PREVIOUS YEAR PAPER

DSSSB Inspecting Officer Section A 2022 — 29 November 2022, Shift 1

DSSSB Other Posts · 29 November 2022 · Shift 1

198 of the paper's 200 questions · +1 for a correct answer, −0.25 for a wrong one · 120 minutes

Left out of the original paper: 2 (any question that needs a figure, a symbol or formatting we cannot show, or whose text did not read back cleanly from the booklet).

Questions from the Delhi Subordinate Services Selection Board's paper of 29 November 2022, Shift 1. Each question is followed by its answer, and the answer key is repeated on the last page.

Take it as a timed practice test: exambharo.com/dsssb-other-posts/previous-year-papers/dsssb-other-posts-2022-inspecting-officer-section-a-29-nov-shift-1/

Discipline1

1. In which of the following Articles of the Constitution of India is the principle of ‘Equal pay for equal work’ contained?

(a) Article 10
(b) Article 36
(c) Article 39
(d) Article 44

Answer: (c)

2. Under Schedule VII of the Constitution, the subje[illegible]ducation’ lies under _____ List.

(a) Union
(b) State
(c) Concurrent
(d) Central

Answer: (c)

3. Which of the following Articles of the Constitution of India is related to the Maternity Benefit Act, 1961?

(a) Article 40
(b) Article 42
(c) Article 39
(d) Article 47

Answer: (b)

4. With the insertion of Article 21-A into the Constitution of India, the State has been entrusted with the task of providing free and compulsory education to all the children in the age group of _____.

(a) 5–14 years
(b) 6–14 years
(c) 8–15 years
(d) 10–16 years

Answer: (b)

5. Articles 42 of the Constitution of India deal with:

(a) citizenship

(b) maternity relief

(c) equality

(d) freedom

Answer: (b)

6. Under which of the following Articles of the Constitution of India have the children aged below 14 years been prohibited to work under hazardous conditions?

(a) Article 21

(b) Article 22

(c) Article 23

(d) Article 24

Answer: (d)

7. Under which Constitutional Amendment has the workers' participation in management been added?

(a) 40th Amendment

(b) 42nd Amendment

(c) 44th Amendment

(d) 39th Amendment

Answer: (b)

8. Under which of the following Articles of the Constitution of India did the Parliament enact the Equal Remuneration Act, 1976?

(a) Article 39

(b) Article 40

(c) Article 41

(d) Article 42

Answer: (a)

9. Which Article of the Constitution of India deals with 'State to secure a social order for the promotion of welfare of the people'?

(a) Article 37

(b) Article 38

(c) Article 39

(d) Article 40

Answer: (b)

10. Which Article of the Indian Constitution deals with "Workers' Participation in Management"?

(a) Article 43

(b) Article 42

(c) Article 43A

(d) Article 43B

Answer: (c)

11. Which of the following parts of the Constitution of India deals with the provisions of 'Living wages'?

(a) Fundamental Rights
(b) Directive Principles of State Policy
(c) Citizenship
(d) Union and its Territory

Answer: (b)

12. Which of the following parts of the Constitution of India deals with 'Directive Principles of State Policy'?

(a) Part I
(b) Part II
(c) Part III
(d) Part IV

Answer: (d)

13. Which of the following Articles of the Constitution of India deals with the provisions related to 'Prohibition of traffic in human beings and forced labour'?

(a) Article 21
(b) Article 22
(c) Article 23
(d) Article 24

Answer: (c)

14. Which of the following are the features of land reforms in India?
A.Regulation of Rent to the tenants
B.Ownership right to the tenants
C. Introduction of Zamindari system

(a) Only A and B
(b) Only B and C
(c) Only A and C
(d) All of the given options

Answer: (a)

15. In which year was the International Labour Organisation (ILO) founded?

(a) 1915
(b) 1917
(c) 1919
(d) 1921

Answer: (c)

16. Of which of the following organisations did India become a permanent member of the Governing Body in 1922?

(a) UNO
(b) ILO
(c) UNICEF
(d) UNESCO

Answer: (b)

17. In which year were the ILO's Convention No.138 and 182 on child labour ratified by India?

(a) 2010
(b) 2013
(c) 2015
(d) 2017

Answer: (d)

18. To what is Convention No. 138 of the International Labour Organisation (ILO) related?

(a) Minimum wages
(b) Age of employment
(c) Social security
(d) Industrial relations

Answer: (b)

19. In which year was the ILO's Minimum Wage-Fixin achinery Convention, 1928 ratified by India?

(a) 1947
(b) 1950
(c) 1955
(d) 1958

Answer: (c)

20. What does the 100th Convention of the ILO deal with?

(a) Child labour
(b) Agriculture labour
(c) Equal remuneration
(d) Social security

Answer: (c)

Discipline2

21. When did the Factories Act, 1948 come into force?

(a) 1st April 1948
(b) 1st April 1949
(c) 1st May 1948
(d) 1st May 1949

Answer: (b)

22. Which Schedule of the Factories Act, 1948 provides the list of notifiable diseases?
    (a) First Schedule
    (b) Second Schedule
    (c) Third Schedule
    (d) Fifth Schedule
    Answer: (c)

23. Which of the following Sections of the Factories Act, 1948 defines 'Adult'?
    (a) Section 2(a)
    (b) Section 2(b)
    (c) Section 2(c)
    (d) Section 2(d)
    Answer: (a)

24. Which of the following Sections of the Factories Act, 1948 defines 'Factory'?
    (a) Section 2(m)
    (b) Section 2(n)
    (c) Section 2(k)
    (d) Section 2(i)
    Answer: (a)

25. Which of the following chapter of The Factories A 1948 provides the health-related provision?
    (a) Chapter 3
    (b) Chapter 4
    (c) Chapter 5
    (d) Chapter 6
    Answer: (a)

26. Who among the following is empowered to appoint Inquiry Committee under Section 41D of The Factories Act, 1948?
    (a) State Government
    (b) Central Government
    (c) High Court
    (d) Supreme Court
    Answer: (b)

27. As per the Factories Act, 1948, an ambulance room shall be provided in a factory wherein more than _____ workers are ordinarily employed.
    (a) 500
    (b) 400
    (c) 250
    (d) 150
    Answer: (a)

28. The Chapter VI of The Factories Act, 1948 contains provisions for regulating working hours for the adult workers. As per these, an adult worker shall be allowed to work maximum for _____ in any week.

(a) 40 hours
(b) 48 hours
(c) 56 hours
(d) 64 hours

Answer: (b)

29. Which of the following Sections of the Factories Act, 1948 defines the term 'Occupier'?

(a) Section 2(n)
(b) Section 2(l)
(c) Section 2(o)
(d) Section 2(g)

Answer: (a)

30. Which Section of the Contract Labour (Regulation and Abolition) Act, 1970 deals with powers of the inspecting staff?

(a) Section 26
(b) Section 27
(c) Section 28
(d) Section 29

Answer: (c)

31. As per Section 16 of the Contract Labo[illegible]'Regu[illegible]on and Abolition) Act, 1970, one or more canteens shall be provided and maintained b[illegible]ntractor for use if such contract labour employed is:

(a) 50 or more
(b) 100 or more
(c) 200 or more
(d) 20 or more

Answer: (b)

32. As per the Contract Labour (Regulation and Abolition) Act, 1970, the Chairman of the State Advisory Contract Labour Board is appointed by:

(a) the Governor of the State
(b) the State Government
(c) the employers of the establishments by a secret ballot
(d) the Labour Commissioner

Answer: (b)

33. The Contract Labour (Regulation and Abolition) Act, 1970 applies to every establishment/ contractor in which _____ workmen are employed or were employed as contract labour on any day of the preceding 12 months.

(a) 10 or more

(b) 15or more

(c) 20 or more

(d) 25 or more

Answer: (c)

34. As per the Contract Labour (Regulation and Abolition) Act, 1970, who among the following is EXCLUDED from the given definition of the 'Contractor'?

(a) The one who undertakes to produce a given result for an establishment through contract labour

(b) The one who supplies contract labour for any work of the establishment

(c) The one who supplies goods and articles for manufacture to an establishment

(d) The one who is a Sub-contractor

Answer: (c)

35. The Contract Labour (Regulation and Abolition) Act, 1970 came into force on _____.

(a) 5 December 1970

(b) 5 November 1970

(c) 15 January 1971

(d) 10 February 1971

Answer: (d)

36. The Mines Act came into force in the year.

(a) 1950

(b) 1951

(c) 1952

(d) 1953

Answer: (c)

37. The Plantations Labour Act was passed by the Parliament in:

(a) 1950

(b) 1951

(c) 1952

(d) 1953

Answer: (b)

38. In which year was VV Giri National Labour Institute established?

(a) 1947

(b) 1965

(c) 1970

(d) 1974

Answer: (d)

39. What is the full form of the abbreviation 'DGFASLI' in the context of administration of the Factories Act and related works?

(a) Directorate General, Finance Advice Service and Labour Institutes

(b) Directorate General, Factory Advice Service and Labour Institutes

(c) Directorate General, Family Advice Service and Labour Institutes

(d) Directorate General, Fraction Advice Service and Labour Institutes

Answer: (b)

40. Which of the following sections as per The Mines Act 1952, defines the term 'mines'?

(a) Section 2(i)

(b) Section 2(p)

(c) Section 2(n)

(d) Section 2(m)

Answer: (a)

Discipline3

41. As per the Mines Act, 1952, for requiring the employment in every mine wherein _____ or more persons are ordinarily employed, welfare officers' facility shall be provided.

(a) 100

(b) 200

(c) 300

(d) 500

Answer: (d)

42. As per the Plantations Labour Act, 1951, in [illegible] plantation wherein _____ or more women workers are employed or were employed on any day of the preceding 12 months, there shall be provided and maintained by the employer suitable rooms for the use of children.

(a) 30

(b) 50

(c) 70

(d) 100

Answer: (b)

43. Which of the following is NOT a statutory welfare facility under the Plantations Labour Act, 1951?

(a) Gymnasium facilities

(b) Housing facilities

(c) Educational facilities

(d) Recreational facilities

Answer: (a)

44. According to the Plantations Labour Act, 1951, which of the following Chapters deals with welfare provisions?

(a) Chapter III

(b) Chapter IV

(c) Chapter V

(d) Chapter VI

Answer: (b)

45. A minimum of how many members can register a trade union under the Trade Union Act, 1926?

(a) 3

(b) 5

(c) 7

(d) 10

Answer: (c)

46. As per the Trade Union Act, 1926, application for registration of a trade union shall be made to the_____.

(a) Governor

(b) State Government

(c) Registrar

(d) Central Government

Answer: (c)

47. Which of the following statements is INCORREC[illegible]s per the Trade Union Act, 1926?

(a) Registered Trade Union shall be a b[illegible]ate.

(b) Registered Trade Union shall not have pe[illegible]ual succession.

(c) Registered Trade Union shall have power to acquire and hold both movable and immovable properties.

(d) Registered Trade Union shall have a common seal.

Answer: (b)

48. As per the Trade Union Act, 1926, a copy of every alteration made to the rules of a registered trade union shall be sent to the Registrar within _____ of the making of the alteration.

(a) 15 days

(b) 30 days

(c) 45 days

(d) 60 days

Answer: (a)

49. Which Section of the Trade Union Act, 1926 provides the definition of 'Trade Union'?

(a) Section 2(a)

(b) Section 2(c)

(c) Section 2(e)

(d) Section 2(h)

Answer: (d)

50. Which Section of the Trade Union Act, 1926 provides the definition of 'Registrar'?

(a) Section 2(a)

(b) Section 2(b)

(c) Section 2(f)

(d) Section 2(h)

Answer: (c)

51. Section 3 of the Industrial Employment (Standing Orders) Act, 1946 deals with_____.

(a) appeal

(b) definitions

(c) submission of draft standing orders

(d) conditions for certification of standing orders

Answer: (c)

52. The Industrial Employment (Standing Orders) Act, 1946 applies to every establishment employing _____.

(a) 25 or more workmen

(b) 50 or more workmen

(c) 75 or more workmen

(d) 100 or more workmen

Answer: (d)

53. According to the provisions of Section 10-A of th dustrial Employment (Standing Orders) Act, 1946, if any worker is suspended by the employer p ding investigation or inquiry,a subsistence allowance shall be paid for the first 90 day the of:

(a) 50 Percent

(b) 60 Percent

(c) 75 Percent

(d) 90 Percent

Answer: (a)

54. As per Section 3 of the Industrial Employment (Standing Orders) Act, 1946, how many copies of the Draft Standing Order are required to be submitted to the Certifying Officer?

(a) Four

(b) Five

(c) Six

(d) Seven

Answer: (b)

55. Under Section 2(a) of the Industrial Employment (Standing Order) Act, 1946, an Appellate Authority is appointed by the:

(a) High Court
(b) Supreme Court
(c) Labour Court
(d) Appropriate Government

Answer: (d)

56. Which of the following is NOT a wage-related labour law?

(a) Maternity Benefit Act, 1961
(b) Payment of Bonus Act, 1965
(c) Payment of Wages Act, 1936
(d) Minimum Wages Act, 1948

Answer: (a)

57. Which of the following is a wage-related labour law?

(a) Factories Act, 1948
(b) Mines Act, 1952
(c) Contract Labour Act, 1970
(d) Minimum Wages Act, 1948

Answer: (d)

58. Fine should not be imposed on any employee wh s under the age of _____ years.

(a) 21
(b) 18
(c) 15
(d) 14

Answer: (c)

59. As per Section13-A of the Payment of Wages Act, 1936, every register and record shall be preserved for a period of:

(a) 1 year
(b) 2 years
(c) 3 years
(d) 4 years

Answer: (c)

60. The Minimum Wages Act, 1948 came into force on:

(a) 10 February 1948
(b) 10 March 1948
(c) 15 February 1948
(d) 15 March 1948

Answer: (d)

Discipline4

61. Which one of the following agencies shall revise the minimum rates of wages under the Minimum Wages Act, 1948 at least once in every 5 years?

(a) Supreme Court

(b) High Court

(c) District Court

(d) Appropriate Government

Answer: (d)

62. Section 5 of the Minimum Wages Act, 1948 covers the procedure for fixing and revising minimum wages. Which of the following methods is used for fixing and revising minimum wages as per this Section?

(a) Calculation method

(b) Notification method

(c) Participation method

(d) Classification method

Answer: (b)

63. Which Section of the Minimum Wages Act, 1948 covers 'Wages for two or more classes of work come'?

(a) Section 15

(b) Section 16

(c) Section 3

(d) Section 14

Answer: (b)

64. The Payment of Bonus Act, 1965 shall apply to every factory and to every other establishment in which _____ are employed on any day during an accounting year.

(a) 20 or more persons

(b) 10 or more persons

(c) 15 or more persons

(d) less than 10 persons

Answer: (a)

65. As per the Payment of Bonus Act, 1965, every employee shall be entitled to be paid by his/her employer in an accounting year, the bonus, in accordance with the provisions of this Act, provided he/she has worked in the establishment for not less than _____ working days in that year.

(a) 30

(b) 60

(c) 90

(d) 120

Answer: (a)

66. As per the Payment of Bonus Act, 1965, the bonus shall be paid in cash within _____ months from the close of the accounting year.

(a) 3
(b) 5
(c) 8
(d) 12

Answer: (c)

67. Which of the following is NOT a ground for disqualification from receiving the bonus under the Payment of Bonus Act, 1965?

(a) Fraud
(b) Theft, misappropriation, or sabotage of any property of the establishment
(c) Flouting of any instruction or order issued by a manager of the factory
(d) Riotous or violent behaviour while on the premises or the establishment

Answer: (c)

68. If there is a dispute regarding payment of the bonus pending before any authority, under which Section of the Payment of Bonus Act, 1965 does it come?

(a) Section 21
(b) Section 22
(c) Section 23
(d) Section 24

Answer: (b)

69. Which of the following is NOT a social security legislation?

(a) Maternity Benefit Act, 1961
(b) Employees' Compensation Act, 1923
(c) Equal Remuneration Act, 1976
(d) Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972

Answer: (c)

70. Which of the following is a social security legislation?

(a) Mines Act, 1952
(b) Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948
(c) Factories Act, 1948
(d) Minimum Wages Act, 1948

Answer: (b)

71. Under which Section of the Employees' Compensation Act, 1923 is the Commissioner for Workmen's Compensation appointed?

(a) Section 10
(b) Section 20
(c) Section 30
(d) Section 40

Answer: (b)

72. Under Employees Compensation Act, in the case of occupational diseases the compensation will be payable only if the workmen have been in the service of the employer for more than _____.

(a) 5 months
(b) 6 months
(c) 7 months
(d) 8 months

Answer: (b)

73. What is the period of limitation for an appeal under Section 30(2) of the Employees' Compensation Act, 1923?

(a) 15 days
(b) 20 days
(c) 30 days
(d) 60 days

Answer: (d)

74. How many Schedules are there in the Employees' Compensation Act, 1923?

(a) One
(b) Two
(c) Three
(d) Four

Answer: (d)

75. Which of the following is NOT the minimum qua[illegible]ation required for a person to qualify as a judge of the Employees' Insurance Court u[illegible] th[illegible]mployees' State Insurance Act, 1948?

(a) Judicial officer with minimum two years[illegible]ding
(b) Legal practitioner with three years' standing
(c) Judicial officer with minimum five years' standing
(d) Legal practitioner with four years' standing

Answer: (c)

76. As per Section 4 of the Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948, the Employees' State Insurance Corporation consists of certain members. Among them, who is the ex-officio member?

(a) Chairman
(b) Vice-Chairman
(c) A member who represents the interest of employers
(d) Director-General of the Corporation

Answer: (d)

77. The Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948 provides for constitution of a Standing Committee under:

(a) Section 4
(b) Section 5
(c) Section 6
(d) Section 8

Answer: (d)

78. The age of a dependent daughter, who is infirm, for obtaining the dependent's benefit under the Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948 has been extended from 18 years to _____.

(a) 20 years
(b) 22 years
(c) 25 years
(d) 28 years

Answer: (c)

79. Section 21 of the Maternity Benefit Act, 1961 deals with:

(a) the penalty for contravention of the Act by employers
(b) the penalty for obstructing the Inspector
(c) registers
(d) miscarriage

Answer: (a)

80. Which of the following Sections of the Payment Gratuity Act, 1972 deals with the recovery of gratuity?

(a) Section 8
(b) Section 9
(c) Section 10
(d) Section 11

Answer: (a)

Discipline5

81. In which year Code on Wages passed by the Indian Parliament?

(a) 2015
(b) 2017
(c) 2019
(d) 2021

Answer: (c)

82. Which of the following Acts does not come under Code on wages?

(a) Equal Remuneration Act, 1976

(b) Payment of Wages Act, 1936

(c) Employees' Compensation Act, 1923

(d) Minimum Wages Act, 1948

Answer: (c)

83. Provisions related to Maternity Benefit come under which of the following codes?

(a) Code on Social Security

(b) Code on Wages

(c) Industrial Relations Code

(d) Code on Welfare

Answer: (a)

84. The provision of the Inspector-cum-Facilitator is given in _____ under the Code on Social Security.

(a) Section 100

(b) Section 114

(c) Section 119

(d) Section 122

Answer: (d)

85. The definition of wages given under the Occupa' al, Safety, Health, and Working Conditions Code, 2020 does NOT include _____.

(a) basic wages

(b) house accommodation

(c) dearness allowance

(d) retaining allowance

Answer: (b)

86. Which of the following Acts does NOT come under the Industrial Relation Code?

(a) Minimum Wages Act, 1948

(b) Trade Union Act, 1926

(c) Industrial Disputes Act, 1947

(d) Industrial Employment (SO) Act, 1946

Answer: (a)

87. Under the Code on Wages, 2019, the accounting year starts from _____.

(a) 1st day of January

(b) 1st day of April

(c) 1st day of July

(d) 1st day of October

Answer: (b)

88. Chapter II of The Code on Wages, 2019 deals with:
(a) minimum wages
(b) payment of wages
(c) bonus
(d) equal remuneration
Answer: (a)

89. Section 19 of The Code on Wages, 2019 states that the fine shall NOT exceed _____ of wages.
(a) 1 Percent
(b) 2 Percent
(c) 3 Percent
(d) 4 Percent
Answer: (c)

90. Under which Section of The Industrial Relations Code, 2020 does the definition of 'Conciliation Officer' come?
(a) Section 2(e)
(b) Section 2(f)
(c) Section 2(i)
(d) Section 2(n)
Answer: (c)

91. Which Section of the Industrial Relations Code, 2) deals with the provisions related to Industrial Tribunals?
(a) Section 40
(b) Section 42
(c) Section 44
(d) Section 48
Answer: (c)

92. How many Schedules are there in the Social Security Code, 2020?
(a) Five
(b) Six
(c) Seven
(d) Eight
Answer: (c)

93. Which Schedule of the Social Security Code, 2020 deals with occupational diseases?
(a) Schedule I
(b) Schedule II
(c) Schedule III
(d) Schedule IV
Answer: (c)

94. Which of the following appoints the Chairperson of the Board of Trustees of the Employees' Provident Fund under the Social Security Code, 2020?

(a) State Government

(b) Central Government

(c) Supreme Court

(d) High Court

Answer: (b)

95. As per the Occupational Safety, Health, and Working Conditions Code, 2020, 'Week' means a period of 7 days beginning at midnight on a _____ night.

(a) Saturday

(b) Sunday

(c) Monday

(d) Friday

Answer: (a)

96. A Safety Committee shall be constituted under the Occupational Safety, Health, and Working Conditions Code, 2020 in every establishment wherein _____ are ordinarily employed.

(a) 500 or more workers

(b) 200 or more workers

(c) 250 or more workers

(d) 300 or more workers

Answer: (a)

97. Which Chapter of the Occupational Saf Hea and Working Conditions Code, 2020 deals with welfare provisions?

(a) Chapter II

(b) Chapter IV

(c) Chapter VI

(d) Chapter V

Answer: (c)

98. No worker shall be allowed to work in an establishment for more than _____ days in any 1 week as per the Occupational Safety, Health, and Working Conditions Code, 2020.

(a) 6

(b) 7

(c) 5

(d) 2

Answer: (a)

99. Under which Section of the Labour Laws ([Simplification of Procedure for] Furnishing Returns and Maintaining Registers by certain Establishments) Act, 1988 does the definition of 'Employer' come?

(a) Section 2(a)

(b) Section 2(b)

(c) Section 2(c)

(d) Section 2(d)

Answer: (a)

100. Section 3 of the Labour Laws ([Simplification of Procedure for] Furnishing Returns and Maintaining Registers by certain Establishments) Act, 1988 deals with _____.

(a) inspectors

(b) saving

(c) exemption

(d) amendment of certain labour laws

Answer: (d)

Discipline6

101. As per Penalty under the Labour Laws ([Simplification of Procedure for] Furnishing Returns and Maintaining Registers by certain Establishments) Act, 1988, in case of the first conviction, the fine may extend to _____.

(a) Rs.5,000

(b) Rs.2,000

(c) Rs.7,000

(d) Rs.10,000

Answer: (a)

102. How many Schedules are there in the Labour Laws ([Simplification of Procedure for] Furnishing Returns and Maintaining Registers by certain Establishments) Act, 1988?

(a) One

(b) Two

(c) Three

(d) Four

Answer: (b)

103. Which of the following laws does NOT come under Schedule I of the Labour Laws ([Simplification of Procedure for] Furnishing Returns and Maintaining Registers by certain Establishments) Act, 1988?

(a) Payment of Wages Act, 1936

(b) Weekly Holidays Act, 1942

(c) Minimum Wages Act, 1948

(d) Maternity Benefit Act, 1961

Answer: (d)

104. As per the Labour Laws ([Simplification of Procedure for] Furnishing Returns and Maintaining Registers by certain Establishments) Act, 1988, 'Very small establishment' means an establishment in which not more than _____ persons are employed or were employed on any day of the preceding 12 months.

(a) 9

(b) 19

(c) 15

(d) 20

Answer: (a)

105. As per Section 3 of the Child and Adolescent Labour (Prohibition and Regulation) Act, 1986, anybody who contravenes the provisions of Section 3 (Prohibition of Employment of Children in Certain Occupations and Processes) shall be punished with minimum _____, which may extend up to _____ of imprisonment.

(a) 1 month; 1 year

(b) 3 months; 1 year

(c) 6 months; 2 years

(d) 6 months; 5 years

Answer: (c)

106. As per the Child and Adolescent Labour (Prohibition and Regulation) Act, 1986, an adolescent shall NOT be permitted to work between _____.

(a) 7 p.m. and 8 a.m.

(b) 8 p.m. and 7 a.m.

(c) 8 p.m. and 8 a.m.

(d) 6 p.m. and 8 a.m.

Answer: (a)

107. As per the Child and Adolescent Labour (Prohibition and Regulation) Act, 1986, the day specified in notice as a weekly holiday for an adolescent shall NOT be altered by the occupier more than once in _____.

(a) 1 month

(b) 2 months

(c) 3 months

(d) 6 months

Answer: (c)

108. As per the Child and Adolescent Labour (Prohibition and Regulation) Act, 1986, the 'Notice to Inspector', as mentioned in Section 9 of the Act, shall be sent within _____ days of employment of an adolescent and the commencement of this Act with respect to that particular establishment.

(a) 15

(b) 30

(c) 45

(d) 60

Answer: (b)

109. Section 16 of the Child and Adolescent Labour (Prohibition and Regulation) Act, 1986 deals with_____.

(a) penalties

(b) the procedure relating to offences

(c) the power to make rules

(d) repeal and savings

Answer: (b)

110. Which Section of the Child and Adolescent Labour (Prohibition and Regulation) Act, 1986 deals with the hours and period of work?

(a) Section 5

(b) Section 6

(c) Section 7

(d) Section 8

Answer: (c)

111. Which Section of the Child and Adolescent Labour (Prohibition and Regulation) Act, 1986 deals with weekly holidays?

(a) Section 5

(b) Section 6

(c) Section 7

(d) Section 8

Answer: (d)

112. Which of the following is covered under Section 2(v) of the Child and Adolescent Labour (Prohibition and Regulation) Act, 1986?

(a) Family

(b) Occupier

(c) Port authority

(d) Establishment

Answer: (a)

113. As per the Child and Adolescent Labour (Prohibition and Regulation) Act, 1986, the Child Labour Technical Advisory Committee shall consist of a Chairperson and not more than _____.

(a) 10 members

(b) 12 members

(c) 14 members

(d) 20 members

Answer: (a)

114. The period of work of an adolescent under the Child and Adolescent Labour (Prohibition and Regulation) Act, 1986 shall not exceed _____ a day.

(a) 4 hours
(b) 5 hours
(c) 3 hours
(d) 3 and half hours

Answer: (c)

115. As per the provisions contained in Chapter VB of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947, establishments employing _____ or more persons are required to seek prior permission of the Appropriate Government before effecting lay-off, retrenchment and closure.

(a) 100
(b) 250
(c) 500
(d) 750

Answer: (a)

116. 'Industry' is defined under _____ of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947.

(a) Section 2(oo)
(b) Section 2(j)
(c) Section 2(i)
(d) Section 2(s)

Answer: (b)

117. The Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 provi[illegible] for [illegible]Works Committee' under _____.

(a) Section 3
(b) Section 4
(c) Section 5
(d) Section 6

Answer: (a)

118. As per Section 7A of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947, who among the following is NOT eligible to be appointed as a Presiding Officer of the Industrial Tribunal?

(a) A Judge of High Court
(b) A Labour Commissioner with experience of at least 5 years' experience
(c) A district judge with experience of at least 3 years' experience
(d) An additional district judge with experience of at least 3 years' experience

Answer: (b)

119. A National Tribunal may be constituted by the Central Government under Section 7-B of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947. Such National Tribunal shall consist of _____, only for whom the Central Government, if it so thinks fit, may appoint _____ as assessor(s) to advise the National Tribunal.

(a) 1 person; 2 persons

(b) 2 persons; 1 person

(c) 2 persons; 2 persons

(d) 1 person; 1 person

Answer: (a)

120. What is the maximum penalty of imprisonment for illegal strikes as per Section 26(1) of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947?

(a) 1 month

(b) 2 months

(c) 3 months

(d) 6 months

Answer: (a)

Discipline7

121. Under the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947, 'Unfair Labour Practices' have been listed in:

(a) Schedule I

(b) Schedule II

(c) Schedule IV

(d) Schedule V

Answer: (d)

122. As per Section 31 (2) of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947, whoever contravenes any of the provisions of this Act or any rules made thereunder, shall, if no other penalty is elsewhere provided by or under this Act for such contravention, be punishable with fine, which may extend to:

(a) Rs.100

(b) Rs.500

(c) Rs.1,000

(d) Rs.200

Answer: (a)

123. Under the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947, the definition of 'Wages' mentioned in Section 2(rr) does NOT include:

(a) any travelling concession

(b) any concessional supply of food grains

(c) any value of any house accommodation

(d) any bonus

Answer: (d)

124. Which of the following is NOT an authority for settlement of industrial disputes under the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947?

(a) Conciliation Officer

(b) Board of Conciliation

(c) Collective bargaining process

(d) Labour Court

Answer: (c)

125. How many members does a Conciliation Board consist of as per the Appropriate Government under the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947?

(a) Chairperson and two or four other members

(b) Chairperson and one or more other members

(c) Chairperson and five or six other members

(d) Chairperson and 10 other members

Answer: (a)

126. Under the Industrial Disputes Act 1947, how many days of notice is to be given to the workman by the employer in case of any changes to be made in the service conditions specified in the Fourth Schedule?

(a) 30 days

(b) 15 days

(c) 21 days

(d) 45 days

Answer: (c)

127. How many Schedules are there in the Ind Disputes Act, 1947?

(a) Three

(b) Four

(c) Five

(d) Six

Answer: (c)

128. Under which legislation is the provision related to Protected Workman specified?

(a) Trade Union Act, 1926

(b) Industrial Employment (SO) Act, 1946

(c) Maternity Benefit Act, 1961

(d) Industrial Disputes Act, 1947

Answer: (d)

129. In case of closing down of the establishment under Section 25(o) of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947, how many days' prior notice shall be given to the workers?

(a) 30 days

(b) 60 days

(c) 90 days

(d) 120 days

Answer: (c)

130. The Industrial Disputes Act 1947 describes 'Average Pay'. Which of the following is NOT included as per the given definition?

(a) in case of the monthly paid workman, 3 complete calendar months

(b) in case of the weekly paid workman, 4 complete weeks

(c) in case of the daily paid workman, 12 full working days

(d) in case of the hourly paid workers,9 working hours

Answer: (d)

131. As per the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947, the National Tribunal shall consist of one person only to be appointed by the:

(a) Central Government

(b) State Government

(c) Provincial Government

(d) Supreme Court

Answer: (a)

132. As per Section 20 of the Minimum Wa[illegible] Act [illegible]48, the Government may, by notification in the official Gazette, appoint an authority to hear a[illegible]ide for any specified area all the claims arising out of a payment of less than the minimum rates of wages. Who among the following is NOT included for such appointments?

(a) Any Commissioner for workers' compensation

(b) Any officer of the Central Government exercising functions as the Labour Commissioner

(c) Employer of the Company

(d) Any officer of the State Government not below the rank of a Labour Commissioner

Answer: (c)

133. Section 3(3) of the Minimum Wages Act, 1948 provides that minimum rates of wages may be fixed for various categories. Which of the following is NOT covered under this?

(a) different localities

(b) different classes of work in the same schedule employment

(c) adults, adolescents, children and apprentices

(d) different sexes in society

Answer: (d)

134. Which of the following is included in the definition of 'Wages' mentioned under Section 2(h) of the Minimum Wages Act, 1948?

(a) The value of any house accommodation

(b) Gratuity payable on discharge

(c) Travelling allowance

(d) House rent allowance

Answer: (d)

135. Under the Minimum Wages Act, 1948, in relation to a mine, 'Appropriate Government' means the:

(a) Central Government

(b) State Government

(c) Central and the State Government both

(d) local authority

Answer: (a)

136. What is the maximum punishment of imprisonment under Section 22 of the Minimum Wages Act, 1948 for paying to employees less than the minimum rates of wages?

(a) 6 months

(b) 9 months

(c) 12 months

(d) 3 months

Answer: (a)

137. What is the method for fixing the minimum rate of wages under Section 5(1)(a) of the Minimum Wages Act, 1948?

(a) Commission method

(b) Committee method

(c) Alternative method

(d) Bargaining method

Answer: (b)

138. Under Section 8 of the Minimum Wages Act, 1948, the Central Government shall appoint a Central Advisory Board. The Chairman of the Board shall be appointed from _____.

(a) the persons nominated by the Central Government, representing only the employers

(b) the persons nominated by the Central Government, representing only the employees

(c) either the representatives of employers or those of employees

(d) independent persons nominated by the Central Government

Answer: (d)

139. Which Section of the Minimum Wages Act, 1948 deals with the 'Composition of committees, etc.'?

(a) Section 8

(b) Section 9

(c) Section 10

(d) Section 11

Answer: (b)

140. According to the Minimum Wages Act,1948, 'Child' means a person who has NOT completed his/her:

(a) 14th year of age

(b) 15th year of age

(c) 16th year of age

(d) 17th year of age

Answer: (a)

Discipline8

141. As per the Payment of Bonus Act, 1965, the minimum bonus that an employer is required to pay even if he/she suffers losses during the accounting year or if there is no allocable surplus is _____ of the salary or wages during the accounting year.

(a) 6.33 Percent

(b) 8.33 Percent

(c) 9.00 Percent

(d) 10.00 Percent

Answer: (b)

142. What is the minimum amount of bonus payable to an employee under the Payment of Bonus Act, 1965?

(a) 8.33 Percent of the salary earned during the accounting year or Rs.100, whichever is higher

(b) 8.63 Percent of the salary earned during the accounting year or Rs.100, whichever is higher

(c) 8.73 Percent of the salary earned during the accounting year or Rs.100, whichever is higher

(d) 8.83 Percent of the salary earned during the accounting year or Rs.100, whichever is higher

Answer: (a)

143. Section 15 of the Payment of Bonus Act, 1965 deals with:

(a) special provisions with respect to certain establishments

(b) computation of the number of working days

(c) set-on and set-off of the allocable surplus

(d) calculation of bonus with respect to certain employees

Answer: (c)

144. Which Section of the Payment of Bonus Act, 1965 deals with disqualification for bonus?

(a) Section 8

(b) Section 9

(c) Section 10

(d) Section 11

Answer: (b)

145. The maximum percentage of bonus under the Payment of Bonus Act, 1965 thatcan be paid in an accounting year as per Section 11 of this Act is:

(a) 8.33 Percent

(b) 10.0 Percent

(c) 20.0 Percent

(d) 3.33 Percent

Answer: (c)

146. Excess allocable surplus remaining after paying the maximum bonus of 20 Percent on the wages or salary of the employee should be carried forward to the following year for utilising the payment of bonus in case of shortage of the allocable surplus or losses. This is called _____.

(a) set-on

(b) set-off

(c) take-on

(d) take-off

Answer: (a)

147. The ceiling on the wages or salary for calculation of bonus under the Payment of Bonus Act, 1965 is:

(a) Rs.3,500

(b) Rs.5,000

(c) Rs.7,000

(d) Rs.10,000

Answer: (c)

148. As per the Payment of Bonus Act, 1965, the gross profit of an employer in case of a banking company shall be calculated as per:

(a) Schedule I

(b) Schedule II

(c) Schedule III

(d) Schedule IV

Answer: (a)

149. The Payment of Bonus Act, 1965 came into force on:

(a) 25 September 1965
(b) 25 September 1966
(c) 15 September 1965
(d) 15 September 1966

Answer: (a)

150. The provision of 'No discrimination to be made while recruiting men and women workers' is from _____ of the Equal Remuneration Act, 1976.

(a) Section 4
(b) Section 5
(c) Section 6
(d) Section 7

Answer: (b)

151. The term 'Same work or work of a similar nature' is mentioned in the _____.

(a) Equal Remuneration Act, 1976
(b) Maternity Benefit Act, 1961
(c) Industrial Employment (Standing Orders) Act, 1946
(d) Child and Adolescent Labour (Prohibition and Regulation) Act, 1986

Answer: (a)

152. Which Section of the Equal Remuneration Act, 1 , defines 'Remuneration'?

(a) Section 2(a)
(b) Section 2(c)
(c) Section 2(g)
(d) Section 2(h)

Answer: (c)

153. _____ of the Constitution of India envisages that the state shall direct its policy, among other things, towards securing that there is equal pay for equal work for both men and women. To give effect to this constitutional provision, the Parliament enacted the Equal Remuneration Act, 1976.

(a) Article 39
(b) Article 40
(c) Article 45
(d) Article 49

Answer: (a)

154. The Equal Remuneration Act, 1976 provides for the payment of equal remuneration to:

(a) men and women
(b) children and adults
(c) children, adolescents and adults
(d) men, women, children and adults

Answer: (a)

155. The authorities for the purpose of hearing and deciding on complaints with regard to the contravention of any provisions of the Equal Remuneration Act, 1976 shall NOT be below the rank of a:

(a) Welfare Officer
(b) Safety Officer
(c) Labour Officer
(d) Personnel Officer

Answer: (c)

156. As per the Equal Remuneration Act, 1976, it is the duty of _____ to maintain registers and other documents in relation to the workers employed in the prescribed manner.

(a) the Central Government
(b) the State Government
(c) every employer
(d) the Labour Commissioner

Answer: (c)

157. Which Section of the Equal Remuneration Act, 1976 deals with the provision of the Inspector?

(a) Section 6
(b) Section 7
(c) Section 8
(d) Section 9

Answer: (d)

158. Section 10 (1) of the Equal Remuneration Act, 1976 imposes penalty with simple imprisonment for a term which may extend to _____or with fine which may extend to _____ or with both.

(a) 2 months; Rs.5,000
(b) 1 month; Rs.10,000
(c) 3 months; Rs.10,000
(d) 6 months; Rs.5,000

Answer: (b)

159. As per the Equal Remuneration Act, 1976, every Advisory Committee shall consist of not less than _____ persons, to be nominated by the Appropriate Government.

(a) 8
(b) 5
(c) 10
(d) 6

Answer: (c)

160. Which Section of the Equal Remuneration Act, 1976 deals with the point of 'Act to have overriding effect'?

(a) Section 3

(b) Section 4

(c) Section 5

(d) Section 6

Answer: (a)

Discipline9

161. Under the Equal Remuneration Act, 1976, the term 'Employer' has the same meaning as that in the:

(a) Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972

(b) Factories Act, 1948

(c) Contract Labour Act, 1970

(d) Mines Act, 1952

Answer: (a)

162. Section 10-B of the Employees' Compensation Act, 1923 deals with the 'Reports of fatal accidents and serious bodily injuries' These report sare to be sent to the Commissioner in:

(a) 3 days

(b) 5 days

(c) 7 days

(d) 10 days

Answer: (c)

163. Schedule III of the Employees' Compensation Act, 1923 contains a list of _____.

(a) occupational diseases

(b) permanent total injuries

(c) temporary total injuries

(d) temporary partial injuries

Answer: (a)

164. Section 8 of the Employees' Compensation Act, 1923 deals with the _____.

(a) employers' liability

(b) distribution of compensation

(c) commutation of half-monthly payments

(d) review

Answer: (b)

165. Under Section 3 of the Employees' Compensation Act, 1923, the employer shall NOT be liable if the injury does not result in total or partial disablement of the employee for a period exceeding _____.

(a) 3 days
(b) 7 days
(c) 10 days
(d) 15 days

Answer: (a)

166. Which Section of the Employees' Compensation Act, 1923 defines 'Dependent'?

(a) Section 2(1)
(b) Section 2(1)(b)
(c) Section 2(1)(d)
(d) Section 2(dd)

Answer: (c)

167. As per the Employees' Compensation Act, 1923, who is considered as a 'Minor'?

(a) A person who has not attained the age of 18 years
(b) A person who has not attained the age of 15 years
(c) A person who has not attained the age of 16 years
(d) A person who has not attained the age of 21 years

Answer: (a)

168. Under which Section of the Employees' Compensation Act, 1923 does the definition of 'Managing agent' come?

(a) Section 2(1)(ff)
(b) Section 2(1)(f)
(c) Section 2(1)(e)
(d) Section 2(1)(c)

Answer: (b)

169. Which Section of the Employees' Compensation Act, 1923 deals with 'Medical examination'?

(a) Section 10
(b) Section 11
(c) Section 12
(d) Section 13

Answer: (b)

170. As per Section 15-A of the Employees' Compensation Act, 1923, in case of the death of the captain or another member of the crew, the claim for compensation should be made within:

(a) 1 year
(b) 2 years
(c) 3 years
(d) 5 years

Answer: (a)

171. According to Section 39(5) of the Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948, if any contribution payable is not paid by the principal employer on the date on which such contribution has become due, he/she shall be liable to pay simple interest at the rate of:

(a) 9 Percent per annum

(b) 10 Percent per annum

(c) 11 Percent per annum

(d) 12 Percent per annum

Answer: (d)

172. Which of the following benefits does NOT come under the Employees' State Insurance (ESI)Act, 1948?

(a) Maternity benefit

(b) Disablement benefit

(c) Entertainment benefit

(d) Dependent benefit

Answer: (c)

175. Under which Section of the Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948 is the term 'Employee' defined?

(a) Section 3(8)

(b) Section 2(8)

(c) Section 3(9)

(d) Section 2(9)

Answer: (d)

176. Which of the following entities can appoi airman and a Vice-Chairman under the Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948?

(a) Head of the Company/Factory

(b) Finance Minister

(c) Central Government

(d) State Government

Answer: (c)

177. What is the term of office of the members of the Corporation under the Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948?

(a) 2 years

(b) 3 years

(c) 4 years

(d) 5 years

Answer: (c)

178. Which Section of the Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948 deals with 'Social Security Officers'?

(a) Section 42

(b) Section 44

(c) Section 45

(d) Section 48

Answer: (c)

179. The term "Basic Wages" is defined in which section of the Employees Provident Fund & Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952?

(a) Section 2(g)

(b) Section 2(a)

(c) Section 2(f)

(d) Section 2(b)

Answer: (d)

180. Section 2(d) of the Employees' Provident Fund & Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952defines '_____'.

(a) Hazardous process

(b) Employee

(c) Employment

(d) Controlled industry

Answer: (d)

Discipline10

181. The term 'Employer' is defined under Sect. ___ of the Employees' Provident Fund & Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952.

(a) 2(a)

(b) 2(c)

(c) 2(e)

(d) 2(g)

Answer: (c)

182. Which of the following schemes is defined under Section 2(kA) of the Employees' Provident Fund & Miscellaneous Provisions Act,1952?

(a) Pension scheme

(b) Provident fund scheme

(c) Pension fund scheme

(d) Insurance scheme

Answer: (c)

183. Which of the following options is correct with reference to the Central Board constituted under the Employees' Provident Fund & Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952?

(a) Chairman and members appointed by the State Government

(b) Chairman and members appointed by the Supreme Court

(c) Chairman and members appointed by the Central Government

(d) Chairman and members appointed by the High Court

Answer: (c)

184. The Employees' Provident Fund & Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952 is applied to the establishments employing not less than:

(a) 10 employees

(b) 15 employees

(c) 20 employees

(d) 5 employees

Answer: (c)

185. Which of the following schemes has NOT been framed under the Employees' Provident Fund & Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952?

(a) Employees' Provident Fund Scheme, 1952

(b) Employees' Pension Scheme, 1955

(c) Employees' Gratuity Scheme, 1992

(d) Employees' Deposit Linked Insurance Scheme 76

Answer: (c)

186. 'Superannuation' in relation to an emp' e w s the member of the Pension Scheme under the Employees' Provident Fund& Miscellaneo isions Act, 1952 means the attainment, by the said employee, of the age of:

(a) 55 years

(b) 58 years

(c) 60 years

(d) 65 years

Answer: (b)

187. The provisions of the Employees' Provident Fund& Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952 are applicable to the employees who are drawing pay NOT exceeding:

(a) Rs.6,000 per month

(b) Rs.10,000 per month

(c) Rs.15,000 per month

(d) Rs.21,000 per month

Answer: (c)

188. Which Section under the Employees' Provident Fund & Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952 deals with the provision of Employees' Deposit Linked Insurance?

(a) Section 6-B

(b) Section 6-C

(c) Section 6-D

(d) Section 6-E

Answer: (b)

189. The Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972 is applicable to every shop or establishment within the meaning of any law for the time being in force in relation to the shops and establishment in a state, in which _____ persons are employed or were employed on any day of the preceding 12 months.

(a) 10 or more

(b) 15 or more

(c) 20 or more

(d) 25 or more

Answer: (a)

190. As per the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972, the employer shall arrange to pay the amount of gratuity within _____ from the date it becomes payable to the employee.

(a) 30 days

(b) 60 days

(c) 45 days

(d) 90 days

Answer: (a)

191. By the virtue of Section 13 of the Payme[illegible]atuity Act, 1972, the gratuity payable to a workman is NOT liable to attachment in execution of any decree or order of:

(a) any Civil Court

(b) any Criminal Court

(c) any Revenue Court

(d) all of the given options

Answer: (d)

192. Under which Section of the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972 does the definition of 'Controlling authority' come?

(a) Section 2(a)

(b) Section 2(b)

(c) Section 2(c)

(d) Section 2(d)

Answer: (d)

193. According to Section 2(s) of the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972, the term 'Wages' includes:

(a) bonus

(b) house rent allowance

(c) dearness allowance

(d) overtime wages

Answer: (c)

194. As per Section 2(h) of the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972, in case of a male employee, 'Family' does NOT include:

(a) the employee's dependent parents

(b) dependent parents of the employee's wife

(c) children of the employee's predeceased son

(d) children of the employee's predeceased daughter

Answer: (d)

195. Under Section 7(7) of the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972, any person aggrieved by an order of the Controlling Authority may prefer an appeal to the _____.

(a) Appropriate Government

(b) Supreme Court

(c) High Court

(d) District Court

Answer: (a)

196. Eligibility condition for obtaining gratuity under ction 4(1) of the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972 is _____.

(a) completion of 2 years of continuous se

(b) completion of 3 years of continuous service

(c) completion of 4 years of continuous service

(d) completion of 5 years of continuous service

Answer: (d)

197. Which Section of the Payment of Gratuity Act,1972 deals with the determination of the amount of 'Gratuity'?

(a) Section 10

(b) Section 9

(c) Section 8

(d) Section 7

Answer: (d)

198. As per the Maternity Benefit Act, 1961, the woman who returns to duty after delivery shall be allowed in the course of her daily work two additional breaks (nursing breaks) until the child attains the age of _____.

(a) 12 months

(b) 15 months

(c) 18 months

(d) 24 months

Answer: (b)

199. Which Section of the Maternity Benefit Act, 1961 states the 'Right to Payment of Maternity Benefit'?

(a) Section 5

(b) Section 8

(c) Section 9

(d) Section 15

Answer: (a)

200. Under which Section of the Maternity Benefit Act, 1961 is an Inspector appointed?

(a) Section 2

(b) Section 14

(c) Section 10

(d) Section 15

Answer: (b)

Answer key

Answer key from the Delhi Subordinate Services Selection Board's official answer key for this sitting. "—" means the key gave none.

Discipline1

1	**(c)**	2	**(c)**	3	**(b)**	4	**(b)**	5	**(b)**	6	**(d)**
7	**(b)**	8	**(a)**	9	**(b)**	10	**(c)**	11	**(b)**	12	**(d)**
13	**(c)**	14	**(a)**	15	**(c)**	16	**(b)**	17	**(d)**	18	**(b)**
19	**(c)**	20	**(c)**								

Discipline2

21	**(b)**	22	**(c)**	23	**(a)**	24	**(a)**	25	**(a)**	26	**(b)**
27	**(a)**	28	**(b)**	29	**(a)**	30	**(c)**	31	**(b)**	32	**(b)**
33	**(c)**	34	**(c)**	35	**(d)**	36	**(c)**	37	**(b)**	38	**(d)**
39	**(b)**	40	**(a)**								

Discipline3

41	**(d)**	42	**(b)**	43	**(a)**	44	**(b)**	45	**(c)**	46	**(c)**
47	**(b)**	48	**(a)**	49	**(d)**	50	**(c)**	51	**(c)**	52	**(d)**
53	**(a)**	54	**(b)**	55	**(d)**	56	**(a)**	57	**(d)**	58	**(c)**
59	**(c)**	60	**(d)**								

Discipline4

61	**(d)**	62	**(b)**	63	**(b)**	64	**(a)**	65	**(a)**	66	**(c)**
67	**(c)**	68	**(b)**	69	**(c)**	70	**(b)**	71	**(b)**	72	**(b)**
73	**(d)**	74	**(d)**	75	**(c)**	76	**(d)**	77	**(d)**	78	**(c)**
79	**(a)**	80	**(a)**								

Discipline5

81	**(c)**	82	**(c)**	83	**(a)**	84	**(d)**	85	**(b)**	86	**(a)**
87	**(b)**	88	**(a)**	89	**(c)**	90	**(c)**	91	**(c)**	92	**(c)**
93	**(c)**	94	**(b)**	95	**(a)**	96	**(a)**	97	**(c)**	98	**(a)**
99	**(a)**	100	**(d)**								

Discipline6

101	**(a)**	102	**(b)**	103	**(d)**	104	**(a)**	105	**(c)**	106	**(a)**
107	**(c)**	108	**(b)**	109	**(b)**	110	**(c)**	111	**(d)**	112	**(a)**
113	**(a)**	114	**(c)**	115	**(a)**	116	**(b)**	117	**(a)**	118	**(b)**
119	**(a)**	120	**(a)**								

Discipline7

121	**(d)**	122	**(a)**	123	**(d)**	124	**(c)**	125	**(a)**	126	**(c)**
127	**(c)**	128	**(d)**	129	**(c)**	130	**(d)**	131	**(a)**	132	**(c)**
133	**(d)**	134	**(d)**	135	**(a)**	136	**(a)**	137	**(b)**	138	**(d)**
139	**(b)**	140	**(a)**								

Discipline8

141	**(b)**	142	**(a)**	143	**(c)**	144	**(b)**	145	**(c)**	146	**(a)**
147	**(c)**	148	**(a)**	149	**(a)**	150	**(b)**	151	**(a)**	152	**(c)**
153	**(a)**	154	**(a)**	155	**(c)**	156	**(c)**	157	**(d)**	158	**(b)**
159	**(c)**	160	**(a)**								

Discipline9

161	**(a)**	162	**(c)**	163	**(a)**	164	**(b)**	165	**(a)**	166	**(c)**
167	**(a)**	168	**(b)**	169	**(b)**	170	**(a)**	171	**(d)**	172	**(c)**
175	**(d)**	176	**(c)**	177	**(c)**	178	**(c)**	179	**(d)**	180	**(d)**

Discipline10

181	**(c)**	182	**(c)**	183	**(c)**	184	**(c)**	185	**(c)**	186	**(b)**
187	**(c)**	188	**(b)**	189	**(a)**	190	**(a)**	191	**(d)**	192	**(d)**
193	**(c)**	194	**(d)**	195	**(a)**	196	**(d)**	197	**(d)**	198	**(b)**
199	**(a)**	200	**(b)**								