PREVIOUS YEAR PAPER

DSSSB Special Educator 2021 — 17 October 2021, Shift 1

DSSSB Other Posts · 17 October 2021 · Shift 1

154 of the paper's 200 questions · +1 for a correct answer, −0.25 for a wrong one · 120 minutes

Left out of the original paper: 46 (any question that needs a figure, a symbol or formatting we cannot show, or whose text did not read back cleanly from the booklet).

Questions from the Delhi Subordinate Services Selection Board's paper of 17 October 2021, Shift 1. Each question is followed by its answer, and the answer key is repeated on the last page.

Take it as a timed practice test: exambharo.com/dsssb-other-posts/previous-year-papers/dsssb-other-posts-2021-special-educator-17-oct-shift-1/

General Ability

1. Three statements are given, followed by two conclusions numbered I and II. Assuming the statements to be true, even if they seem to be at variance with commonly known facts, decide which of the conclusions logically follow(s) from the statements.
Statements:
All jokers are creative.
All creative are educated.
Some jokers are entertaining.
Conclusions:
I. Some educated are entertaining.
II. Some creative are jokers.

(a) Only conclusion I follows

(b) Only conclusion II follows

(c) Either conclusion I or II follow

(d) Both conclusions I and II follow

Answer: (d)

3. Select the option that represents the CORRECT order of the given words as they would appear in an English dictionary.
1. Change
2. Charity
3. Chores
4. Chariot
5. Chant

(a) 1, 5, 2, 4, 3

(b) 1, 4, 5, 2, 3

(c) 5, 1, 4, 2, 3

(d) 1, 5, 4, 2, 3

Answer: (d)

4. Select the letter-cluster that is related to the third letter-cluster in the same way as the second letter-cluster is related to the first letter-cluster.
PARTICLE : TRPLIECA :: CORTEX : ?

(a) XTOREC
(b) XTROEC
(c) CTREOX
(d) XRTOEC

Answer: (b)

5. 'Secured' is related to 'Dangerous' in the same way as 'Scarce' is related to '_____'.

(a) Safe
(b) Perilous
(c) Abundant
(d) Scanty

Answer: (c)

6. If A # B means 'A is the husband of B' A % B means 'A is the daughter of B.' Then which of the following expression means 'M is the daughter of R'?

(a) R % T # M
(b) M % T # R
(c) T % M # R
(d) M # R % T

Answer: (b)

7. In a certain code language, EMOTION is written as PNFGOPJ, SECONDS is written as DFTLTEO. How will MONDAYS be written as in that language?

(a) OPNUZTB
(b) NPOVTZB
(c) OPNWTZB
(d) OPMWZTB

Answer: (c)

8. In a code language, 'circle' is written as 'rice', 'rice' is written as 'colour', 'colour' is written as 'iron', 'iron' is written as 'red', and 'red' is written as 'blue'; then what is round in shape?

(a) circle
(b) rice
(c) iron
(d) red

Answer: (b)

9. Among four houses A, B, C and D; D is 40 m north to C. A is 60 m east to C. B is 50 m south to C. How far and in which direction is B with reference to D?

(a) 90 m, South

(b) 90 m, North

(c) 110 m, South

(d) 100 m, North

Answer: (a)

10. Four letter-clusters pairs have been given, out of which three are alike in some manner and one is different. Select the odd letter-cluster pair.

(a) TONGS : SGNOT

(b) PRIME : EMIRP

(c) MARKS : SKRAM

(d) FIRST : TRSIF

Answer: (d)

12. Pointing to the photograph of a boy Ankur, Malti said, 'his father's only son is the brother of my daughter Damini.' How is Damini's father related to Malti?

(a) Father

(b) Brother

(c) Husband

(d) Nephew

Answer: (c)

13. A statement is followed by two assumptions numbered I and II. Consider the statement and decide which of the given assumption(s) is/are implicit in the statement.
Statement:
The literacy rate in this village is abysmally low due to lack of awareness for education and non-availability of schools.
Assumptions:
I. Nobody in the village is educated.
II. Due to lack of education, the villagers have no means of livelihood.

(a) Only assumption I is implicit

(b) Only assumption II is implicit

(c) Both assumptions are implicit

(d) Neither assumption I nor II is implicit

Answer: (d)

19. Which number in the following number series is WRONG?
15, 18, 20, 29, 45, 70, 106

(a) 18

(b) 29

(c) 45

(d) 20

Answer: (a)

20. Three of the given four number triads are similar in a certain manner while one is different. Choose the odd one out.

(a) 7 : 347 : 4
(b) 8 : 513 : 7
(c) 9 : 734 : 5
(d) 6 : 223 : 7

Answer: (b)

General Awareness

21. Recently who has been choosen as vice chief of indian navy in July 2021?

(a) Vice Admiral S.N. Ghormade
(b) Vice Admiral G. Ashok Kumar
(c) Vice Admiral Ajit Kumar P
(d) Vice Admiral Karambir Singh

Answer: (a)

22. Who launched the innovation mission Punjab?

(a) Narendra Modi
(b) Amrinder Singh
(c) Rajnath Singh
(d) Charanjit Singh Channi

Answer: (b)

23. In September 2021, who among the fol[illegible] appointed as the brand ambassador of Samagra Shiksha Abhiyan in Assam?

(a) Mirabai Chanu
(b) PV Sindhu
(c) Lovlina Borgohain
(d) Avani Lekhara

Answer: (c)

24. What is the theme of world cancer day 2021?

(a) I am and I will
(b) Not beyond us
(c) We can, I can
(d) You will win

Answer: (a)

25. Who among the following became the first IAS officer to win a medal in Badminton at the Tokyo Paralympics games 2021?

(a) Sukant Kadam
(b) Pramod Bhagat
(c) Parul Parmar
(d) Suhas Lalinakere Yathiraj

Answer: (d)

26. Name the plant found in indus valley whose roots and twigs have been widely used as toothbrush.

(a) Proboscidea
(b) Jammi
(c) Azadirachta Indica
(d) Salvadora Persica

Answer: (d)

27. In which of the following dance, an actor never opens his lips?

(a) Kathakali
(b) Mohiniyattam
(c) Kathak
(d) Kuchipudi

Answer: (a)

28. In March 2021, 'Banana Festival' is organized in ıch city of Uttar Pradesh?

(a) Sharanpur
(b) Lakhnow
(c) Kushinagar
(d) Gorakhpur

Answer: (c)

29. What was the standard shape of harappan seals?

(a) Rectangular
(b) Square
(c) Circular
(d) Triangular

Answer: (b)

30. Who designed 'Hawa Mahal' situated in Jaipur?

(a) Jai Singh
(b) Lal Chand Ustad
(c) Ratan Singh
(d) Hari Singh

Answer: (b)

31. In which year Swami Dayanand Saraswati Established the Arya Samaj in Bombay?

(a) 1875
(b) 1775
(c) 1857
(d) 1757

Answer: (a)

32. Which of the following states' Manda buffalo got the indigenous tag in 2021?

(a) Haryana
(b) Jharkhand
(c) Punjab
(d) Odisha

Answer: (d)

33. Which state is lowest literacy rate in India in 2020?

(a) Andhra Pradesh
(b) Kerala
(c) Punjab
(d) Haryana

Answer: (a)

34. In union Budget 2021-22, how many Demands for unts were there?

(a) 101
(b) 90
(c) 82
(d) 89

Answer: (a)

35. Which of the following cooperative banks were penalised by the RBI for deficiency in regulatory compliance in September 2021?

(a) Shikshak Sahakari Bank, Nagpur
(b) Saraswat Cooperative Bank, Mumbai
(c) Cosmos Cooperative Bank, Pune
(d) Bharat Cooperative Bank, Ahmedabad

Answer: (a)

36. What is the 127th Constitutional Amendment related to?

(a) Extension for the deadline for cessation for the reservation of seats for members from Schedule castes and Schedule tribes in Lok Sabha.
(b) To restore the power of the states to identify the backward classes.
(c) To amend the provisions of the finance commission.
(d) To amend the village and municipal laws.

Answer: (b)

37. Which of the following is the most celebrated festival of Kerala?

(a) Lohri
(b) Teej
(c) Losar
(d) Onam

Answer: (d)

38. In which part of Rajasthan was the 200 million years old footprints of 3 species of dinosaurs found in 2021?

(a) Bikaner
(b) Jaisalmer
(c) Pushkar
(d) Jodhpur

Answer: (b)

39. Which of the following hormone is secreted by thyroid Gland?

(a) Thyroxine
(b) Aldosterone
(c) Prolactin
(d) Angiotensin

Answer: (a)

40. Which of the following is NOT an example of cor ctional current?

(a) Boiling of Water
(b) Ocean currents
(c) Campfires
(d) Ironing of clothes

Answer: (d)

Arithmetic Ability

43. The HCF of 767, 2006 and 2773 is x. What is the sum of the digits of x?

(a) 11
(b) 12
(c) 13
(d) 14

Answer: (d)

44. LCM and HCF of x and y are 7821 and 79, respectively. If x is divided by 8, the quotient is 88 and the remainder is 7. The value of y is:

(a) 790
(b) 1027
(c) 869
(d) 948

Answer: (c)

45. Let ‘n’ be the least number which when divided by 176, 330 and 495, the remainder in each case is 23 and ‘n’ is divisible by 29. What is the value of ‘n’?

(a) 15776

(b) 15834

(c) 15863

(d) 15921

Answer: (c)

46. In 2021, a cricket team wants to win 80% of games out of 240 games to be played. Out of 90 games already played, the success rate is 70%.
What should be the success rate for the remaining games in order to reach the target?

(a) 71.4%

(b) 78.6%

(c) 80%

(d) 86%

Answer: (d)

47. Two washing machines A and B are bought for a total of ₹ 12,900. Washing machine A is sold at 10% loss and B at 25% profit. If the selling price of both the machines is the same, then the cost price of A exceeds the cost price of B by:

(a) ₹ 1,750

(b) ₹ 2,100

(c) ₹ 2,000

(d) ₹ 2,400

Answer: (b)

48. The present ages of A and B are in the ratio 3 : 8. After 9 years, the ratio of their ages will be 6 : 13. What was the ratio of the ages of A and B, 6 years ago?

(a) 2 : 5

(b) 7 : 15

(c) 5 : 12

(d) 3 : 10

Answer: (d)

52. The average of 42 numbers is 52.5. If the average of first 16 numbers is 55 and that of last 6 numbers is 50.5, then what is the average of the remaining numbers?

(a) 51.1

(b) 51.8

(c) 52.4

(d) 53.6

Answer: (a)

53. The average marks obtained by 60 students in a test is 50. If the average marks of the passed students is 54 and that of students who failed is 30, then what is the number of students who passed?

(a) 50
(b) 48
(c) 45
(d) 42

Answer: (a)

55. Pipe A can fill an empty tank in 20 minutes, whereas pipes B and C can empty full tank in 15 minutes and 12 minutes respectively. A alone was opened for 9 minutes, then it is closed and B and C were opened together. How much time (in minutes) will B and C together take to completely empty the tank?

(a) 3
(b) 4
(c) 5
(d) 6

Answer: (a)

56. The distance between two places X and Y is 300 km. A car starts from X and another car starts from Y at the same time on the same day and move towards each other. The distance between them after 2 hours is 50 km. If the speed of the car that starts from X is 25 km/h less than that of the other, then what is the speed (in km/h) of the car which starts from Y?

(a) 50
(b) 60
(c) 75
(d) 80

Answer: (c)

General English

63. Rearrange the parts of the sentence in CORRECT order.
was praised by both (P) / the policeman (Q) / who caught the thief (R) / his senior officers and the public (S)

(a) RQPS
(b) SQRP
(c) QRPS
(d) QPSR

Answer: (c)

64. Rearrange the parts of the sentence in CORRECT order. when he grows up (P) / wants to (Q) / my brother (R) / become a teacher (S)

(a) RQSP
(b) RSPQ
(c) QPSR
(d) PQRS

Answer: (a)

65. Choose the CORRECT meaning of the following idiom from the options given below.
To turn turtle

(a) To get married
(b) To turn upside down
(c) To get promotion
(d) To get money

Answer: (b)

66. Select the option is appropriate for the blanks.
These books belong to my parents. Put _____ books _____, on the that shelf.

(a) their; there
(b) there; there
(c) their; their
(d) there; their

Answer: (a)

68. Select the word which means the same as the group of words given.
A natural abode of an animal or plant

(a) forest
(b) habitat
(c) flora
(d) fauna

Answer: (b)

69. Select the word which means the same as the group of words given.
A study of rocks and soils

(a) archeology
(b) geology
(c) paleontology
(d) pathology

Answer: (b)

70. Select the option that is appropriate for the blank.
The cat was sleeping _____ the box, but when it heard the doorbell ring it ran _____ the door .

(a) into; for
(b) from; to
(c) in; to
(d) in; against

Answer: (c)

71. I eat a _____ every day because it's my favourite fruit.

(a) pair
(b) pear
(c) peer
(d) pare

Answer: (b)

72. Choose the option that is the HOMONYM with the meanings 'to pull apart' and a hole in a piece of paper or cloth'.

(a) Tear
(b) Peer
(c) Dear
(d) Rear

Answer: (a)

73. Choose the correct ANTONYM for the given wo
Damage

(a) repair
(b) violate
(c) release
(d) weaken

Answer: (a)

76. The young man joined Raman on his journey by saying that:

(a) he could be Raman's guide to the holy city.
(b) he wanted to be his pupil
(c) he may be robbed by thieves .
(d) he had great respect for his intelligence.

Answer: (c)

79. The young man confessed that he was a thief because:

(a) he was caught while stealing the money.
(b) he realized that Raman was a good man.
(c) it was the last time that he would be meeting Raman
(d) it was the first time that he had failed to rob a man.

Answer: (d)

80. Raman hid his money under the young man's pillow because:

(a) the pillow was big enough to hold the money and valuables.

(b) he knew that the robber would not think of looking there.

(c) it was too heavy to be kept inside his pocket.

(d) he did not have a pillow of his own.

Answer: (b)

Discipline1

101. The loss or impairment of the normal clotting of bloods that a minor would may result in fatal bleeding is known as:

(a) Hemophilia

(b) Thalassemia

(c) Sickle cell disease

(d) Parkinson's disease

Answer: (a)

102. Who can only learn selfcare socialization and oral communication skills?

(a) Educable mentally challenged

(b) Trainable mentally challenged

(c) Custodial mentally challenged

(d) All of the given options

Answer: (b)

103. Which type of children have tendency [illegible] fear associated with personal and school problems?

(a) Visually impaired

(b) Emotionally disturbed

(c) Hearing impaired

(d) Mentally challenged

Answer: (b)

104. If we give auditory training to the children, then it will be beneficial for which type of children?

(a) Hard of hearing

(b) Deaf

(c) Emotionally disturbed

(d) Both Hard of hearing and Deaf

Answer: (d)

105. Which degree of hearing loss known as severe hearing loss?

(a) 20-30 dB

(b) 45-60 dB

(c) 40-55 dB

(d) 60-75 dB

Answer: (d)

106. Which of the following is NOT caused due to neurological conditions?

(a) Multiple sclerosis

(b) Parkinson's disease

(c) Thalassemia

(d) Cerebral Palsy

Answer: (c)

107. Abnormal comprehension or production of symbols, grammatical structure and words are the characteristic features of-

(a) Visually impaired

(b) Language disorder

(c) Physically challenged

(d) Mentally challenged

Answer: (b)

108. When the inner ear is damaged, which type of hearing loss occurs?

(a) Conductive Hearing loss

(b) Sensory-Neural Hearing loss

(c) Mixed Hearing loss

(d) Pseudo Hearing loss

Answer: (b)

109. A group of non-progressive neurological condit affecting body movements and muscle coordination caused by damage to one more speci reas of the brain is known as:

(a) Autism

(b) Thalassemia

(c) Sickle cell disease

(d) Cerebral Palsy

Answer: (d)

110. Abnormalities of body structure and appearance from any cause at organ level is known as:

(a) Impairment

(b) Handicap

(c) Special needs

(d) Disability

Answer: (a)

113. Underdeveloped language is a characteristic features of:

(a) Visual Impairment

(b) Hearing Impairment

(c) Speech Impairment

(d) Both Hearing Impairment and Speech Impairment

Answer: (d)

114. Seguin form board test is used to access competence of the hearing impaired child of age:

(a) 5 to 15 years
(b) 6 to 12 years
(c) 10 to 20 years
(d) 12 to 18 years

Answer: (a)

115. Who have to develop orientation and mobility skills?

(a) Hearing impaired
(b) Visually impaired
(c) Mentally challenged
(d) Physically challenged

Answer: (b)

116. Which of the following machine translates letter by letter images from the scanner into tactile stimuli?

(a) Kurzweil Reading machine
(b) Sonic glass machine
(c) Optacon
(d) Laser cane

Answer: (c)

117. If a child moves his head forward and backward while looking at distant objects, which disability he has?

(a) Hearing impairment
(b) Autism
(c) Cerebral Palsy
(d) Visual impairment

Answer: (d)

118. If a hearing impaired child is late identified then it will affect

(a) Socio-economic status of child
(b) Speech of child
(c) Food habit of child
(d) All of the given option

Answer: (b)

119. Early intervention services are used for which of the following?

(a) Infants and toddlers
(b) Adolescents
(c) Adulthood
(d) Old age person

Answer: (a)

120. What is the full form of AYJNISHD

(a) Ali Yavar Jung National Institute of Special Hearing Divyangjan

(b) Ali Yavar Jung National Institute of Socially Hired Disabled

(c) Ali Yavar Jung National Institute of Speech and Hearing Divyangjan

(d) Ali Yavar Jung National Institute of Speech and Hearing Disabilities

Answer: (d)

Discipline2

121. Where is the National Institute for the Empowerment of Persons with Intellectual disabilities situated?

(a) Secundrabad

(b) Mumbai

(c) Dehradun

(d) Chennai

Answer: (a)

122. The special teachers for children with disabilities who goes to 5-10 government primary schools for educating children with disabilities, are known as:

(a) General Teacher

(b) Itinerant Teacher

(c) Inclusive Teacher

(d) Resource Teacher

Answer: (b)

123. Systematic efforts for human resource de[illegible]nent in disability sector has started of IYDP in:

(a) 1981

(b) 1971

(c) 1983

(d) 1973

Answer: (a)

124. Which of the following has objective to bring about standardization of training courses for professionals dealing with disabled persons?

(a) National Council of Educational Research and Training

(b) All India Institute of Speech and Hearing

(c) Rehabilitation Council of India

(d) National Council for Teacher Education

Answer: (c)

125. Who did the experiment on a hungry cat to show the process of solving problems through trial and error?

(a) E.L. Thorndike
(b) B.F. Skinner
(c) Edwin Guthrie
(d) I.P. Pavlov

Answer: (a)

126. Classical Conditioning theory was proposed by:

(a) B.F. Skinner
(b) I.P. Pavlov
(c) Kurt Koffka
(d) Wolfgang Kohler

Answer: (b)

127. Whom of the following has NOT propounded the cognitive theory?

(a) Kurt Koffka
(b) Wolfgang Kohler
(c) B.F. Skinner
(d) Max Wertheimer

Answer: (c)

128. Which theory implies the idea that interaction w society and environment plays a vital role in shaping the behavior, action and abilities of a child?

(a) Insight theory of learning
(b) Socio-cultural theory
(c) Classical Conditioning theory
(d) Operant- conditioning theory

Answer: (b)

129. Operant Conditioning theory is also known as:

(a) Stimulus-Response theory
(b) Cognitive theory
(c) Classical Conditioning theory
(d) Theory of Reinforcement

Answer: (d)

130. According to Piaget the third stage of Cognitive development is:

(a) Concrete Operational stage
(b) Formal Operational stage
(c) Pre-operational stage
(d) Sensorimotor stage

Answer: (a)

131. Children move into which stage after they learn to walk?

(a) Toddlerhood
(b) Childhood
(c) Adolescence
(d) Adulthood

Answer: (a)

132. Which principles of development states that development proceeds from top to bottom?

(a) Law of prediction
(b) Cephalocaudal law
(c) Proximodistal law
(d) Law of equilibrium

Answer: (b)

133. At which stage of development baby teeth begin to be replaced by permanent teeth?

(a) Early childhood
(b) Infancy
(c) Adolescents
(d) Puberty

Answer: (a)

134. At what age of development babbling occurs?

(a) 2-8 months
(b) 8-12 months
(c) 12-18 months
(d) 15-18 months

Answer: (a)

135. In a prone position, babies can hold their head erect at which time?

(a) First week
(b) Second week
(c) Third week
(d) One month

Answer: (d)

136. Which of the following statement is NOT true related to growth and development?

(a) Growth refers to changes in the particular aspects of the body.
(b) Development may be possible without any significant growth.
(c) Growth is functional and development is structural.
(d) Growth does not continue throughout life.

Answer: (c)

137. Which of the following statement is NOT correct?

(a) Development implies quantitative changes.

(b) Development is a result of maturation and experience.

(c) All changes in behaviour are not development.

(d) Development means the whole sequence of life from conception to death.

Answer: (a)

138. The principle of Proximal development is associated with:

(a) Writing

(b) Personality development

(c) Intelligence

(d) Growth and development

Answer: (d)

139. Which common emotional patterns do develop during babyhood?

(a) Curiosity and affection with toys

(b) Anger and jealousy

(c) Fear and irritation

(d) Joy and Apathy

Answer: (a)

140. Which is NOT correct for fluid intelligence.

(a) Fluid intelligence slows down and decrease v age.

(b) If is genetically determined.

(c) It is relatively dependent of formal e nd experience.

(d) It includes abilities such as perceptual or manual speed.

Answer: (c)

Discipline3

141. "Intelligence includes one general factor and several specific factors:" who propounded this theory of Intelligence?

(a) Charles E. Spearman

(b) Alfred Binet

(c) T.G. Thurston

(d) Edward L. Thorndike

Answer: (a)

142. Which of the following test of intelligence propounded by Cattell?

(a) Coloured progressive matrices

(b) Theory of fluid and crystallized intelligence

(c) Block design test

(d) Performance Intelligence test

Answer: (b)

143. Who made the first intelligence test in 1905?

(a) Binet and Simon

(b) Wechsler and Arthur

(c) Cattell

(d) Spearman

Answer: (a)

144. Which of the following test is used to assess the intelligence of mentally challenged children?

(a) Minnesota Test

(b) Bell inventory

(c) Seguin form Board Test.

(d) Edwards Personal Performance Schedule

Answer: (c)

145. According to the theory of three dimensional structure of intellect developed by J.P. Guilford, intellectual actively has which of the following dimensions?

(a) Cognition Production and Evaluation

(b) Contents, Cognition, and Evaluation

(c) Operations, Cognition and Product

(d) Operations, Contents and Product

Answer: (d)

146. Which of the following are the behavioural prob[illegible]s of adolescence ?

(a) Laziness and crying

(b) Excessively moody and rebellion ag[illegible]nts

(c) Lack of appetite and destroying school pr[illegible]erty

(d) Crying and excessively thoughtful

Answer: (b)

147. What is NOT true about behavioural problems?

(a) Behavioural problems are hereditical in nature.

(b) They are caused by social environment of the child.

(c) The child shows behavioural problem to get rid of frustrating circumstances.

(d) It may arise due to failure in life.

Answer: (a)

148. Who among the following are NOT largely responsible for behaviour problems of children?

(a) school environment

(b) Home environment

(c) Social workers

(d) Child's frustration

Answer: (c)

149. The word Education has been derived from:

(a) Educere
(b) Eduware
(c) Edutire
(d) Edustatus

Answer: (a)

150. Which of the following is NOT the 'objective of value education?

(a) Inculcation of good manners.
(b) Developing respect for the dignity of Individual and society.
(c) To impart training in simple marketable skills.
(d) Developing tolerance towards different–religion.

Answer: (c)

151. The branch of philosophy which deals with knowledge is known as:

(a) Axiology
(b) Sociology
(c) Metaphysic
(d) Epistemology

Answer: (d)

152. Who formaliz 'inductive reasoning'?

(a) Aristotle
(b) Francis Bacon
(c) Dewey
(d) Pestalozzi

Answer: (b)

153. "Education is the manifestation of the divine already present in man". Who said this?

(a) Swami Vivekanand
(b) Gandhiji
(c) Dewey
(d) Aristotle

Answer: (a)

154. Which of the following teaching methods is NOT related to Naturalism?

(a) Play way method
(b) Lecture method
(c) Montessori method
(d) Experimental method

Answer: (b)

155. Which of the following is NOT main function of home in relation to the development of the child as a social being?

(a) Socialization
(b) Acculturation
(c) Teaching specific academic skills
(d) Sense of belongingness.

Answer: (c)

156. How does Community influence the school?

(a) Community influences the classroom transaction
(b) Community influences the development of curriculum
(c) Community influences the teacher's knowledge
(d) Community influences the number of teachers in the school

Answer: (b)

157. School can be known as social agency because:

(a) it transmits traditional culture
(b) it teaches basic academic skills
(c) it provides grades
(d) it conducts examinations

Answer: (a)

158. Which agency assess the higher education agencies in India?

(a) AICTE
(b) NCERT
(c) NCTE
(d) NAAC

Answer: (d)

159. Which of the following is related to the distance education?

(a) Education outside structured curriculum
(b) Education in regular classroom
(c) Flexibility in space and time
(d) Systematic education in school

Answer: (c)

160. Which of the following is an advantage of formal Education?

(a) Structured and systematic learning process
(b) Chances of bad habits adoption
(c) No specific time span
(d) No need to hire experts

Answer: (a)

Discipline4

161. What is the full form of IEDC ?

(a) Inclusive Education for Disabled Children
(b) Integrated Education for Disabled children
(c) Institute for the Education of disabled
(d) Integrated Education of Disabled Council

Answer: (b)

162. How many disabilities are there in RPWD Act, 2016 ?

(a) 16
(b) 7
(c) 18
(d) 21

Answer: (d)

163. Which of the following is NOT the main aim of the Rehabilitation council of India?

(a) To regulate training policies and programs in the field of disability rehabilitation.
(b) To provide fund to the institutions
(c) To standardize training courses for professionals working with PWD
(d) To recognize institutions running courses in the field of disability

Answer: (b)

164. Which of the following scheme is replaced by I' S Scheme?

(a) IEDC
(b) SSA
(c) RMSA
(d) IEDS

Answer: (a)

165. The main objective of 'SSA' is:

(a) Universalization of higher education.
(b) Providing canes to the visually impaired teachers.
(c) Universalization of elementary education.
(d) Providing education to secondary level students.

Answer: (c)

166. What is the full form of ADIP scheme?

(a) Aids and Appliances for disabled person
(b) Aids for disability Institutions and Purchase
(c) Assistive devices for disabled person
(d) Assistance to Disabled Persons for Purchase / Fitting of Aids and Appliances

Answer: (d)

167. In which article of the Constitution directs the State to provide free and compulsory education for all children (including the disabled) until they attain the age of 14 years?

(a) Article 54
(b) Article 45
(c) Article 36
(d) Article 34

Answer: (b)

168. "The school organization should be dynamic in nature, not static." which principle is this?

(a) Principle of flexibility.
(b) Democratic principle
(c) Child-centered principle
(d) Community centered principle

Answer: (a)

169. Which of the following is NOT the significance of school organization?

(a) To ensure smooth functioning of a school
(b) To avoid under and over utilization of the resources
(c) To improve the socio-economic status of children.
(d) To create a professional image of a school

Answer: (c)

170. The most common type of information often inc ed in case histories is:

(a) Student's progress
(b) The results of Judgments
(c) Marks statement of previous classes
(d) Past and Present treatments

Answer: (d)

171. Continuous and comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) was introduced by:

(a) NCERT
(b) CBSE
(c) NCTE
(d) RCI

Answer: (b)

172. Which assessment measures that how much a student has learnt from the class through an examination conducted at the end of a term?

(a) Summative Assessment
(b) Formative assessment
(c) Non formal assessment.
(d) Informal assessment

Answer: (a)

173. Which of the following is NOT the duty of head of school?

(a) Proper maintenance of accounts of the school

(b) To handle official correspondence relating to the school

(c) To solve the family problems of students

(d) To plan the year's academic work

Answer: (c)

174. An approach of education, towards educating the children with disability with that of normal ones within the same roof is known as:

(a) Inclusive education

(b) Integrated education

(c) Special education

(d) General education

Answer: (a)

175. Which of the following is NOT the objective of Inclusive education?

(a) To address the diverse needs of all learners.

(b) To reduce the barrier's inside schools

(c) To prepare the curriculum for normal students only

(d) To strengthen the capacity of the education system to reach out to all learners.

Answer: (c)

176. In an inclusive school students eat at the same l .h tables and play together in the playground. Which type of inclusion is it?

(a) Physical Inclusion

(b) Academic Inclusion

(c) Political Inclusion.

(d) Social Inclusion

Answer: (d)

177. In which of the following physical inclusion exists?

(a) When all students have equitable access to all facilities.

(b) When all students engage in the teaching learning process.

(c) When all students participate in the same club.

(d) When all students play together

Answer: (a)

178. Which of the following is NOT the scope of Inclusive Education?

(a) Valuing all students equally

(b) Reducing barriers to learning

(c) Viewing difference between students as a problem

(d) Focusing increase participation of all students in the cultural programs

Answer: (c)

179. An approach that ensures that everyone has access to the same opportunities is called:

(a) Equity
(b) Accountability
(c) Reliability
(d) Relevance

Answer: (a)

180. What are the fundamental elements of inclusive school?

(a) Access, Equality and Reliability
(b) Equity, Reliability and Empowerment
(c) Access, Equity and Empowerment
(d) Accessibility, Equity and Reliability

Answer: (c)

Discipline5

181. In which type of learning, students work in groups to complete tasks collectively toward academic goals?

(a) Peer tutoring
(b) Cooperative learning
(c) Distant learning
(d) Visual learning.

Answer: (b)

182. Peer tutoring is:

(a) Students teaching each other on one to one basis
(b) Students learning together in a classroom
(c) Students learn in a group
(d) Students learn individually

Answer: (a)

183. The process of teaching and learning to the students of differing abilities in the same class is called:

(a) Relevant instructions
(b) Modulated instructions
(c) Special instructions
(d) Differentiated Instructions

Answer: (d)

184. How can we increases the physical accessibility of schools?

(a) By creating Awareness
(b) By changing the attitude of parents
(c) By making ramps in schools
(d) Through the counselling of parents

Answer: (c)

185. Which is not true about Universal Design for Learning?

(a) Design learning experiences that accommodate the varying level skills and abilities among students.

(b) Reduces the need for special adaptations for students with disabilities.

(c) Maximizes learning for all students

(d) Give emphasis on "training to the parents.

Answer: (d)

186. UDL is based on which of the following principles?

(a) Engagement, Representation, Action and expression

(b) Engagement, transition and Evaluation

(c) Representation, continuity and Action

(d) Evaluation, transition, Action and expression

Answer: (a)

187. Which of the following is CORRECT for inclusion of a hearing impaired child?

(a) Use of talking books

(b) Use of tactile graphs and diagrams

(c) Use of sign language

(d) Use of tape-recorders

Answer: (c)

188. Which type of teaching learning material we sh use in an inclusive classroom when we have a student with visual impairment?

(a) Use of Flash cards

(b) Tactile diagrams

(c) Material with small print

(d) Projector

Answer: (b)

189. How can we control the 'out of seat behaviour' of intellectually disabled children?

(a) Provide work in small segments followed by a break

(b) Tell him to read a chapter

(c) Provide a comfortable chair

(d) Allow him to go around

Answer: (a)

190. What should we do in a classroom when a child is unable to write?

(a) Can say not to write

(b) Tell his teacher to write

(c) Provide adequate time or scribe

(d) Tell him to read

Answer: (c)

191. Which of the following techniques are not used generally for learning disabled children?
(a) Use short, brief directions
(b) Use tactile pictures
(c) Use consistent language, colour cues
(d) Use pictorial illustrations
Answer: (b)

192. What is not the role of a regular classroom teacher in inclusive education?
(a) Provide varieties of options to motivate each child
(b) Encourage independent and small group work
(c) Ongoing assessment and student evaluation
(d) Developing individualized educational plan for disabled students.
Answer: (d)

193. Which the following is TRUE for mainstreaming of mild mentally challenged students?
(a) The other children will acquire better understanding of the nature of their disability
(b) This will be stigmatizing and humiliating for other children
(c) Mentally challenged children will feel segregation
(d) The self-esteem of mentally challenged children will be low in regular classroom
Answer: (a)

194. What is the physiological method of Seguin used for mentally challenged children?
(a) Which stresses that children learn by doing
(b) A teaching method based on the assumption that education should be enjoyable
(c) An educational program stressing the training of the senses and motor training
(d) A teaching method emphasizing practical knowledge
Answer: (c)

195. How parents can be benefitted by the partnership with teachers in inclusive education?
(a) Educators acquire a better understanding of families
(b) Parents increase, interaction with their disabled children
(c) Parents can increase socio-economic status of their children.
(d) Parents can get money from schools
Answer: (b)

196. What is the benefit of Co-taught classrooms?
(a) Students have the opportunity to learn from two teachers having different teaching styles
(b) One teacher can handle the whole class in better way
(c) The teacher can punish the students
(d) The teacher has to use lesser skills and knowledge in the classroom
Answer: (a)

197. Which of the following is NOT the principle of rights-based approach?

(a) Participation
(b) Relativity
(c) Equality
(d) Empowerment.

Answer: (b)

198. What is NOT a challenge in successful inclusion?

(a) Infrastructural barrier
(b) Negative attitude
(c) Small size classes
(d) Peer rejection

Answer: (c)

199. Which of the following is NOT the infrastructural intervention for successful inclusion?

(a) Ramps in every school
(b) Barrier free access in classroom
(c) Provision of proper light
(d) Ensure the community participation

Answer: (d)

200. Which approach can develop positive attitude ar ıg students towards inclusive education?

(a) Child to child approach
(b) Child to teacher approach
(c) Child to Parent approach
(d) Structural approach

Answer: (a)

Answer key

Answer key from the Delhi Subordinate Services Selection Board's official answer key for this sitting. "—" means the key gave none.

General Ability

1	**(d)**	3	**(d)**	4	**(b)**	5	**(c)**	6	**(b)**	7	**(c)**	8	**(b)**	9	**(a)**		
10	**(d)**	12	**(c)**	13	**(d)**	19	**(a)**	20	**(b)**								

General Awareness

21	**(a)**	22	**(b)**	23	**(c)**	24	**(a)**	25	**(d)**	26	**(d)**	27	**(a)**	28	**(c)**		
29	**(b)**	30	**(b)**	31	**(a)**	32	**(d)**	33	**(a)**	34	**(a)**	35	**(a)**	36	**(b)**		
37	**(d)**	38	**(b)**	39	**(a)**	40	**(d)**										

Arithmetic Ability

43	**(d)**	44	**(c)**	45	**(c)**	46	**(d)**	47	**(b)**	48	**(d)**	52	**(a)**	53	**(a)**		
55	**(a)**	56	**(c)**														

General English

63	**(c)**	64	**(a)**	65	**(b)**	66	**(a)**	68	**(b)**	69	**(b)**	70	**(c)**	71	**(b)**		
72	**(a)**	73	**(a)**	76	**(c)**	79	**(d)**	80	**(b)**								

Discipline1

101	**(a)**	102	**(b)**	103	**(b)**	104	**(d)**	[illegible]	**(d)**	106	**(c)**	107	**(b)**	108	**(b)**		
109	**(d)**	110	**(a)**	113	**(d)**	114	[illegible]	5	**(b)**	116	**(c)**	117	**(d)**	118	**(b)**		
119	**(a)**	120	**(d)**														

Discipline2

121	**(a)**	122	**(b)**	123	**(a)**	124	**(c)**	125	**(a)**	126	**(b)**	127	**(c)**	128	**(b)**		
129	**(d)**	130	**(a)**	131	**(a)**	132	**(b)**	133	**(a)**	134	**(a)**	135	**(d)**	136	**(c)**		
137	**(a)**	138	**(d)**	139	**(a)**	140	**(c)**										

Discipline3

141	**(a)**	142	**(b)**	143	**(a)**	144	**(c)**	145	**(d)**	146	**(b)**	147	**(a)**	148	**(c)**		
149	**(a)**	150	**(c)**	151	**(d)**	152	**(b)**	153	**(a)**	154	**(b)**	155	**(c)**	156	**(b)**		
157	**(a)**	158	**(d)**	159	**(c)**	160	**(a)**										

Discipline4

161	**(b)**	162	**(d)**	163	**(b)**	164	**(a)**	165	**(c)**	166	**(d)**	167	**(b)**	168	**(a)**		
169	**(c)**	170	**(d)**	171	**(b)**	172	**(a)**	173	**(c)**	174	**(a)**	175	**(c)**	176	**(d)**		
177	**(a)**	178	**(c)**	179	**(a)**	180	**(c)**										

Discipline5

181	**(b)**	182	**(a)**	183	**(d)**	184	**(c)**	185	**(d)**
186	**(a)**	187	**(c)**	188	**(b)**	189	**(a)**	190	**(c)**
191	**(b)**	192	**(d)**	193	**(a)**	194	**(c)**	195	**(b)**
196	**(a)**	197	**(b)**	198	**(c)**	199	**(d)**	200	**(a)**