PREVIOUS YEAR PAPER

DSSSB Pharmacist(Unani) 2022 — 27 February 2022, Shift 2

DSSSB Other Posts · 27 February 2022 · Shift 2

137 of the paper's 200 questions · +1 for a correct answer, −0.25 for a wrong one · 120 minutes

Left out of the original paper: 63 (any question that needs a figure, a symbol or formatting we cannot show, or whose text did not read back cleanly from the booklet).

Questions from the Delhi Subordinate Services Selection Board's paper of 27 February 2022, Shift 2. Each question is followed by its answer, and the answer key is repeated on the last page.

Take it as a timed practice test: exambharo.com/dsssb-other-posts/previous-year-papers/dsssb-other-posts-2022-pharmacist-unani-27-feb-shift-2/

General Awareness

21. Who among the following was conferred with the Shanti Swarup Bhatnagar Award for the year 2021 in the field of medical sciences?

(a) Dr Rohit Srivastava
(b) Dr Kanak Saha
(c) Dr Anish Ghosh
(d) Dr Debdeep Mukhopadhyay

Answer: (a)

22. The research scholars of which educational inst ion won the Gandhian Young Technological innovation award for the year 2021?

(a) IIT-Gandhinagar
(b) BITS-Pilani
(c) IIT-Mumbai
(d) IIT-Chennai

Answer: (a)

23. In July 2021, India inaugurated the national automotive test tracks, which is Asia’s longest high-speed track to facilitate automotive testing. What is the acronym used for this test track?

(a) NTRAC
(b) NATRAX
(c) NATRAC
(d) NATRC

Answer: (b)

24. Who was the first sultan of the Tughlaq dynasty in the Delhi Sultanate?

(a) Firuz Shah Tughlaq
(b) Ghiyasuddin Tughlaq
(c) Muhammad Bin Tughlaq
(d) Abu Bakr Shah

Answer: (b)

25. The first draft of the Indian Penal Code was prepared by the First Law Commission. Who chaired this law commission?

(a) Gopal Krishna Gokhale

(b) Motilal Nehru

(c) Warren Hastings

(d) Thomas Babington Macaulay

Answer: (d)

26. The Lucknow Pact was an agreement between the Congress and the Muslim League. When was this pact signed?

(a) 1919

(b) 1912

(c) 1916

(d) 1929

Answer: (c)

27. In Buddhist architecture what does the monument Vihara refer to?

(a) Monasteries

(b) Lats

(c) Temples

(d) Rails

Answer: (a)

28. Which urban architecture (cities) developed by appan communities is located in modern Pakistan?

(a) Lothal

(b) Rupar

(c) Dholavira

(d) Ganeriwala

Answer: (d)

29. Which dance form was introduced in the 15th century AD by the great Vaishnava saint and reformer, Mahapurusha Sankaradeva as a powerful medium for propagation of the Vaishnava faith?

(a) Sattriya

(b) Bharatanatyam

(c) Odissi

(d) Kathak

Answer: (a)

30. As per the Union Budget of India 2021-22, how many textile parks are being planned for the next three years?

(a) 7
(b) 10
(c) 5
(d) 15

Answer: (a)

31. What is the total outlay allocated for health and wellbeing in the Union Budget of India 2021-22?

(a) ₹1,23,846 crore
(b) ₹2,23,846 crore
(c) ₹3,23,846 crore
(d) ₹4,23,846 crore

Answer: (b)

32. What is the total number of public sector banks in the Indian banking system as on November 2021?

(a) 15
(b) 10
(c) 14
(d) 12

Answer: (d)

33. In which of the following states is the Satpura R ge of hills NOT included?

(a) Uttar Pradesh
(b) Gujarat
(c) Madhya Pradesh
(d) Maharashtra

Answer: (a)

34. How much percentage of the Thar Desert is in the state of Rajasthan?

(a) 51%
(b) 61%
(c) 41%
(d) 71%

Answer: (b)

35. According to the census report of 2011, which city has the highest population?

(a) Chennai
(b) Kolkata
(c) Mumbai
(d) Bengaluru

Answer: (c)

36. 4-Hydroxy-3-methoxybenzaldehyde is the chemical name of which flavouring agent used in ice creams?

(a) Butter scotch

(b) Vanilla

(c) Strawberry

(d) Blueberry

Answer: (b)

37. Which of the following is the SI unit of radioactivity?

(a) Becquerel

(b) Fathom

(c) Weber

(d) Candela

Answer: (a)

38. Which fundamental duty was added to the Indian Constitution by the 86th Constitutional Amendment Act 2002?

(a) Safeguard public property and to abjure violence.

(b) Value and preserve the rich heritage of the country's composite culture.

(c) To provide opportunities for education to a child or ward between the ages of six and fourteen years.

(d) Uphold and protect the sovereignty, unity, and integrity of India.

Answer: (c)

39. Which Article of the Indian Constitution provides the right to equality?

(a) Article 14

(b) Article 15

(c) Article 16

(d) Article 17

Answer: (a)

40. Which of the following is a non-constitutional body in India?

(a) Election Commission

(b) NITI Aayog

(c) Attorney General

(d) Finance Commission

Answer: (b)

General English

61. Choose the correct passive voice form of the given sentence:
My kids groom the pony.

(a) My kids are groom the pony.

(b) The ponies are groomed by my kids.

(c) The pony's been groomed by my kids.

(d) The pony is groomed by my kids.

Answer: (d)

62. Choose the correct passive voice form of the given sentence:
Krishna is watching the movie.

(a) The movie is watched by Krishna.

(b) The movie is being watched by Krishna.

(c) Krishna watches a movie.

(d) Krishna has watched the movie.

Answer: (b)

63. Fill in the blank:
I got late as I was not aware _____ the time.

(a) in

(b) from

(c) of

(d) off

Answer: (c)

64. Fill in the blank:
You look a bit disoriented today. What's wrong _____ you?

(a) for

(b) with

(c) in

(d) within

Answer: (b)

65. Choose the correct form of reported speech:
Sweety said, "I am late because I didn't get up early."

(a) Sweety said that she was late so she hadn't gotten up early.

(b) Sweety said that she had been late because she may not get up early.

(c) Sweety said that she was late because she hadn't gotten up early.

(d) Sweety said that she was late although she hadn't gotten up early.

Answer: (c)

66. Choose the option that conveys the opposite meaning of 'Friction':

(a) Collision

(b) Discord

(c) Harmony

(d) Hostility

Answer: (c)

67. Choose the option that conveys the opposite meaning of 'Vulgar':

(a) Decent

(b) Profane

(c) Naughty

(d) Lewd

Answer: (a)

68. Choose the option that conveys the opposite meaning of 'Acrimony':

(a) Animosity

(b) Goodwill

(c) Bitterness

(d) Malice

Answer: (b)

69. Choose the correct expression of 'a bed of roses'

(a) Life is a bed of roses for the rich.

(b) A bed of roses is good for health.

(c) A bed of roses is stronger than a ch

(d) Rich people must have a bed of roses to feel comfortable.

Answer: (a)

70. Choose the option that conveys the correct meaning of the given expression.
Hemant takes after his grand father.

(a) He takes his grand father to places around.

(b) He appears similar to his grand father in looks.

(c) He hardly takes care of his grand father.

(d) He never ignores his elders.

Answer: (b)

71. Pick up the option that conveys the meaning of the proverb:
A stitch in time saves nine.

(a) Things are different from how they generally appear.

(b) A timely solution will prevent the problem from growing bigger.

(c) Sticking to the time may worsen the situation.

(d) Always follow the local customs.

Answer: (b)

72. Pick up the expression that does not use the word 'academic' appropriately:
    (a) Dhruv is likely to be selected as he has a strong academic record.
    (b) Our university has set high academic standards.
    (c) Sheeba is good in academic.
    (d) I'm an academic person, I won't be successful in business.
    Answer: (c)

73. Pick the correct sentence:
    (a) I congratulated her on doing so well in the final test.
    (b) I congratulated on him doing well.
    (c) I congratulated him in doing so well in test.
    (d) I congratulated him with doing well.
    Answer: (a)

74. Pick up the correct sentence:
    (a) My mother have to do a lot of work in the morning.
    (b) My mother has to do a lot of work in the morning.
    (c) My mother has to do many works in the morning.
    (d) My mother have to do many works in the morning.
    Answer: (b)

75. Pick up the incorrect sentence:
    (a) Would you rather have tea or milk?
    (b) I regret saying what I said.
    (c) I am likely to get home late tonight.
    (d) Do you mind in having tea or milk?
    Answer: (d)

76. The biocapacity of a country refers to _____.
    (a) Its biological Capacity
    (b) Its level of tourist's arrival
    (c) The extent of capitalisation
    (d) Its economic growth
    Answer: (a)

79. The causality relationship regarding tourists' receipt is based on:
    (a) EKC
    (b) PMB-ARDL
    (c) GDP
    (d) Ecology
    Answer: (b)

80. Potential damage to the environment due to increased tourist activities can be minimised by promoting _____.

(a) Green tourism
(b) Bio-capacity
(c) Environmental Kuznets curve
(d) Globalisation

Answer: (a)

Discipline1

101. 'Kitab al-Miat' was written by _____.

(a) Ibn Rushd
(b) Abu Sahal Masihi
(c) Ali Ibn Abbas Majoosi
(d) Abul Qasim Zahrawi

Answer: (b)

102. The total number of Umoor-e-Tabiya are _____.

(a) four
(b) six
(c) seven
(d) nine

Answer: (c)

103. Umoor-e-Tabiya is related to the ____

(a) Mizaj
(b) Rooh
(c) Tabiyat
(d) Jigar

Answer: (c)

104. According to Flasfa Mashaien, the number of Anasir is _____.

(a) two
(b) three
(c) four
(d) five

Answer: (c)

105. Mizaj of unsur Naar is _____.

(a) Haar and Yabis
(b) Barid and Yabis
(c) Barid and Ratab
(d) Haar and Ratab

Answer: (a)

106. The correct sequence of Aza Yabisah (from higher to lower) is _____.

(a) Tendon, Bone, Cartilage and Hair

(b) Hair, Bone, Cartilage and Tendon

(c) Bone, Hair, Cartilage and tendon

(d) Bone, Cartilage, Hair and Tendon

Answer: (b)

107. Jassi, Mokhati and Zojaji are examples of _____.

(a) Balgham

(b) Safra

(c) Sauda

(d) Dam

Answer: (a)

108. Aza Tabia is related to _____.

(a) sense and locomotion

(b) the circulation of Rooh and Dam

(c) food and metabolism

(d) reproduction

Answer: (c)

109. Which of the following is a type of Quwat Haiwar

(a) Quwat Faaila

(b) Quwat Munfaila

(c) Quwat Faaila and Quwat Munfaila

(d) Quwat Motakhyala

Answer: (c)

110. Quwat Ghazia does NOT depend on which of the following?

(a) Quwat Mohassila

(b) Qowat Modarrka

(c) Quwat Molassiqa

(d) Quwat Moshabah

Answer: (b)

111. The mediastinum is found in the _____.

(a) skull cavity

(b) thoracic cavity

(c) abdominal cavity

(d) pelvic cavity

Answer: (b)

112. Hip bone is NOT made up of which of the following bones?
(a) Pubis
(b) Ilium
(c) Ischium
(d) Talus
Answer: (d)

113. The brachiocephalic and left subclavian artery is a branch of _____.
(a) ascending aorta
(b) descending aorta
(c) arch of aorta
(d) abdominal aorta
Answer: (c)

114. The umbilical cord carries _____.
(a) one umbilical artery and one umbilical vein
(b) two umbilical arteries and two umbilical veins
(c) one umbilical artery and two umbilical veins
(d) two umbilical arteries and one umbilical vein
Answer: (d)

115. The right bronchus is _____.
(a) shorter and wider than the left bronchus
(b) longer and wider than the left bronchus
(c) shorter and narrower than the left br
(d) longer and narrower than the left bronchus
Answer: (a)

116. The average weight of the heart in a male is _____.
(a) 200-250 gm
(b) 250-300 gm
(c) 300-350 gm
(d) 400-450 gm
Answer: (c)

117. Islets of Langerhans are found in _____.
(a) Kabid
(b) Banqras
(c) Kulia
(d) Tihal
Answer: (b)

118. The suprarenal gland lies in the _____.
(a) epigastrium
(b) right hypochondrium
(c) right lumber
(d) left lumber
Answer: (a)

119. The sinoatrial node is located in the _____.
(a) left ventricle
(b) right atrium
(c) left atrium
(d) right ventricle
Answer: (b)

120. Pleura is a _____.
(a) serous membrane
(b) hyline membrane
(c) epithelial membrane
(d) interstitial membrane
Answer: (a)

Discipline2

121. The blood supply to the liver is _____.
(a) 80% arterial and 20% venous
(b) 70% arterial and 30% venous
(c) 20% arterial and 80% venous
(d) 60% arterial and 40% venous
Answer: (c)

122. Skin is an example of _____.
(a) reticular tissue
(b) epithelial tissue
(c) muscular tissue
(d) nervous tissue
Answer: (b)

123. Ciliated epithelium lines the mucous membrane of the _____.
(a) oesophagus
(b) stomach
(c) nasal cavity
(d) gall bladder
Answer: (c)

124. The normal life span of blood platelets is _____.

(a) 3 to 7 days
(b) 7 to 10 days
(c) 20 to 50 days
(d) 100 to 120 days

Answer: (b)

125. The largest lymphoid organ in the body is _____.

(a) liver
(b) spleen
(c) kidney
(d) lung

Answer: (b)

126. Elephantiasis occurs due to _____.

(a) venous obstruction
(b) arterial obstruction
(c) lymphatic obstruction
(d) hormonal obstruction

Answer: (c)

127. Bile secreted by liver per day varies between ___ .

(a) 400 ml to 700 ml/day
(b) 600 ml to 1000 ml/day
(c) 1000 ml to 1500 ml/day
(d) 1400 ml to 2000 ml/day

Answer: (b)

128. The volume of air that remains in the lungs after maximum expiratory effort is known as _____.

(a) vital capacity
(b) expiratory reserve volume
(c) functional residual capacity
(d) residual volume

Answer: (d)

129. Cyanide poisoning is an example of _____.

(a) hypoxic hypoxia
(b) anaemic hypoxia
(c) stagnant hypoxia
(d) histotoxic hypoxia

Answer: (d)

130. Which of the following drugs is NOT used through the ophthalmic route?

(a) Qatoor
(b) Shiyaf
(c) Marham
(d) Farzaja

Answer: (d)

131. Which of the following drugs is NOT used in diseases of the heart?

(a) Badranjboya
(b) Nilofar
(c) Berg neem
(d) Gul surkh

Answer: (c)

132. Which of the following drugs does NOT act on the uterus?

(a) Berg bans
(b) Dodah kapas
(c) Kashneez
(d) Post amaltaas

Answer: (c)

133. Which of the following drugs is NOT of botanical gin?

(a) Behman
(b) Ambar
(c) Nilofar
(d) Qranfal

Answer: (b)

134. Shamoom and Lakhlakha are examples of _____.

(a) semi-solid drugs
(b) solid drugs
(c) liquid drugs
(d) gas drugs

Answer: (d)

135. Which of the following drugs is NOT used as a blood purifier?

(a) Shahtrah
(b) Mundi
(c) Sarphoka
(d) Suranjan

Answer: (d)

136. Which of the following drugs is NOT used as styptic?

(a) Sang Jarahat
(b) Phitkiri
(c) Gaowzaban
(d) Damul akhwain

Answer: (c)

137. Which of the following drugs is used as Dafe Afoonat?

(a) Amla
(b) Kafoor
(c) Tamar Hindi
(d) Behman

Answer: (b)

138. Which of the following drugs is NOT used as an antiseptic?

(a) Shahed
(b) Suhaga
(c) Kuchla
(d) Berg neem

Answer: (c)

139. Which of the following drugs is NOT used as mo[illegible]min badan?

(a) Salab misri
(b) Fundaq
(c) Phitkiri
(d) Chilghozah

Answer: (c)

140. La sehat wa La Marz (Halat-e-salisa) was first described by _____.

(a) Jalinoos
(b) Ibn Seena
(c) Ibn Rushd
(d) Zakaria Razi

Answer: (a)

Discipline3

141. Changes that take place in tissues and cells produced by a disease is known as _____.

(a) sign
(b) symptom
(c) lesion
(d) pathogenesis

Answer: (c)

142. The human development index does NOT consist of which of the following?

(a) Longevity (Life expectancy at birth)

(b) Gender-related development (Gender inequalities reflection)

(c) Knowledge (Adult literacy rate and mean year of schooling)

(d) Income (Real GDP per capita)

Answer: (b)

143. The relation of a disease with the environment was originally described by _____.

(a) Vaghbhatt

(b) Susruta

(c) Hygiea

(d) Hippocrates

Answer: (d)

144. The harmful effects of smoking of which of the following tobacco products is the most severe?

(a) Cigarettes

(b) Bidis

(c) Cigar

(d) Pipe

Answer: (b)

145. The Bangalore method of composting is based o ____.

(a) anaerobic method

(b) aerobic method

(c) anaerobic and aerobic method both

(d) non-anaerobic and non-aerobic method

Answer: (a)

146. Vitamin B6 is also known as _____.

(a) Thiamine

(b) Riboflavin

(c) Niacin

(d) Pyridoxine

Answer: (d)

147. Which of the following is NOT an essential amino acid?

(a) Arginine

(b) Leucine

(c) Histidine

(d) Methionine

Answer: (a)

148. Which of the following poisons is NOT obtained from plants?

(a) Balader
(b) Azaraqi
(c) Zarareeh
(d) Dhatura

Answer: (c)

149. Identify the INCORRECT set of poison according to the action.

(a) Irritant – Jamalgota
(b) Corrosive – Strong acid
(c) Neurotic – Azaraqi
(d) Cardiac – Sammulfar

Answer: (d)

150. Constricted pupil, sweating and Cheyne strokes respirations are the features of _____.

(a) poising of Seemab
(b) poisoning of Afiun
(c) poisoning of Ghongchi
(d) poisoning of Aak

Answer: (b)

151. Emetics are usually NOT used in the treatment of ___.

(a) arsenic
(b) phosphorus
(c) mineral acids
(d) mercury

Answer: (c)

152. Antidote BAL is also called _____.

(a) British anti-liversine
(b) British anti-lewisite
(c) British anti-livedo
(d) British anti-lewinsky

Answer: (b)

153. The universal antidote consists of _____.

(a) Potassium chloride, powdered charcoal and tannic acid.
(b) Powdered charcoal, magnesium oxide and tartaric acid.
(c) Powdered charcoal, magnesium oxide and tannic acid.
(d) Powdered charcoal, sodium chloride and tannic acid.

Answer: (c)

154. The ‘Rx’ symbol on prescription is an abbreviation of:
(a) the Latin word ‘Recipe’
(b) the Latin word ‘Treatment’
(c) the Greek word ‘Recipe’
(d) the Greek word ‘Treatment’
Answer: (a)

155. The English meaning of the abbreviation ‘t.i.d.’ is:
(a) two times a day
(b) three times a day
(c) four times a day
(d) once daily
Answer: (b)

156. ‘Taqteer’ is an Arabic term for the process of:
(a) evaporation
(b) condensation
(c) distillation
(d) sedimentation
Answer: (c)

157. Prescription is an order written by the:
(a) pharmacist
(b) physician
(c) nursing superintendent
(d) medical superintendent
Answer: (b)

159. Physical incompatibility of olive oil and water mixture is corrected by incorporating a/an:
(a) thickening agent
(b) emulsifying agent
(c) binding agent
(d) disintegrating agent
Answer: (b)

160. Physical incompatibilities are caused by all of the following, EXCEPT:
(a) chemical reaction
(b) liquefaction
(c) immiscibility
(d) insolubility
Answer: (a)

Discipline4

161. 'One Masha' weight is equivalent to:

(a) 10 g
(b) 5 g
(c) 2 g
(d) 1 g

Answer: (d)

162. All of the following are types of powders, EXCEPT:

(a) Ghaza
(b) Zarur
(c) Sunoon
(d) Qurs

Answer: (d)

163. Decanted water is known as:

(a) Zulal
(b) Joshanda
(c) Arq
(d) Naqu

Answer: (a)

164. Which of the following statements is true about the 'Nabeez'?

(a) Nabeez is obtained through distillation.
(b) Nabeez is obtained through fermentation.
(c) Nabeez is obtained through sedimentation.
(d) Nabeez is obtained through trituration.

Answer: (b)

165. In suspensions, sodium alginate acts as a:

(a) flavouring agent
(b) preservative
(c) thickening agent
(d) disintegrating agent

Answer: (c)

166. What is the importance of using wetting agents in a suspension?

(a) They increase the interfacial tension between solid particle and liquid medium.
(b) They reduce the interfacial tension between solid particle and liquid medium.
(c) They increase the viscosity of the continuous phase.
(d) They decrease the viscosity of the continuous phase.

Answer: (b)

167. The main constituent of a toothpaste/tooth powder is a/an:

(a) humectant
(b) abrasive
(c) detergent
(d) diluent

Answer: (b)

168. A 'depilatory' is used for:

(a) hair removal from the skin by chemical means.
(b) hair removal from the skin by mechanical means.
(c) hair removal from the skin by electrolysis.
(d) hair removal from the skin by shaving.

Answer: (a)

169. All of the following are types of ophthalmic dosage forms, EXCEPT:

(a) ophthalmic solutions
(b) ophthalmic inserts
(c) ophthalmic emulsions
(d) ophthalmic liniments

Answer: (d)

170. A retailer at a chemist shop purchases drugs from wholesalers, who receive a supply from the manufacturer. The channel of distribution of the retailer is:

(a) zero level
(b) one level
(c) two level
(d) three level

Answer: (c)

171. In pharmaceutical trade, the retailer is:
I. Chemist
II.Druggist
III. Pharmacist

(a) Only I
(b) Only II
(c) Only III
(d) I, II and III

Answer: (d)

172. What is it called when the materials which are received first are issued first?

(a) LIFO
(b) FIFO
(c) The average cost method
(d) The best material

Answer: (b)

173. _____ is also known as 'Market Price Method'.
(a) Standard Price Method
(b) Inflated Price Method
(c) Replacement Price Method
(d) Actual Price Method
Answer: (c)

174. Schedule-T of the Drugs and Cosmetics Act is about:
(a) GLP of ASU drugs
(b) GMP of ASU drugs
(c) GAP of ASU drugs
(d) GCP of ASU drugs
Answer: (b)

175. The application for the grant of license to manufacture Unani drugs shall be made in:
(a) Form 24-D
(b) Form 25-D
(c) Form 26-D
(d) Form 26-E
Answer: (a)

176. Coding of items helps in:
(a) handling of store items
(b) standardisation of the drug
(c) reduction of items
(d) pricing of items
Answer: (a)

177. In the term 'VED analysis', 'D' stands for:
(a) Data of receipt of items
(b) Desirable items
(c) Deviation of stock
(d) Daily desired items
Answer: (b)

178. Induction training is meant for:
(a) existing employees
(b) new employees
(c) very old employees
(d) job aspirants
Answer: (b)

179. Medium-term finance is valid for a period of:
(a) less than 3 years
(b) 3 to 5 years
(c) 3 to 10 years
(d) more than 10 years
Answer: (c)

180. The Arabic term ‘attar’ is used for:
(a) a pharmacist
(b) a physician
(c) a nurse
(d) a surgeon
Answer: (a)

Discipline5

181. Which of the following dosage forms should NOT be stored in metallic jars?
(a) Safoof
(b) Qurs
(c) Itrifal
(d) Marham
Answer: (c)

182. The sub-pharmacy which receives its supplies from the main hospital's pharmacy is known as:
(a) satellite pharmacy
(b) clinic pharmacy
(c) inpatient pharmacy
(d) outpatient pharmacy
Answer: (a)

183. The drugs kept at nursing stations come under the _____ method of drug distribution.
(a) individual prescription order system
(b) floor stock system
(c) unit dose dispensing system
(d) multi-dose dispensing system
Answer: (b)

184. The advice of ‘Do not swallow but chew it’ is for a/an:
(a) anti-diabetic drug
(b) antacid tablet
(c) bisacodyl tablet
(d) MOA inhibitor
Answer: (b)

185. In which schedule of Drugs and Cosmetics Rules, 1945 is the list of poisonous drugs of Unani System mentioned?

(a) Schedule E
(b) Schedule E (1)
(c) Schedule H
(d) Schedule H (1)

Answer: (b)

186. Which of the following statements is true about sterile water for injection?

(a) Sterile water for injection contains no antimicrobial agent or other excipients.
(b) Sterile water for injection contains antimicrobial agent and other excipients.
(c) Sterile water for injection may contain antimicrobial agent and other excipients.
(d) Sterile water for injection contains antimicrobial agent but no other excipients.

Answer: (a)

187. All of the following equipment are used for sterilisation, EXCEPT:

(a) autoclave
(b) hot air oven
(c) chemical steriliser
(d) lyophiliser

Answer: (d)

188. Which of the following equipment is required for powdering of any crude drug in a dispensing pharmacy?

(a) Mortar and pestle
(b) Ball mill
(c) Hammer mill
(d) Disintegrator

Answer: (a)

189. 'NFUM' stands for:

(a) National Formulary of Unani Medicine
(b) Novel Formulary of Unani Medicine
(c) Natural Formulary of Unani Medicine
(d) New Formulary of Unani Medicine

Answer: (a)

190. Light-sensitive medicines should be dispensed in:

(a) amber-coloured glass
(b) soda–lime glass
(c) borosilicate glass
(d) neutral glass

Answer: (a)

191. The Unani terminology for ‘Scabies’ is:

(a) Jarb
(b) Hikka
(c) Dummal
(d) Quba

Answer: (a)

192. The equivalent English term for ‘Salas al-Baul’ is:

(a) dysuria
(b) retention of urine
(c) urinary incontinence
(d) burning micturition

Answer: (c)

193. If lymph node tuberculosis presents as painless swelling, the condition is referred to as:

(a) lymphadenopathy
(b) scrofula
(c) callous ulcer
(d) tuberculous ulcer

Answer: (b)

194. ‘Fatty streak formation’ represents the initial lesion of:

(a) atherosclerosis
(b) arteriosclerosis
(c) DVT
(d) diabetes mellitus

Answer: (a)

195. Normal value of fasting blood sugar is:

(a) < 80 mg/100 ml
(b) 80–120 mg/100 ml
(c) 120–180 mg/100 ml
(d) > 180 mg/100 ml

Answer: (b)

196. The adverse effect that CANNOT be explained by the known mechanism of action is known as:

(a) idiosyncratic drug reaction.
(b) allergic drug reaction.
(c) excessive pharmacological reaction.
(d) secondary pharmacological reaction.

Answer: (a)

197. Powdered charcoal is an example of:

(a) mechanical antidote
(b) chemical antidote
(c) physiological antidote
(d) pharmacological antidote

Answer: (a)

198. Induction of emesis should be done immediately in case of:

(a) ingestion of strong acid
(b) Ingestion of CNS stimulant
(c) ingestion of kerosene
(d) ingestion of pesticides

Answer: (d)

199. Nicotine causes:

(a) drug addiction
(b) drug habituation
(c) drug abuse
(d) suicidal tendency

Answer: (b)

200. All of the following statements are correct, EXCE

(a) Absorption of drug takes place only if the dru in the solution form.
(b) Liquids are better absorbed than solid medi ents.
(c) Acidic drugs are rapidly absorbed i ach.
(d) Rapid absorption occurs if the drug is take after meal.

Answer: (d)

Answer key

Answer key from the Delhi Subordinate Services Selection Board's official answer key for this sitting. "—" means the key gave none.

General Awareness

21 **(a)**	22 **(a)**	23 **(b)**	24 **(b)**	25 **(d)**	26 **(c)**	27 **(a)**	28 **(d)**	29 **(a)**	30 **(a)**
31 **(b)**	32 **(d)**	33 **(a)**	34 **(b)**	35 **(c)**	36 **(b)**	37 **(a)**	38 **(c)**	39 **(a)**	40 **(b)**

General English

61 **(d)**	62 **(b)**	63 **(c)**	64 **(b)**	65 **(c)**	66 **(c)**	67 **(a)**	68 **(b)**	69 **(a)**	70 **(b)**
71 **(b)**	72 **(c)**	73 **(a)**	74 **(b)**	75 **(d)**	76 **(a)**	79 **(b)**	80 **(a)**		

Discipline1

101 **(b)**	102 **(c)**	103 **(c)**	104 **(c)**	105 **(a)**	106 **(b)**	107 **(a)**	108 **(c)**	109 **(c)**	110 **(b)**
111 **(b)**	112 **(d)**	113 **(c)**	114 **(d)**	115 **(a)**	116 **(c)**	117 **(b)**	118 **(a)**	119 **(b)**	120 **(a)**

Discipline2

121 **(c)**	122 **(b)**	123 **(c)**	124 **(b)**	12 **(b)**	126 **(c)**	127 **(b)**	128 **(d)**	129 **(d)**	130 **(d)**
131 **(c)**	132 **(c)**	1 **(b)**	134 **(d)**	135 **(d)**	136 **(c)**	137 **(b)**	138 **(c)**	139 **(c)**	140 **(a)**

Discipline3

141 **(c)**	142 **(b)**	143 **(d)**	144 **(b)**	145 **(a)**	146 **(d)**	147 **(a)**	148 **(c)**	149 **(d)**	150 **(b)**
151 **(c)**	152 **(b)**	153 **(c)**	154 **(a)**	155 **(b)**	156 **(c)**	157 **(b)**	159 **(b)**	160 **(a)**	

Discipline4

161 **(d)**	162 **(d)**	163 **(a)**	164 **(b)**	165 **(c)**	166 **(b)**	167 **(b)**	168 **(a)**	169 **(d)**	170 **(c)**
171 **(d)**	172 **(b)**	173 **(c)**	174 **(b)**	175 **(a)**	176 **(a)**	177 **(b)**	178 **(b)**	179 **(c)**	180 **(a)**

Discipline5

181 **(c)**	182 **(a)**	183 **(b)**	184 **(b)**	185 **(b)**	186 **(a)**	187 **(d)**	188 **(a)**	189 **(a)**	190 **(a)**
191 **(a)**	192 **(c)**	193 **(b)**	194 **(a)**	195 **(b)**	196 **(a)**	197 **(a)**	198 **(d)**	199 **(b)**	200 **(d)**