket
(d) Flowers

Answer: (d)

130. While preparing and placing the objects for a still life what is that you should never do?

(a) Creates a negative space between the objects
(b) Space objects out evenly across the picture plane
(c) Brings a sense of timescale
(d) Adds a different shape to the shadows

Answer: (b)

131. The position of the observer's eye in the drawing is called?

(a) Observer's point
(b) Bird's eye
(c) Vision point
(d) High point

Answer: (b)

132. The best way to draw buildings and large civil s ctures, such as dams or bridges is with a _____ perspective.

(a) Two-point
(b) Three-point
(c) Four-point
(d) Five-point

Answer: (a)

133. Visual representation by photography or painting is called _____.

(a) Only Photographical Representation
(b) Non-Pictorial Representation
(c) Pictorial Representation
(d) Projection Representation

Answer: (c)

134. Multi-view drawings are _____ drawings whereas pictorial drawings are Three-dimensional drawings.

(a) Two-dimensional
(b) Four-dimensional
(c) One-dimensional
(d) Five dimensional

Answer: (a)

135. Which sentence explains "Coil" in clay pottery the best way?

(a) When potters refer to the Coila type of clay is fired, they are talking about the pyrometric cone system.

(b) Coil clay is more porous than other types of clay, it is less dense and less strong.

(c) Coiling is done by rolling clay in between the palms or on a flat surface. Pots can be made by forming these coils and putting them on top of each other, joining them with slip.

(d) Coil clay fires at higher temperatures than earthenware clay. Normally stoneware clays mature when fired in the mid to high fire range.

Answer: (c)

136. A technique that is used to make utilitarian things or pots that are hollow.

(a) Hollow ball technique

(b) Slab technique

(c) Coil technique

(d) Circular technique

Answer: (a)

137. When many small pots are made with a big lump of clay & not just one pot, it is called _____.

(a) Throwing

(b) Hump throwing

(c) Bend throwing

(d) Long throwing

Answer: (b)

138. What is the term used to explain remo[illegible] ex[illegible]s clay to clear its shape when it is leather-hard?

(a) Jamming

(b) Carving

(c) Elimination

(d) Trimming

Answer: (d)

139. With infographics containing ample amount of data you should always:

(a) Exclude snippet of content

(b) Include more graphs

(c) Include citations

(d) Include more flow charts

Answer: (c)

140. What is one of the main goals of Graphic Designing?

(a) To only enhance the human features through the use of software.

(b) To achieve visual unity or harmony.

(c) To manipulate the image to its best.

(d) To adjust the contrast to its best.

Answer: (b)

Discipline3

141. What does yellow colour depict?

(a) It depicts stability, prosperity, growth, and a connection to nature.

(b) It depicts loud, youthful & passion.

(c) It depicts warmth, positivity, energy just like the sun.

(d) It depicts dullness, anger & rage.

Answer: (c)

142. The basis of good graphic design is the use of _____ and their thoughtful application in the form of _____.

(a) Design elements, Design principles

(b) Neutral elements, Design principles

(c) Average designs, Design principles

(d) Design elements, common principles

Answer: (a)

143. What is "Figure/ Ground" in designing?

(a) It is the relationship of the subject with the inside of the space.

(b) It is the separation of the subject to its surrounding space.

(c) It is the relationship of the subject to its surrounding space.

(d) It is the relationship of the subject to its fenced space.

Answer: (c)

144. What is the industry standard colour mode that is used for print design?

(a) Index

(b) Grayscale

(c) CMYK

(d) RGB

Answer: (c)

145. Why is it important to include a bleed section while designing for print work?

(a) To avoid double printing.

(b) To avoid white strips appearing along the edge of the print work.

(c) To ensure the print process is quick.

(d) To ensure the print is in black & white.

Answer: (b)

146. The oldest printed text originated from which part of the world?

(a) India

(b) America

(c) Japan

(d) China

Answer: (d)

147. Why is the “printer” font different from the "screen" font?

(a) The printer doesn't print when used the "Screen" font. It only prints with a “printer” font.

(b) The “printer” font contains vector outlines of the font and is often named with an abbreviation of the full font name.

(c) The “printer” font contains a special letter of the font.

(d) The “printer” font is easier to use.

Answer: (b)

148. What are the three basic components of visual composition?

(a) Line, closure, and gap.

(b) Space, form, and structure.

(c) Dots, arrangement, and texture.

(d) Size, alignment, and line.

Answer: (b)

149. An image that is wider than it is tall is called a _____.

(a) Portrait format

(b) Perpendicular format

(c) Landscape format

(d) Diagonal format

Answer: (c)

150. For a perfect composition in an art piece, what is one of the most important things that need to be taken into consideration to keep the weight the same on both sides?

(a) Opacity

(b) Balance

(c) Lines

(d) Depth

Answer: (b)

151. The best-known rule of layout is the _____.

(a) Rule of thirds

(b) Rule of fourth

(c) Rule of second

(d) Rule of sixth

Answer: (a)

152. Name the term: A viewpoint that is preferred by most viewers.

(a) Mental Viewpoint

(b) Immediate Viewpoint

(c) Canonical viewpoint

(d) Non-Canonical viewpoint

Answer: (c)

153. Name the style in which distinctive characteristics in the artwork of a particular society or culture is shown.

(a) Ancient style

(b) Cultural style

(c) Old style

(d) Primitive style

Answer: (b)

154. Distributing weight in painting & to locate aesthetically pleasing areas to place subject artists use _____.

(a) Positional Ratio

(b) Divisional Ratio

(c) Golden Ratio

(d) Zonal Ratio

Answer: (c)

155. Why is the Golden Ratio important?

(a) It is used to calculate the length of two places.

(b) It is used to place subjects & distribute weight in paintings to create aesthetically pleasing areas.

(c) It is used for taking out the negative space ratio.

(d) It is used for division ratio of two areas in an a[illegible]ece.

Answer: (b)

156. What is another term for Art appreciat[illegible]?

(a) Colour correction education

(b) Nature of art education

(c) Technical art education

(d) Aesthetic education

Answer: (d)

157. Explain the importance of theoretical drawing.

(a) Theoretical/Technical drawings is used by artists to create three-dimensional images on a two-dimensional picture plane, such as paper.

(b) Theoretical/Technical drawing uses symbols, perspectives, notation systems which makes it easier to understand.

(c) Theoretical/Technical drawings are created for clear understanding and representation of observations made by an artist.

(d) Theoretical drawings are the result of multiple art forms merging.

Answer: (b)

158. What are the basic shapes an artist should master?

(a) Cube, cylinder & sphere
(b) Parallelogram & trapezium
(c) Kite & semi-circle
(d) Triangle, rhombus & Sphere

Answer: (a)

159. Analytical drawing are mostly used in _____.

(a) Sketching portraits
(b) Pop art
(c) Architecture and product design
(d) Surrealism

Answer: (c)

160. Story Board: A _____shot will include the entire body of the subject or subjects.

(a) Master
(b) Close Up
(c) Long
(d) Medium

Answer: (c)

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161. Story Board: To put the camera on another sub t without cutting to a different shot. Name the shot.

(a) Panning
(b) Zoom
(c) Track
(d) Pov

Answer: (a)

162. Other name for white line print making is:

(a) Compound printmaking
(b) light stroke printmaking
(c) Provincetown printmaking
(d) Default printmaking

Answer: (c)

163. What was woodcut relief printing mostly used for in earlier stages?

(a) Book Printing
(b) Garment Printing
(c) Wall Art
(d) Car decoration

Answer: (a)

164. The minimum font size that can vary based on the product material & imprint process but the average minimum size is _____.

(a) 6pt

(b) 4pt

(c) 5pt

(d) 8pt

Answer: (a)

165. Explain the technique of Halftone.

(a) Halftone is a technique that helps in deleting extra leftover space.

(b) Halftone is a technique that simulates a gradient of shades with a limited number of tones-traditionally, black and white.

(c) Halftone is a technique that helps in duplicating the other half of the cropped-out image.

(d) Halftone is a technique that helps in blending.

Answer: (b)

166. One of the basic & important objectives of an advertisement is_____.

(a) To just make the brand popular.

(b) To communicate about the product or services to the potential customer.

(c) Call to action.

(d) To highlight companies branding.

Answer: (b)

167. Name the common types of Print advertisemen

(a) LinkedIn & Twitter advertisements

(b) Facebook advertisements

(c) Newspaper & magazine advertisements

(d) Instagram advertisements

Answer: (c)

168. For print advertising to be effective, a reader must be exposed to the ad at least how many times before the message sticks.

(a) Six to ten times

(b) One time

(c) two times

(d) Three times

Answer: (a)

169. Explain what do you mean by Serigraphy.
Select the best option.

(a) Serigraphy refers to large print runs with quantities of tens or even hundreds of thousands.

(b) Serigraphy is used for printing fabrics, wood, glass, signage etc.

(c) Serigraphy is the artists' term for silk screen printing, a process which involves a stencil and ink which is forced through a silk screen, although modern versions are often made of nylon or finely woven polyester.

(d) Serigraphy uses powdered toner instead of traditional inks and with the digital printing process, your artwork goes straight from your pdf to print.

Answer: (c)

170. By whom was the term "Serigraphy" coined?

(a) Gutenberg

(b) Carl Zigrosser

(c) Remington Rand

(d) Samuel Simon

Answer: (b)

171. How is Serigraphy a unique printing style?

(a) It is the most ancient printing method discovered by the Egyptians.

(b) It prints two prints at a time with two different colours.

(c) It is the most unique way of printing as it can b sed to print on animal's skin.

(d) Colour is washed from the screen after every nt no two prints can be exactly alike. Thus giving it uniqueness.

Answer: (d)

172. Mesh count - this is a numerical symbol or indicator for how many _____ occur in every running inch of screen fabric.

(a) Buttons

(b) Threads

(c) Cross stitch

(d) Zigzag Stitch

Answer: (b)

173. The most commonly used output device in a graphic system is _____.

(a) Sound monitor

(b) Content monitor

(c) Touch monitor

(d) Video monitor

Answer: (d)

174. How to make mathematical models and systems more realistic and easy to study?

(a) Using binomial theorem.

(b) By using in detail written down content with full explanation.

(c) With the use of computer graphics in stimulation.

(d) Using complex formulas.

Answer: (c)

175. Frame rate: Each set of the video shows 24 distinct _____ each second when a video is captured and played back at 24fps.

(a) Targets

(b) Objects

(c) Still images

(d) Method

Answer: (c)

176. How is artificial texture different than natural texture? (In context to the role of textures in contemporary graphic design.)

(a) Artificial textures, unlike natural textures, comprise a wide array of imagery with surrealist patterns and human-fabricated objects.

(b) Artificial textures are web designs & natural textures are multimedia designs.

(c) Artificial textures are sound cards to make computers produce sound effects led to other uses of graphics & natural textures don't.

(d) Artificial textures is a mock-up of an environment elsewhere to study or experience it & natural texture is one of the basic and commonly used display devices.

Answer: (a)

177. Name a device where one can paint digital art/graphics electronically.

(a) T.V

(b) Radio

(c) Graphics tablet (digitizer)

(d) Drone

Answer: (c)

178. I think it is time we _____ an expert. Choose the best option.

(a) call off

(b) called in

(c) call up

(d) call

Answer: (b)

179. She is the girl _____ we saw in the theater.

(a) that
(b) whose
(c) who
(d) whom

Answer: (d)

180. How many categories of subordinating conjunction are there in English language?

(a) 7
(b) 5
(c) 2
(d) 9

Answer: (a)

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181. Ann_____Tom that she was going away. Choose the best option.

(a) does tell
(b) tells
(c) said
(d) told

Answer: (d)

182. Which is the 1st animated film to be created by ditional hand drawn animation cartoon?

(a) Fantasmagorie
(b) Phantasmagoria
(c) Shuzhendong Chinese Typewriter
(d) The Pea Brothers

Answer: (a)

183. The _____ is the formal written form of the final story. It has written within it the basic character movements, environment, time, actions, and dialogue.

(a) Production
(b) Script or screenplay
(c) Idea/Story
(d) Modelling

Answer: (b)

184. Explain the main purpose of creating a Story Board.

(a) A storyboard is a visual representation of a film sequence and breaks down the action into individual panels, using a series of ordered drawings, with camera direction, dialogue, or other pertinent details.

(b) Storyboarding is the planning, designing, and research phase of just the entire 3D project.

(c) Storyboarding is the formal written form of the final story. It has written within it the basic character movements, environment, time, actions, and dialogue.

(d) Storyboarding is a component that also spans the entire 3D animation pipeline, from preproduction to postproduction.

Answer: (a)

185. When was vector graphics first used?

(a) 1980s and 90s

(b) 1960s and 70s

(c) 1950s and 70s

(d) 1970s and 80s

Answer: (b)

186. Are Vector Graphics different than Bitmap Graphics?

(a) No, vector graphics & bitmap are different names for the same process.

(b) No, vector graphics & bitmap are used for sketching different human anatomical parts.

(c) Yes, vector graphics is used in the field of 3D a[illegible]nation only & bitmap is used for 2D animation only.

(d) Yes, when an image is created in Adobe Illus[illegible]tor(CorelDraw) it is called vector graphics & when you create an image in a program like Ad[illegible]e Photoshop you are creating a bitmap & not a vector format.

Answer: (d)

187. What does "Convert font to outlines" mean?

(a) “Converting font to outlines” means that you will have to change the font in your file from object to text to maintain that font when it’s printed.

(b) “Converting font to outlines” means that you will have to not change the font in your file from text to an object.

(c) “Converting font to outlines” means that you will have to duplicate the font into text format twice & then converting it into jpg.

(d) “Converting font to outlines” means that you will have to change the font in your file from text to an object to maintain that font when it’s printed.

Answer: (d)

188. Explain the concept of parallel rendering.

(a) Exploiting multiple processing units to speed up the rendering task to obtain computational power this concept has become to be known as parallel rendering.

(b) Parallel rendering is a technique in which shading information is computed for each Polygon vertex and interpolated across the polygons to determine the shading at each pixel.

(c) Parallel rendering is a technique in which the projection of each triangle onto the 2D image space is calculated.

(d) Parallel rendering is a technique in which each triangle is transformed from object space is to word space.

Answer: (a)

189. Fact: Vector files only contain data about the_____and their control points which form the drawing.

(a) Graphic curves

(b) Spiral curves

(c) Bézier curves

(d) Curvilinear curves

Answer: (c)

190. RGB colour can not produce any true _____ or orange.

(a) Black

(b) Yellow

(c) White

(d) Grey

Answer: (b)

191. Explain what is local colour with reference to colour study (visual art).

(a) They’re commonly combined with brighter accent colors but they can also be used on their own in designs.

(b) In painting, local color is the natural color of an object unmodified by adding unrealistic light and shadow or any other distortion.

(c) The local colour model is a subtractive model, meaning that colors are created through absorbing wavelengths of visible light.

(d) The local colour is an additive model, meaning that colors are created through light waves that are added together in particular combinations in order to produce colors.

Answer: (b)

192. The three different types of colours are primary, secondary, and _____.

(a) Tertiary colour

(b) Influential colour

(c) Combination colour

(d) Chroma colour

Answer: (a)

193. Name the term: On a colour wheel when colours are located near each other.

(a) Warm Colors

(b) Monochromatic Colors

(c) Analogous colors

(d) Tertiary colors

Answer: (c)

194. Define Value with respect to the element of art.

(a) Value is the lightness or darkness of a color.

(b) Value is optical illusion of a color.

(c) Value is the visual aspect of a color.

(d) Value is the gradient of a color.

Answer: (a)

195. _____ typography is used in motion graphics. It is an on-screen text which moves or undergoes a transformation in time and space in some way.

(a) Geometric

(b) Kinetic

(c) Monospaced

(d) Transitional

Answer: (b)

196. Select the best option:
Which describes the term Motion Graphics properly

(a) Captures the video from devices lik me phone, etc.

(b) Encodes Video Formats.

(c) To add motion to the video or video within effects.

(d) Edits just the video & audio.

Answer: (c)

197. Which of these is not a type family?

(a) Slab Serif

(b) Old Style

(c) Crypto-Cursive

(d) Sans Serif

Answer: (c)

198. The aim of _____ is to assign a completely unique identification quantity to each character, linguistic symbol, or ideogram in all the world's languages, dwelling or dead.

(a) Binary Code

(b) Unicode

(c) TruType

(d) Ideogram

Answer: (b)

199. When this feature is enabled, OpenType fonts that include the numerator and denominator glyphs may be used to generate fractions. What is this feature?

(a) Alternate Ligatures
(b) Swash Characters
(c) Automatic Fractions
(d) Small Caps

Answer: (c)

200. Vertical height of letters are traditionally measured in _____.

(a) Centimetres
(b) Typographical Points
(c) Typographical Lines
(d) Micrometres

Answer: (b)

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201. Name the process that explores new relationships, breaking established concept styles to generate new thoughts and get away from traditional approaches of thinking.

(a) Lateral Thinking
(b) Cross Thinking
(c) Linear Thinking
(d) Reallocation

Answer: (a)

202. _____ is also referred to as free adve. .

(a) Public Relations
(b) Publicity
(c) Distribution
(d) Print ads

Answer: (b)

203. Which of these is not a part of the interaction design?

(a) Context of use
(b) Nature
(c) Design
(d) Computers

Answer: (b)

204. McLuhan stated that the information technologies and strengthening the power of the mass media, will transform the world to become the _____.

(a) Retainership World

(b) Global City

(c) Global Village

(d) Small World

Answer: (c)

205. A total of approximately _____ seals have been discovered by archaeologists from the Indus Valley civilisation sites.

(a) 100

(b) 1000

(c) 3500

(d) 300

Answer: (c)

206. The Indus Valley civilization flourished from _____.

(a) 2500 BC Approx

(b) 5000 BC Approx

(c) 4000 BC Approx

(d) 3000 BC Approx

Answer: (a)

207. Which of these is not a Indus Valley civilization site?

(a) Altyn-Depe

(b) Dilmun

(c) Ryadha

(d) Namazga-Depe

Answer: (c)

208. Intaglio and button seals were used as _____ during the Indus Valley Civilisation.

(a) Ornaments

(b) Coins

(c) Markings

(d) Writing

Answer: (a)

209. Harappan seals, beads, weights, stone blades were found in all of the following places, except _____.

(a) Uttar Pradesh

(b) Jammu Kashmir

(c) Punjab

(d) Baluchistan

Answer: (a)

210. What stone was used as covers for the drainage systems in the Harappan Civilization?

(a) Redstone
(b) Sandstone
(c) Limestone
(d) Marble

Answer: (c)

211. The Mara Vijaya theme can be found in the caves of _____.

(a) Ajanta
(b) Borra
(c) Badami
(d) Elephanta

Answer: (a)

212. Excavation of Badami Caves was patronized by _____.

(a) Ashoka
(b) Chandragupta Maurya
(c) Akbar
(d) Mangalesha

Answer: (d)

213. What is the characteristic Buddha image that wa rmed in Mathura?

(a) Kushana Buddha
(b) Gandhara Buddha
(c) Nagarjunakonda Buddha
(d) Mihirakula Buddha

Answer: (a)

214. Under Guru _____, Buddhism was practiced with the help of mandalas, prayer wheels and other ritual objects.

(a) Shishunaga
(b) Mahādeva
(c) Moggaliputta-Tissa
(d) Padmasambhava

Answer: (d)

215. In Jainism, a _____ (a shallow part of a body of water that may be easily crossed) is used to refer both to pilgrimage sites as well as to the four sections of the sangha.

(a) Parsha
(b) Roovathan
(c) Samanana
(d) Tirtha

Answer: (d)

216. Monolithic columns were a characteristic of which king?

(a) Ashoka
(b) Chandragupta Maurya
(c) Nagarjuna
(d) Magajhatra

Answer: (a)

217. The 32 feet tall column with the seated lion on top is found in _____.

(a) Bodhi
(b) Lauriya Nandangarh
(c) Parhram
(d) Owangiri

Answer: (b)

218. Female figures made during the Mauryan period called Yakshini is best found in _____.

(a) Daryagunj
(b) Niamalpar
(c) Didargunj
(d) Lauriya

Answer: (c)

219. _____means "one who strives" or "Lab r" in Sanskrit and Pali.

(a) Krama
(b) Srama
(c) Soshan
(d) Karta

Answer: (b)

220. Ashoka donated the hills of Barabar Caves to_____ monks.

(a) Rathameshwar
(b) Jivibalika
(c) Kunda
(d) Ajivika

Answer: (d)

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221. Most ancient caves of the _____ phase have irregular structure resulting from poor planning and has very simple architectonic elements.

(a) Vakataka
(b) Rudrakal
(c) Viniyani
(d) Chandrabesh

Answer: (a)

222. It was after _____ centuries later of the beginning of Christian Era that a subsequent amount of stupas and chaityas started appearing across Indian subcontinent.

(a) Five
(b) Six
(c) Three
(d) Four

Answer: (c)

224. _____ were residences of monks.

(a) Viharas
(b) Stupas
(c) Railans
(d) Chaitya Halls

Answer: (a)

225. How many caves are there in Ajanta?

(a) 35
(b) 29
(c) 40
(d) 22

Answer: (b)

226. The Chaddanta Jataka was painted in the early _____ with details and events assembled according to geographical locations.

(a) Cave No 1
(b) Cave No 3
(c) Cave No 10
(d) Cave No 5

Answer: (c)

227. The first of Ajanta caves began in around the _____.

(a) 5th century BC
(b) 10th century BC
(c) 1st century BC
(d) 14th century BC

Answer: (c)

228. Ajanta Cave Number 26 is very big featuring wall carvings, _____ being the largest.

(a) Mahaparinibbana
(b) Kruravana
(c) Bodhilipat
(d) Mahadevapith

Answer: (a)

229. In Padmapani Bodhisattva, Lord Buddha is seen holding _____ .

(a) his wife

(b) a celestial body

(c) a lotus

(d) a conch shell

Answer: (c)

230. The study of images of Gods And Godesses is grouped under a branch of art history known as _____.

(a) Iconography

(b) Idolgraphy

(c) Temple Art

(d) Stone Study

Answer: (a)

231. _____ is a benevolent aspect of the Hindu god Shiva, where Shiva is seated in Mount Kailash with the consort Parvati, while Ravana tries to shake it.

(a) Kruravanatama

(b) Ravanamangshi

(c) Ravananugraha

(d) Rudradevalaya

Answer: (c)

232. Kapila Vatsyayan described _____ metar rs of the Indian art.

(a) 5

(b) 6

(c) 7

(d) 14

Answer: (c)

233. Which text presents the plan of the temple as a comparison to a human body? (HINDU TEMPLE AND THE STRUCTURE OF HUMAN BODY)

(a) Vastu

(b) śilpa-pañjara

(c) Purusa-sūkta

(d) Garbhagriha

Answer: (a)

234. Khwaja Qutubuddin Bakhtiyar Kaki was associated with the _____.

(a) Taj Mahal

(b) Qutub Minar

(c) Red Fort

(d) Gol Gumbaz

Answer: (b)

235. Marbles for the Taj Mahal were brought from the _____.

(a) Ranthambore
(b) Makrana Mine
(c) Hilakrana Mines
(d) Rajsamand

Answer: (b)

236. The Qutub Minar is an example of _____.

(a) Indo-Bolshevik Architecture
(b) Anglo-Indian Architecture
(c) Mauryan Architecture
(d) Indo-Islamic Architecture

Answer: (d)

237. Name the largest tomb in India.

(a) The Alai Darwaza
(b) The Gol Gumbaz
(c) Ghiyath al-Din Tughluq
(d) The Sabz Burj

Answer: (b)

238. Name the Key Architect of Gol Gumbaz.

(a) Yaqut of Dabul
(b) Ustad Khalil
(c) Ustad-Ahmad Lahori
(d) Mirak Mirza Ghiyath

Answer: (a)

239. Which Architectural Style has been used to structure the Gol Gumbaz?

(a) Indo Saracenic Revival
(b) Dravidian Architecture
(c) Deccan Indo-Islamic
(d) Kalinga

Answer: (c)

240. One of the earliest miniature paintings can be found under which of the following religions?

(a) Mughals
(b) Buddhism & Jainism
(c) Hinduism
(d) Taoism

Answer: (b)

Discipline8

241. In the initial days, miniature paintings were made on what medium?

(a) Cacao leaf
(b) Palm leaf
(c) Coconut leaf
(d) Papaya leaf

Answer: (b)

242. Under whose reign the earliest examples of Deccani paintings developed (1553-1565)?

(a) Sher Shah Suri
(b) Aurangzeb
(c) Babar
(d) Hussain Nizam Shah I

Answer: (d)

243. Name the book which narrated legendary exploits of the Mughal folk hero Amir Hamza. It was made of Mughal miniature paintings.

(a) Amir Hamzanama
(b) Hamzanama
(c) Exploits of the Mughal folk
(d) Dastan nama

Answer: (b)

244. What do you understand by the term Maru Ra[illegible]?

(a) Maru Ragini is an important miniature [illegible] of ragamala series.
(b) Maru Ragini is a pop art form inspired by the Mughals.
(c) Maru Ragini is an abstract art form inspired by the Turks.
(d) Maru Ragini is a beautiful contemporary art piece of the Normandy series.

Answer: (a)

245. The painting "Krishna on Swing" by Nuruddin has _____ panels depicting _____ different parts of the scene.

(a) Three, Three
(b) Two, Two
(c) Four, Four
(d) Five, Five

Answer: (b)

246. "RADHA (BANI-THANI)" painted by Nihal Chand belongs to which school of miniature painting?

(a) Kishangarh-Sub School of the Rajasthani miniature painting
(b) Jodhpur-Sub School of the Rajasthani miniature painting
(c) Bengal-Sub School of miniature painting
(d) Mughal-Sub School of miniature painting

Answer: (a)

247. 'Krishna with Gopis' by Manaku painting belongs to which school of arts?

(a) Basohli school of Art

(b) Kishangarh-Sub School of the Rajasthani miniature painting

(c) Bengal-Sub School of miniature painting

(d) Jodhpur-Sub School of the Rajasthani miniature painting

Answer: (a)

248. What is Ragamala?

(a) A ragamala is a form of artwork where pastels are used to create a well-defined and thoughtful painting.

(b) A ragamala is a set of miniature paintings depicting various musical modes, ragas, of north Indian music.

(c) A ragamala is known to be a medium that is soluble in water, but are water-resistant when dried on paper.

(d) Ragamala is often used for vague drawings while keeping the user's hand from being marked.

Answer: (b)

249. What is one of the most unique aspects of Ragamala paintings?

(a) Each painting is accompanied by a brief inscription that suggests how the colours can bring out mental peace.

(b) Each painting is made with a liquid that consists of pigments or dyes and is used to color a surface to create illustrations and artworks.

(c) Each painting is accompanied by a brief inscr on that suggests the mood of the raga.

(d) Each painting is basically an accumulation o rious artworks into a singular entity, which is the knack of visual appeal it portrays.

Answer: (c)

250. Approximately how old is Ragamala miniature art?

(a) 100

(b) 400

(c) 300

(d) 200

Answer: (b)

251. Name this painting during the period of 1585 from Baburnama.

(a) Babur crossing the Son river

(b) Babur crossing the Giri river

(c) Babur crossing the Ganga river

(d) Babur crossing the Vishaka river

Answer: (a)

252. When did the Deccan school of miniature painting begin?

(a) 14th to 15th century
(b) 16th to 17th century
(c) 12th to 13th century
(d) 19th to 20th century

Answer: (b)

253. Name the volume of poems in which the earliest Deccani paintings were displayed.

(a) Akbar Nama
(b) The tales of unknown
(c) The sea of uncertainty
(d) Tarif-in-Hussain Shahi

Answer: (d)

254. Name the centers of painting in Deccan.

(a) Bijapur, Golkonda, Ahmadnagar, Bidar, and Berar
(b) Malwa, Mewar, Bundi & Kota
(c) Ajmer, Udaipur, Jodhpur & Guna
(d) Sultanpur & Azamgarh

Answer: (a)

256. Name the revolutionary art by Abanindranath Ta[illegible]e that was first published in the Bengali magazine 'Prabas'.

(a) Ganesh Janani
(b) Marriage of Nuruddin
(c) Journey's End
(d) Armoury

Answer: (c)

257. "Rama vanquishing the pride of ocean or Ram Sagar Darpa Haran" by Raja Ravi Verma is based on _____.

(a) Sita's Ramayana
(b) Lanka's Princess
(c) The Queen's Play
(d) Valmiki's Ramayana

Answer: (d)

258. Which method was used by Jyoti Bhatt to create the famous modern contemporary graphic print "Devi" (1970)?

(a) Etching
(b) Aquatint
(c) Engraving
(d) Monotype

Answer: (a)

259. When was the first series of cubist paintings produced by Gaganendranath Tagore?

(a) 1970 approx

(b) 1920 approx

(c) 1990 approx

(d) 1965 approx

Answer: (b)

Discipline9

261. Which painting of Amrita Sher-Gil's won Gold Medal at the annual exhibition of the Bombay Art Society in 1937?

(a) Bride's Toilet

(b) Hill Women

(c) Three Girls

(d) Sumair

Answer: (c)

262. What was the inspiration behind Jamini Roy's artwork?

(a) Human anatomy

(b) Rural India

(c) Urban India

(d) Study of flowers

Answer: (b)

263. What type of art style inspired Gagan[illegible]Tagore due to the establishment of schools like Calcutta School of Art and the Governme[illegible]chool?

(a) Korean style

(b) Japanese style

(c) Mughal style

(d) Turkish style

Answer: (b)

264. What art style does "Triumph of Labour" by D.P. Roy Chowdhaury depict?

(a) Academic Indian sculpture

(b) Ancient Indian sculpture

(c) Contemporary Indian sculpture

(d) Ukiyo-e Style

Answer: (c)

265. Which was the first modernist sculpture in India made by Ramkinkar Baij in 1938?

(a) Santhal Family

(b) The Ashoka Pillars

(c) Sanchi Stupa

(d) Kailasa Temple

Answer: (a)

266. Ramkinkar Baij's Yaksha-Yakshi statues was inspired by what?

(a) Yaksha-Yakshi in Haridwar, Uttarakhand

(b) Yaksha-Yakshi in Surat, Gujarat

(c) Yaksha-Yakshi statues in Mathura, Sanchi

(d) Yaksha-Yakshi in Bengaluru, Karnataka

Answer: (c)

268. What technique is used to paint the mural "Mediaeval Saints" on the walls of Mural on the wall of Hindi Bhavan, Visva Bharati. Santiniketan by Benode Behari Mukherjee?

(a) Fresco Buono

(b) Glazing

(c) Stenciling

(d) Stippling

Answer: (a)

269. Name the famous artist who introduced Pseudorealism.

(a) Krishnaji Howlaji Ara

(b) Vasudeo S. Gaitonde

(c) Devajyoti Ray

(d) Ram Kumar

Answer: (c)

270. Name this famous painting by M.F. Husain (198[illegible]89)

(a) Mother India

(b) Mother Teresa

(c) Lady with Veena

(d) Untitled (Woman at Work)

Answer: (b)

271. What is the style of painting "Birth of poetry" by Hebbar K.K.?

(a) Expressionism

(b) Impressionism

(c) Abstract

(d) Cubism

Answer: (c)

272. Name the famous trained to be a mathematician and scientist turned artist who painted "WHIRLPOOL"1925 - 2018.

(a) Jamini Roy

(b) Krishna Reddy

(c) Sakti Burman

(d) Sunil Das

Answer: (b)

273. What was the art forms Jyotindra Manshankar Bhatt famous for?

(a) Graphic printer & photographer

(b) Pencil sketch

(c) Watercolor

(d) Charcoal art

Answer: (a)

274. Name the artwork for which Jyotindra Manshankar Bhatt was famous.

(a) Problem

(b) Still Life with Parrot

(c) The Devi

(d) Lamps

Answer: (c)

275. "Of Walls" 1982 - is Etching on Paper by _____.

(a) Zarina

(b) Anupam Sud

(c) Kanchan Chander

(d) Hema Upadhyay

Answer: (b)

277. What is the medium of the famous sculpture "Sta ng Figure" by Sankho Chaudhuri?

(a) Silver

(b) Steel

(c) Wood

(d) Bronze

Answer: (c)

278. The two principal elements of the sculpture are _____ and space.

(a) View

(b) Mass

(c) Volume

(d) Density

Answer: (b)

279. _____ involves making a mould and then pouring a liquid material, such as molten metal, plastic, rubber or fibreglass into the mould.

(a) Carving

(b) Modelling

(c) Assembling

(d) Casting

Answer: (d)

280. CHATURMUKHI' done by Aekka Yadagiri Rao in _____ , kept at National Gallery of Modern Art, New Delhi, is a typical example of his idiom in stone, it is a sculptural column of a singularly large size of thirteen feet height, treated in a symbolic style.

(a) 1941
(b) 1981
(c) 1986
(d) 1991

Answer: (b)

Teaching Methodology

281. Name the charting of the inter-relationships within a group whose purpose is to discover group structure i.e. the basic "network" of friendship patterns and sub-group organization.

(a) Procedure
(b) Narcissism
(c) Sociogram
(d) Paradigm

Answer: (c)

282. What refers to the mental process that people go through to discover, analyse and solve problems?

(a) Brainstorming
(b) Problem Solving
(c) Research
(d) Trial and Error

Answer: (b)

283. _____ recognition is the regulation of cognition and learning experiences through a set of activities that help people control their learning.

(a) Metacognition
(b) Schema
(c) Social
(d) Cognitive

Answer: (a)

284. Name the type of questions that are meant to help students self-correct and also reveal the role of interactional context in the interpretation of question function.

(a) Alternative Questions
(b) Close Questions
(c) Open Questions
(d) Reversed Polarity Questions

Answer: (d)

285. Which dialect is emulated by speakers of other dialects?

(a) Regional Dialect

(b) Temporal Dialect

(c) Prestige Dialect

(d) Sociolect

Answer: (c)

286. Read the following statements carefully and select the appropriate options with regard to its truthfulness.
Statement I - Transformation Drill: Learners are given drill in integration of sentences.
Statement II - Integration Drill: Learners are given a drill in transformation of sentences.

(a) Both Statements are True

(b) Both Statements are False

(c) Only Statement I is True

(d) Only Statement II is True

Answer: (b)

287. Understanding that there are socially determined differences between men and women, and that these influence access to and control of resources. This is known as _____.

(a) Gender awareness

(b) Gender analysis

(c) Gender roles

(d) Gender equity

Answer: (a)

288. Which movement believes that sexism is deeply rooted in society that the only cure is to eliminate the concept of gender?

(a) Socialist Feminism

(b) Liberal Feminism

(c) Marxist Feminism

(d) Radical feminism

Answer: (d)

289. _____ of women means the depiction in any manner of the figure of a woman, her form or body or any part in such way as to have the effect to likely deprave, corrupt or injure the public morality.

(a) News

(b) Trolling

(c) Indecent representation

(d) Advertisement

Answer: (c)

290. The width and height of the rectangles are proportional to the length of the class and class frequencies respectively. The graph formed by series of such rectangles adjacent to one another is called _____.

(a) Bar Diagram

(b) Histogram

(c) Pie Diagram

(d) Ogive

Answer: (b)

291. _____ of a given score is the percentage of scores falling below that score i.e., this is the percentage of scores which it exceeds.

(a) Percentile rank

(b) Class interval

(c) Frequency

(d) Raw score

Answer: (a)

292. Which among the following means many angled figure?

(a) Histogram

(b) Bar Diagram

(c) Ogive

(d) Polygon

Answer: (d)

293. Name the apex authority to develop, r[illegible]nd regulate the course curriculum of Special Education.

(a) National Council for Teacher Education (NCTE)

(b) Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan(SSA)

(c) Rehabilitation Council of India (RCI)

(d) Universalisation of Elementary Education (UEE)

Answer: (c)

294. Name the disorder that was formerly referred to as mental retardation and originates prior to the age of 18, characterized by limitations in both intellectual functioning and adaptive behaviors?

(a) Global Developmental Delay

(b) Intellectual Developmental Disorder

(c) Communication Disorders

(d) Autism Spectrum Disorder

Answer: (b)

295. What was launched to achieve the goal of Universalisation of Elementary Education that adopts a zero rejection policy and uses an approach of converging various schemes and programmes?

(a) Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan (SSA)

(b) National Council for Teacher Education (NCTE)

(c) Rehabilitation Council of India (RCI)

(d) Kothari Commission

Answer: (a)

296. In which period of Jean Piaget's theory of cognitive development children develop the ability to conserve both in terms of quantity and number of objects?

(a) Formal operational period

(b) Sensorimotor period

(c) Pre-operational period

(d) Concrete Operational Period

Answer: (d)

297. Which among the following refers to the driving of a deep sleep desire into the unconscious region of the mind?

(a) Cognition

(b) Regression

(c) Repression

(d) Narcissism

Answer: (c)

298. _____ is a functional, cognitive or be. l trait that benefits an organism in its environment.

(a) Accommodation

(b) Adaption

(c) Deprivation

(d) Morality

Answer: (b)

299. Which form of art involves imaginative transformation and reflection on experiences, helps students expand their ability to act out thoughts in their minds?

(a) Drama

(b) Painting

(c) Drawing

(d) Writing

Answer: (a)

300. Whose theory added new insights to the educationist's understanding of how students not only learn but interact in their learning environment?

(a) Louis L.Thurstone

(b) Edward Thorndike

(c) J.P. Guilford

(d) Howard Gardner

Answer: (d)

Answer key

Answer key from the Delhi Subordinate Services Selection Board's official answer key for this sitting. "—" means the key gave none.

Mental Ability

1	**(d)**	2	**(d)**	3	**(c)**	4	**(d)**	5	**(b)**	6	**(b)**	7	**(b)**	8	**(c)**
9	**(d)**	10	**(d)**	11	**(b)**	12	**(b)**	13	**(a)**	14	**(b)**				

General Awareness

21	**(c)**	22	**(a)**	23	**(d)**	24	**(b)**	25	**(c)**	26	**(b)**	27	**(d)**	28	**(a)**
29	**(b)**	30	**(a)**	31	**(d)**	32	**(d)**	33	**(c)**	34	**(c)**	35	**(d)**	36	**(a)**
37	**(c)**	38	**(d)**	39	**(d)**	40	**(b)**								

Arithmetic Ability

41	**(d)**	42	**(d)**	43	**(a)**	44	**(b)**	45	**(a)**	46	**(c)**	47	**(a)**	48	**(b)**
49	**(b)**	50	**(d)**	51	**(a)**	52	**(c)**	53	**(c)**	54	**(b)**	55	**(c)**	56	**(a)**
57	**(c)**														

General English

61	**(c)**	62	**(a)**	63	**(b)**	64	**(d)**	65	**(b)**	66	**(a)**	67	**(d)**	68	**(a)**
69	**(a)**	70	**(d)**	71	**(a)**	72	**(a)**	73	**(a)**	74	**(a)**	75	**(d)**	76	**(d)**
77	**(a)**	80	**(b)**												

Discipline1

101	**(a)**	102	**(b)**	103	**(b)**	104	**(c)**	105	**(a)**	106	**(b)**	107	**(a)**	108	**(c)**
109	**(b)**	110	**(d)**	111	**(b)**	113	**(b)**	114	**(a)**	115	**(c)**	116	**(b)**	117	**(c)**
119	**(a)**	120	**(b)**												

Discipline2

121	**(a)**	122	**(d)**	123	**(c)**	124	**(b)**	125	**(a)**	126	**(b)**	127	**(c)**	128	**(c)**
129	**(d)**	130	**(b)**	131	**(b)**	132	**(a)**	133	**(c)**	134	**(a)**	135	**(c)**	136	**(a)**
137	**(b)**	138	**(d)**	139	**(c)**	140	**(b)**								

Discipline3

141	**(c)**	142	**(a)**	143	**(c)**	144	**(c)**	145	**(b)**	146	**(d)**	147	**(b)**	148	**(b)**
149	**(c)**	150	**(b)**	151	**(a)**	152	**(c)**	153	**(b)**	154	**(c)**	155	**(b)**	156	**(d)**
157	**(b)**	158	**(a)**	159	**(c)**	160	**(c)**								

Discipline4

161	**(a)**	162	**(c)**	163	**(a)**	164	**(a)**	165	**(b)**	166	**(b)**	167	**(c)**	168	**(a)**
169	**(c)**	170	**(b)**	171	**(d)**	172	**(b)**	173	**(d)**	174	**(c)**	175	**(c)**	176	**(a)**
177	**(c)**	178	**(b)**	179	**(d)**	180	**(a)**								

Discipline5

181	**(d)**	182	**(a)**	183	**(b)**	184	**(a)**	185	**(b)**	186	**(d)**	187	**(d)**	188	**(a)**
189	**(c)**	190	**(b)**	191	**(b)**	192	**(a)**	193	**(c)**	194	**(a)**	195	**(b)**	196	**(c)**
197	**(c)**	198	**(b)**	199	**(c)**	200	**(b)**								

Discipline6

201	**(a)**	202	**(b)**	203	**(b)**	204	**(c)**	205	**(c)**	206	**(a)**	207	**(c)**	208	**(a)**
209	**(a)**	210	**(c)**	211	**(a)**	212	**(d)**	213	**(a)**	214	**(d)**	215	**(d)**	216	**(a)**
217	**(b)**	218	**(c)**	219	**(b)**	220	**(d)**								

Discipline7

221	**(a)**	222	**(c)**	224	**(a)**	225	**(b)**	226	**(c)**	227	**(c)**	228	**(a)**	229	**(c)**
230	**(a)**	231	**(c)**	232	**(c)**	233	**(a)**	234	**(b)**	235	**(b)**	236	**(d)**	237	**(b)**
238	**(a)**	239	**(c)**	240	**(b)**										

Discipline8

241	**(b)**	242	**(d)**	243	**(b)**	244	**(a)**	245	**(b)**	246	**(a)**	247	**(a)**	248	**(b)**
249	**(c)**	250	**(b)**	251	**(a)**	252	**(b)**	253	**(d)**	254	**(a)**	256	**(c)**	257	**(d)**
258	**(a)**	259	**(b)**												

Discipline9

261	**(c)**	262	**(b)**	263	**(b)**	264	**(c)**		**(a)**	266	**(c)**	268	**(a)**	269	**(c)**
270	**(b)**	271	**(c)**	272	**(b)**	273	**(a)**	4	**(c)**	275	**(b)**	277	**(c)**	278	**(b)**
279	**(d)**	280	**(b)**												

Teaching Methodology

281	**(c)**	282	**(b)**	283	**(a)**	284	**(d)**	285	**(c)**	286	**(b)**	287	**(a)**	288	**(d)**
289	**(c)**	290	**(b)**	291	**(a)**	292	**(d)**	293	**(c)**	294	**(b)**	295	**(a)**	296	**(d)**
297	**(c)**	298	**(b)**	299	**(a)**	300	**(d)**								