PREVIOUS YEAR PAPER

DSSSB Assistant Teacher (Nursery) 2023 — 24 June 2023, Shift 1

DSSSB Assistant Teacher (Nursery) · 24 June 2023 · Shift 1

130 of the paper's 200 questions · +1 for a correct answer, −0.25 for a wrong one

Left out of the original paper: 70 (any question that needs a figure, a symbol or formatting we cannot show, or whose text did not read back cleanly from the booklet).

Questions from the Delhi Subordinate Services Selection Board's paper of 24 June 2023, Shift 1. Each question is followed by its answer, and the answer key is repeated on the last page.

Take it as a timed practice test: exambharo.com/dsssb-assistant-teacher-nursery/previous-year-papers/dsssb-assistant-teacher-nursery-2023-assistant-teacher-nursery-24-jun-shift-1/

General

21. In December 2022, India tested which of the following nuclear-capable ballistic missiles?

(a) Agni II
(b) Agni III
(c) Agni IV
(d) Agni V

Answer: (d)

22. In India, which of the following awards are presented to brilliant and upcoming young researchers with the aim of discovering and promoting young talent in scientific research?

(a) Cipla Pharma Science Scholar Awards
(b) Cadila Pharma Science Scholar Awards
(c) Sun Pharma Science Scholar Awards
(d) Pfizer Pharma Science Scholar Awards

Answer: (c)

23. 'Nai Manzil', which is a scheme that aims to benefit the minority youth who do not have a formal school leaving certificate is partly funded by _____.

(a) UNICEF
(b) Word Bank
(c) Bank of Singapore
(d) Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation

Answer: (b)

24. In December 2022, Ishan Kishan became the _____ Indian to score a double century in one-day international cricket.

(a) second
(b) third
(c) fourth
(d) fifth

Answer: (c)

25. For which sport did Nikhat Zareen receive the Arjuna Award for outstanding performance in Sports and Games 2022?

(a) Boxing
(b) Badminton
(c) Athletics
(d) Judo

Answer: (a)

26. In November 2022, which of India's neighbouring countries appointed the new Chief of Army Staff (COAS)?

(a) Pakistan
(b) Afghanistan
(c) Bangladesh
(d) Sri Lanka

Answer: (a)

27. The Simla Agreement on Bilateral Relations between India and Pakistan was signed by Prime Minister Indira Gandhi and President of Pakistan ZA Bhutto in which of the following years?

(a) 1972
(b) 1973
(c) 1974
(d) 1975

Answer: (a)

28. In 1826, who visited a village named Ha[illegible]na i[illegible]estern Punjab (now in Pakistan) and discovered high walls and towers of a very o[illegible]ment of Harappa Civilization?

(a) Howard Carter
(b) Charles Masson
(c) John Evans
(d) Augustus Pitt Rivers

Answer: (b)

29. The Masroor Temples, also referred to as Masroor Temples or Rock-cut Temples, are located in which of the following states of India?

(a) Madya Pradesh
(b) Himachal Pradesh
(c) Rajasthan
(d) Uttar Pradesh

Answer: (b)

30. Elelakkaradi dance is mainly performed in which of the following states?
    (a) Kerala
    (b) Chhattisgarh
    (c) Manipur
    (d) Odisha
    Answer: (a)

31. The folk vocal quartet 'Tetseo Sisters' is from which of the following states of India?
    (a) Manipur
    (b) Nagaland
    (c) Sikkim
    (d) Meghalaya
    Answer: (b)

32. In November 2022, for which of the following banks did the Government of India extend the deadline for sale bid submission till 7 January 2023?
    (a) IDBI Bank
    (b) Bank of Maharashtra
    (c) Indian Overseas Bank
    (d) UCO Bank
    Answer: (a)

33. In December 2022, which of the following cyclor hit Tamil Nadu?
    (a) Mandous
    (b) Medrack
    (c) Phantom
    (d) Amphan
    Answer: (a)

34. As per Census 2011, what was the child sex ratio in India?
    (a) 919
    (b) 920
    (c) 921
    (d) 922
    Answer: (a)

35. Registration of Births & Deaths Act was enacted in which of the following years?
    (a) 1960
    (b) 1965
    (c) 1969
    (d) 1971
    Answer: (c)

36. Kakrapar Atomic Power Station is located in which of the following states of India?

(a) Maharashtra
(b) Rajasthan
(c) Gujarat
(d) West Bengal

Answer: (c)

37. One molecule of citric acid contains how many hydrogen atoms?

(a) Two
(b) Four
(c) Six
(d) Eight

Answer: (d)

38. Equality of opportunity in matters of public employment comes under which of the following Fundamental Rights?

(a) Right to Equality
(b) Right to Freedom
(c) Right against Exploitation
(d) Cultural and Educational Rights

Answer: (a)

39. In December 2022, who took oath as Himachal P esh CM?

(a) Sushil Barongpa
(b) Virbhadra Singh
(c) Sukhvinder Singh Sukhu
(d) Pratibha Singh

Answer: (c)

40. How many seats did Aam Aadmi Party win in the Gujarat assembly election 2022?

(a) 11
(b) 9
(c) 6
(d) 5

Answer: (d)

61. Sentences of a paragraph are given below in jumbled order. Arrange the sentences in the correct order to form a meaningful and coherent paragraph.
1) The group reached Independence Missouri, which was considered the official start of the Oregon Trail, in the middle of May.
2) In April 1846, a group of eight families left Springfield Illinois to join the many heading west in search of a better life.
3) Among those joining him was the eponymous George Donner, who would become wagon captain, along with his wife and five daughters.
4) This caravan was being organised by a businessman and farmer named James Reed, who would travel with his wife and four children.

(a) 1-2-3-4

(b) 2-4-3-1

(c) 2-3-4-1

(d) 2-4-1-3

Answer: (b)

62. Sentences of a paragraph are given below in jumbled order. Arrange the sentences in the correct order to form a meaningful and coherent paragraph.
1) Despite her many accomplishments and successes as a businesswoman, she felt a sense of weariness and exhaustion wash over her.
2) As the sun began to dip below the horizon, Elizabeth stood at the edge of her balcony and surveyed the sprawling city below.
3) But the constant demands of the corporate world h[illegible] begun to weigh on her, and she found herself longing for a moment of respite.
4) She worked tirelessly for weeks, her sharp mind [illegible] quick tongue driving her to ever-greater heights of success.

(a) 2-1-4-3

(b) 1-2-3-4

(c) 4-1-3-2

(d) 2-4-1-3

Answer: (a)

63. Select the most appropriate option to fill in the blanks.
James Cook was one of the famous explorers _____ all times. As a young boy in England, Cook fell in love with the sea. _____ his childhood, his ambition was to be a sailor. Cook worked hard and became a superb seaman. As a sailor, he was not satisfied with sailing only to familiar cities. _____ he really wanted to do was to _____ strange unknown lands.

(a) off, Since, Where, explores

(b) in, Since, What, exploring

(c) of, Since, What, explore

(d) from, Since, When, explored

Answer: (c)

64. Select the most appropriate option to fill in the blanks.
A few years back, I decided to do something that was totally out of my _____ zone. When I took the plunge, I knew that this was going to be very challenging, but it did not _____ me as my life mantra was "Get Uncomfortable, Achieve the Incredible". The first few months into doing that, I realised that it was _____ than what I imagined it to be. Yet deep inside, instead of panicking, I felt happy thinking about the _____ growth I may have out of this.

(a) comforted, cheer, tougher, trivial

(b) gloomy, calm, easier, unimposing

(c) gloomy, calm, flexible, insignificant

(d) comfort, scare, tougher, massive

Answer: (d)

66. Select the option that can be used as a one-word substitute for the given group of words.
A doctor who treats cancer and provides medical care for a person diagnosed with cancer

(a) Podiatrist

(b) Oncologist

(c) Geriatrics

(d) Urologist

Answer: (b)

69. Select the most appropriate option to fill in the blank with the correct collocation.
Simrin is _____ many talents.

(a) blessed within

(b) blessed with

(c) blessed from

(d) blessed in

Answer: (b)

71. Select the option that contains no spelling error.

(a) The conversation meendered on for hours after the meeting was over.

(b) The conversation mieandered on for hours after the meeting was over.

(c) The conversation meandered on for hours after the meeting was over.

(d) The conversation meindered on for hours after the meeting was over.

Answer: (c)

72. Select the option that contains no spelling error.

(a) She found him wearing a thick makintosh that reached almost to his ankles.

(b) She found him wearing a thick mackentosh that reached almost to his ankles.

(c) She found him wearing a thick meckentosh that reached almost to his ankles.

(d) She found him wearing a thick mackintosh that reached almost to his ankles.

Answer: (d)

73. Select the most appropriate meaning of the given idiom.
Drive home

(a) To realise one's mistake
(b) To make clearly understood
(c) To get back to the starting point
(d) To be a chauffeur

Answer: (b)

74. The following sentence has been split into four segments. Identify the segment that contains a grammatical error.
Samiksha, together / with her grandmother / and her parents, / are going to the beach.

(a) Samiksha, together
(b) with her grandmother
(c) and her parents
(d) are going to the beach

Answer: (d)

101. Who among the following is NOT considered as a pioneer in the movement of early childhood education?

(a) Pluto
(b) Dewey
(c) Froebel
(d) Montessori

Answer: (a)

102. Which of the following is NOT a sign of L[illegible]ge Development from zero to three years?

(a) Using expressive and receptive communication skills
(b) Demonstrating interest and ability in writing
(c) Developing verbal and non-verbal communication skills
(d) Developing vocabulary and using language to engage in conversations

Answer: (b)

103. The physical changes over childhood and adolescence, both, those visible from the outside, and internal changes, are known as:

(a) growth
(b) development
(c) maturation
(d) learning

Answer: (a)

104. The term ‘proximal’ means:

(a) infancy

(b) possible

(c) nearby

(d) at distance

Answer: (c)

105. UNICEF and the World Health Organisation (WHO) recommend that infants begin breastfeeding within _____ after birth.

(a) 1 hour

(b) 6 hours

(c) 24 hours

(d) 48 hours

Answer: (a)

106. Early childhood education programmes in Anganwadis, Balvatikas, etc. deal with which age group?

(a) 0-5 years

(b) 3-6 years

(c) 6-8 years

(d) 2-5 years

Answer: (b)

107. the National Early Childhood Care and Educatic olicy (2013) was formulated under which ministry?

(a) Ministry of Health and Family Welfare

(b) Ministry of Human Resource Development

(c) Ministry of Woman and Child Development

(d) Ministry of Social Justice

Answer: (c)

108. Printed items containing numbers and mathematical or scientific symbols, is a tool to develop:

(a) number sense

(b) measurement

(c) geometry

(d) mathematical reasoning

Answer: (a)

109. Materials to copy and create series and patterns (e.g., beads, sticks, small blocks, etc.) can be used to develop skills of:

(a) mathematical reasoning

(b) number sense

(c) measurement

(d) classification and patterning

Answer: (d)

110. Which of the following is NOT correct about a trapezoid?

(a) A trapezoid has four sides.

(b) A trapezoid has four points or corners or angles.

(c) A trapezoid has one pair of parallel lines.

(d) Any one side is not straight.

Answer: (d)

111. Vygotsky believed that children talk to themselves in order to solve problems or clarify thoughts. This is known as:

(a) individual speech

(b) social speech

(c) private speech

(d) interactive speech

Answer: (c)

112. Which of the following is NOT one the four reasons to provide children with environmental education, as identified by the UNESCO?

(a) To make them more aware and conscious of environmental problem

(b) To boost their interest in caring for and improving the environment

(c) To enhance their ability to learn about their surroundings

(d) To confine their ecological knowledge to subjects such as energy and wildlife

Answer: (d)

113. Which document recommended for the first time in India that a single subject, 'Environmental Studies', be taught at the primary stage?

(a) The Curriculum for the Ten-year School: A Framework-1975

(b) National Curriculum Framework-2005

(c) National Education Policy-2020

(d) National Policy on Education-1986

Answer: (a)

114. Which of the following is NOT a core criterion to guide the choice of teaching methods at ECCE?

(a) The nature of instructional objectives

(b) Content knowledge of the teacher

(c) Availability and cost of instructional materials

(d) The nature of lesson content

Answer: (c)

115. The play-way method is suggested by:

(a) Froebel

(b) Piaget

(c) Dewey

(d) Gandhi

Answer: (a)

116. Which of the following is NOT a characteristic of Montessori method of education?

(a) Self-directed activity

(b) Hands-on learning

(c) Collaborative play

(d) Competitive outdoor games

Answer: (d)

117. Who said, "Observation alone is not enough. We have to understand the significance of what we see, hear and touch"?

(a) Montessori

(b) Frobel

(c) Aurobindo

(d) Dewey

Answer: (d)

118. Which the following is a characteristic of Collaborative Assessment suggested for Students with special needs?

(a) Based on a medical model

(b) One-shot assessment approach

(c) Focuses on deficits within the student

(d) Team members are seen as equal in human dignity

Answer: (d)

119. Which of the following is NOT recommended for infrastructure at foundation stage?

(a) Clean, safe, and functioning toilets, and safe drinking water.

(b) Learning spaces segregated from other spaces (e.g., cooking)

(c) Appropriate high-quality Science laboratories

(d) Safe outdoor spaces, and/or small gardens for children to play

Answer: (c)

120. Which of the following is NOT an expectation from a parent of a pre-school child?

(a) To spend time teaching their kids at home.

(b) Create an atmosphere of learning all over the home.

(c) Provide emotional support required for proper education.

(d) To guide the teacher in selecting appropriate teaching method.

Answer: (d)

121. Which of the following is NOT a sign of Sensory and Perceptual Development from zero to three years?

(a) Development of the five senses

(b) Learning to control and coordinate the reflexes

(c) Abstractions of directions and complex motor behaviours

(d) Display awareness of location and spatial relationship

Answer: (c)

122. Amino acids are simple subunits of _____.

(a) carbohydrates
(b) proteins
(c) fats
(d) minerals

Answer: (b)

123. Sounds that make up a word or forms of signs, is known as:

(a) phonology
(b) morphology
(c) semantics
(d) syntax

Answer: (a)

124. Who demonstrated that children acquire linguistic rules or grammar without an inexhaustive sample of the acquired language?

(a) Chomsky
(b) Piaget
(c) Vygotsky
(d) Stark

Answer: (a)

125. The correct sequence of language development's initial phase is:

(a) vegetative sounds, laughter, vocal play, coo
(b) vegetative sounds, cooing, laughter, [illegible]y
(c) cooing, vegetative sounds, laughter, voca[illegible]ay
(d) laughter, vegetative sounds, vocal play, cooing

Answer: (b)

126. Which Curriculum Framework had recommended that Environmental Studies be taught as an integrated course for the entire primary stage, instead of in two distinct parts devoted to science and social studies in Classes III-V?

(a) The Curriculum for the Ten-year School: A Framework- 1975
(b) The National Curriculum Framework- 1988
(c) The National Curriculum Framework- 2000
(d) The National Curriculum Framework- 2005

Answer: (c)

127. EVS is organised around three broad principles, which one is not among the three:

(a) learning as the environment
(b) learning about the environment
(c) learning through the environment
(d) learning for the environment

Answer: (a)

128. Which of the following is NOT the preferred way to teach about environment at early childhood level?

(a) Laboratory based learning

(b) Concrete to abstract

(c) Known to unknown

(d) Child's environment be his/her learning laboratory

Answer: (a)

129. Playing with blocks helps in the development of all of the following, EXCEPT:

(a) physical

(b) cognitive

(c) emotional

(d) health

Answer: (d)

130. What is NOT true about self-image?

(a) It constitutes an integrator and organiser of each individual's inner life.

(b) It includes all representations about one's own ideas, beliefs, abilities, attitudes.

(c) It is built by the influence of others.

(d) It plays a main role in the choice of values and goals and representing the central core of our personality.

Answer: (c)

131. _____ includes the dimension of personality we pose to others, our reactions in the interactions with others.

(a) Social self

(b) Familial self

(c) Competence self

(d) Physical self

Answer: (a)

132. In which stage of self-awareness do children begin to use language to refer to themselves?

(a) Differentiation

(b) Situation

(c) Identification

(d) Permanence

Answer: (c)

133. _____ refers to a person's belief that he or she is able to effectively perform the tasks needed to attain a valued goal.

(a) Self-esteem

(b) Self-motivation

(c) Self-engagement

(d) Self-efficacy

Answer: (d)

134. Which of the following is NOT among the three ingredients of effective self-regulation?

(a) Standards

(b) Self-control

(c) Monitoring

(d) Capacity to change

Answer: (b)

135. An individual's internal, personal sense of being a boy or man or a girl or woman, is known as:

(a) gender equality

(b) gender identity

(c) gender sensitivity

(d) gender discrimination

Answer: (b)

136. _____ based on a combination of bodily characteristics, including chromosomes, hormones, internal reproductive organs, and genitalia.

(a) Gender

(b) Inclusion

(c) Sex

(d) Exclusion

Answer: (c)

137. Which teacher education programme has been suggested in NEP-2020 to prepare teachers for foundation stage?

(a) Two Years B.Ed. programme

(b) Two years Diploma in ECCE

(c) Two years PG diploma in ECCE

(d) Four Year ITEP with specialisation in foundation stage

Answer: (d)

138. Research from neuroscience informs us that over _____ of an individual's brain development occurs by the age of 6.

(a) 85%

(b) 65%

(c) 45%

(d) 25%

Answer: (a)

139. For addressing in the inclusive classroom having a few children with hearing impairment (HI), a teacher does all of the following, EXCEPT:

(a) arranging the classroom so that students can see each other

(b) avoiding drawing too much attention to the learners with hi for maintaining inclusivity

(c) when showing diagrams, pictures etc., using slower speech

(d) using longer sentences to provide holistic picture

Answer: (d)

140. How can parents support education of the child at home?

(a) Talk to your kid about how your school was and different memories associated with it.

(b) From the initial stages, make your child independent to complete various school activities.

(c) Have an open communication channel with the kid on a daily basis to know how his day in the school was.

(d) Provide a dedicated space where he/she can work with concentration.

Answer: (b)

141. _____ curriculum involves information being structured so that complex ideas can be taught at a simplified level first where children learn more through concrete experiences, and then re-visited at more complex levels later on.

(a) Hidden

(b) Overt

(c) Spiral

(d) Informal

Answer: (c)

142. Which of the following is NOT a stage of psychosexual development?

(a) Oral

(b) Anal

(c) Phallic

(d) Active

Answer: (d)

143. In the process of _____ objects, event[illegible]nd e[illegible]riences are drawn into, and made a part of an existing schema.

(a) accommodation

(b) equilibration

(c) assimilation

(d) disequilibrating

Answer: (c)

144. Which of the following macronutrients does NOT yield calories?

(a) Carbohydrates

(b) Water

(c) Fat

(d) Proteins

Answer: (b)

145. Which mineral assists insulin in glucose metabolism?

(a) Selenium

(b) Copper

(c) Chromium

(d) Manganese

Answer: (c)

146. A vegetarian diet that includes dairy products but NOT eggs is known as:

(a) lacto-ovo vegetarian

(b) lacto-vegetarian

(c) ovo vegetarian

(d) vegan

Answer: (b)

147. The Integrated Child Development Scheme (ICDS) was launched in the year _____.

(a) 1975

(b) 1985

(c) 1986

(d) 2005

Answer: (a)

148. Measurement bridges two critical realms of mathematics, these are:

(a) mathematical reasoning and real number

(b) geometry and patterning

(c) geometry and real number

(d) patterning and real number

Answer: (c)

149. Which dimension of language answers how sign ords are combined to create phrases and sentences?

(a) Phonology

(b) Morphology

(c) Semantics

(d) Syntax

Answer: (d)

150. _____ are rule-based versions of a language, that are different from the formal language taught in school.

(a) Linguistics

(b) Dialects

(c) Sound

(d) Standard language

Answer: (b)

151. Using gestures and body language when communicating in a classroom which has small children is important because:

(a) children don’t know language

(b) children learn from expressions

(c) children enjoy different faces

(d) teachers feel less fatigue

Answer: (b)

152. _____ observation involves looking at a subject's behaviour as it occurs in a natural setting, with no attempts at intervention on the part of the teacher.

(a) Naturalistic
(b) Structured
(c) Scheduled
(d) Non-participatory

Answer: (a)

153. The realisation that one's body, mind, and activities are distinct from those of other people is known as:

(a) self-concept
(b) self-awareness
(c) self-image
(d) self-esteem

Answer: (b)

154. The Centrally Sponsored Scheme of Integrated Education for Disabled Children (IEDC) was launched in:

(a) 1962
(b) 1974
(c) 1986
(d) 1995

Answer: (b)

155. The _____ should take responsibility for sourcing, contextualising, and anchoring translation of materials for use in the Foundational Stage.

(a) SCERT
(b) DIET
(c) CRC
(d) BRC

Answer: (a)

156. _____ refers to adjusting assessments, material, curriculum, or classroom environment to accommodate a student's needs so he/she can participate in, and achieve the teaching-learning goals.

(a) Adaptation
(b) Accommodation
(c) Adjustment
(d) Assimilation

Answer: (a)

157. _____ occurs when the inner ear is damaged, or there is damage to the nerves that help carry sound to the inner ear or to the nerve pathway to the brain.

(a) Conductive Hearing Loss
(b) Sensori-Neural Hearing Loss
(c) Mixed Hearing Loss
(d) No Hearing Loss

Answer: (b)

158. A disorder that causes problems with movement and balance, is:

(a) cerebral palsy
(b) dyslexia
(c) dysgraphia
(d) dyscalculia

Answer: (a)

159. Which of the following is NOT among barriers traditionally hindering the parental involvement?

(a) Lack of awareness of the educational alternatives for their children
(b) Fear of stigmatisation and hostility from within their communities
(c) Teacher-parent communication and cooperation
(d) Poverty and financial responsibility for schooling and activities

Answer: (c)

160. Community engagement at pre-school level hel n all of the following, EXCEPT:

(a) social development
(b) moral development
(c) emotional development
(d) economic development

Answer: (d)

161. Early Childhood Care and Education (ECCE) deals with the education of children in the age group:

(a) 6 to 14 years
(b) 6 to 11 years
(c) Below 6 years
(d) Below 3 years

Answer: (c)

162. Which of the following CANNOT be an objective of the Early Childhood Care and Education Programme?

(a) Promoting development and integration of the senses
(b) Enhancing development of pro-social skills, social competence and emotional well being
(c) Developing sense of aesthetic appreciation and stimulate creative learning processes
(d) Laying a sound understanding of disciplinary subject knowledge in each child

Answer: (d)

163. Sensitivity to the feelings of other people and ability to tune into their emotions, is known as:

(a) emotional intelligence

(b) emotional maturity

(c) emotional literacy

(d) empathy

Answer: (d)

164. Which of the following are insoluble in water?

(a) Carbohydrates

(b) Sugars

(c) Fats

(d) Salts

Answer: (c)

165. The first indigenous preschool was set by:

(a) Jiddu Krishnamurti

(b) Mahatma Gandhi

(c) Tarabai Modak

(d) Gijubhai Badheka

Answer: (d)

166. Which of the following is NOT a Guiding Principle for the Foundational Stage based on NEP-2020?

(a) Each child is different but grows, learns, and develops at a universal pace.

(b) Children are social beings; they learn through observation, imitation, and collaboration.

(c) Every child is capable of learning regardless of the circumstances of birth or background

(d) Children are natural researchers with great observational skills.

Answer: (a)

167. 'Subitising' is:

(a) initial quantitative understanding of small groups of objects with actual counting the objects

(b) initial qualitative understanding of a quantity of small groups of objects without actually counting the objects

(c) the stage in which children begin to learn to recite the numbers in order

(d) the stage in which children develop beginning algebraic concepts as they sort and classify objects

Answer: (b)

168. Pragmatics deals with:

(a) the meaning of words and combination of words in a language

(b) the smallest units of meanings that are formed to make signs/words

(c) the rules of language for conversation and social situations

(d) chatting about the weather, sharing what happened yesterday, or completing routine tasks

Answer: (c)

169. The vocabulary size of an average 6-year-old has been estimated at _____ words.

(a) 4,000
(b) 8,000
(c) 14,000
(d) 25,0000

Answer: (c)

170. _____ involves factual accounts of events that have taken place.

(a) Anecdotal records
(b) Rubrics
(c) Observation schedule
(d) Cumulative records

Answer: (a)

171. _____ involves recording observations about the child's behaviour and what the child is doing at specific times.

(a) Work samples
(b) Time samples
(c) Jottings
(d) Photographs

Answer: (b)

172. _____ are an observation method that detail a c[illegible]'s interactions and friendships within the group.

(a) Event samples
(b) Learning stories
(c) Socio-grams
(d) Photo observations

Answer: (c)

173. If a teacher wants to observe children on a specific day while they are engaged in an activity, which of the following is a good tool to use?

(a) Rubrics
(b) Check-list
(c) Perception scale
(d) Attitude scale

Answer: (b)

174. As per Erikson's Psychosocial Stages of Development, at what age do children take the initiative on some activities, and, may develop guilt when unsuccessful, or are boundaries overstepped?

(a) 1-2 years
(b) 3-6 years
(c) 7-11 years
(d) 5-12 years

Answer: (b)

175. According to Erikson, the first crisis of the life is:

(a) trust vs. mistrust

(b) identity vs. confusion

(c) autonomy vs. shame/doubt

(d) intimacy vs. isolation

Answer: (a)

176. _____ is a process of social, psychological, and cultural change that stems from the balancing of two cultures while adapting to the prevailing culture of the society.

(a) Culturation

(b) Enculturation

(c) Culture identification

(d) Acculturation

Answer: (d)

177. Gender is a _____ construct.

(a) social

(b) biological

(c) moral

(d) emotional

Answer: (a)

178. Observation, experimentation, analytical ability, abstract and divergent thinking, synthesis, logical reasoning, etc. are part of:

(a) emotional/mental development

(b) intellectual development

(c) spiritual development

(d) physical development

Answer: (b)

179. _____ is a neuro-psychological condition typically appearing in the first three years of life that significantly affects a person's ability to communicate, understand relationships and relate to others, and is frequently associated with unusual or stereotypical rituals or behaviours.

(a) Specific Learning Disability

(b) Autism Spectrum Disorder

(c) Intellectual Disability

(d) Brain Impairment

Answer: (b)

180. Which of the following is a correct way for a parent to support school/teacher?

(a) Ignoring any complaints or suggestions given by the school

(b) Throwing constant advice at the child without trying to understand the truth behind anything

(c) Permitting the child to skip school for unimportant reasons

(d) Praising the teaching methods of teachers in front of the child

Answer: (d)

181. Which of the following is NOT a sign of Physical Health and Motor Development from three to six years?

(a) Developing coordination and control of large motor muscles

(b) Developing strength and coordination of small motor muscles

(c) Beginning to display personal hygiene skills

(d) Demonstrating the use of body with proper sense of space and direction

Answer: (c)

182. As per National Education Policy-2020, which of the following stages deals with Early Childhood Care and Education (ECCE)?

(a) Foundation stage

(b) Preparatory stage

(c) Middle stage

(d) Secondary stage

Answer: (a)

183. _____ is the term used to mean all the influences, other than genetics and biological programming.

(a) Biological programming

(b) Nature

(c) Nurture

(d) Experience

Answer: (c)

184. Which vitamin helps in red blood cell s thesi

(a) Vitamin A

(b) Vitamin B12

(c) Vitamin C

(d) Vitamin D

Answer: (b)

185. NEP 2020 aims at ensuring access to free, safe, high quality, developmentally-appropriate ECCE to all children by the year _____.

(a) 2022

(b) 2025

(c) 2030

(d) 2035

Answer: (b)

186. At ECCE, the study of shapes should focus on the attributes and properties of:

(a) only two dimensional shapes

(b) only three- dimensional shapes

(c) both two- and three- dimensional shapes

(d) shapes should not be introduced at ECCE level

Answer: (c)

187. Children with _____ have an impairment in reading irregular words.

(a) deep dyslexia

(b) developmental dyslexia

(c) surface dyslexia

(d) phonological dyslexia

Answer: (c)

188. _____ is the sound we make as air from our lungs is pushed between vocal folds in our larynx, causing them to vibrate.

(a) Voice

(b) Speech

(c) Language

(d) Narration

Answer: (a)

189. The _____ environment includes all the a-biotic factors around you such as air, water, soil, rocks and landforms, as well as the biotic elements consisting of plants, animals and micro-organisms.

(a) biological

(b) social

(c) natural

(d) socio-cultural

Answer: (c)

190. For developing the understanding abc ·eqe ·on around the children, which one is best suitable method for a pre-primary class?

(a) Classroom presentation on plants

(b) A video of various types of plants

(c) A discussion on types of plants

(d) A visit of a nearby/school garden

Answer: (d)

191. In the Montessori method of education for children of the age three to six, which of the following is NOT a focus of teaching-learning?

(a) Growth of functional independence

(b) Task persistence

(c) Collaborative intellectual exploration

(d) Self-regulation

Answer: (c)

192. Physical skills develop from the centre of the body, outward, toward the fingers and toes. This is called:

(a) cephalocaudal pattern of development
(b) proximodistal pattern of development
(c) spiral pattern of development
(d) expositional pattern of development

Answer: (b)

193. Which of the following is NOT true about diversity?

(a) The term diversity is an antonym of uniformity.
(b) Diversity mainly focusses on differences based on physical development.
(c) Differences in culture, language, gender, etc. are part of diversity.
(d) Diversity should be treated as a resource in classroom.

Answer: (b)

194. The _____ approach gave birth to a model of custodial care, causing extreme isolation and the marginalisation of people with disabilities.

(a) charity
(b) bio-centric
(c) functional
(d) human rights

Answer: (a)

195. In the ABC method for planning pre-school pro mmes, C stands for:

(a) chair
(b) craft
(c) child
(d) cheerfulness

Answer: (b)

196. SEDGs stands for:

(a) Socially and Economically Disadvantaged Groups
(b) Socially and Economically Disabled Groups
(c) Socio-Emotional Development Guides
(d) Socially and Emotionally Disadvantaged Groups

Answer: (a)

197. According to Jerome Bruner, children should represent information and knowledge in their memory in three different but interrelated modes. Which of the following is NOT among those three?

(a) Action based
(b) Image based
(c) Language/symbol based
(d) Performance based

Answer: (d)

198. Blindness refers to:

(a) when a person is 20/20 in the better eye after correction

(b) a visual acuity of 20/60 in the better eye after correction

(c) a visual acuity of 20/100 in the better eye after correction

(d) a visual acuity of 20/200 in the better eye after correction

Answer: (d)

199. Making parents members of SMC, is an example of:

(a) families as activists

(b) schools, families and the community as partners

(c) involvement in school governance and management

(d) families supporting other families

Answer: (c)

200. _____ is when groups of children are purposefully separated from the majority because of differences.

(a) Inclusion

(b) Segregation

(c) Accommodation

(d) Impairment

Answer: (b)

Answer key

Answer key from the Delhi Subordinate Services Selection Board's official answer key for this sitting. "—" means the key gave none.

General

21	**(d)**	22	**(c)**	23	**(b)**	24	**(c)**	25	**(a)**	26	**(a)**	27	**(a)**	28	**(b)**	29	**(b)**	30	**(a)**
31	**(b)**	32	**(a)**	33	**(a)**	34	**(a)**	35	**(c)**	36	**(c)**	37	**(d)**	38	**(a)**	39	**(c)**	40	**(d)**
61	**(b)**	62	**(a)**	63	**(c)**	64	**(d)**	66	**(b)**	69	**(b)**	71	**(c)**	72	**(d)**	73	**(b)**	74	**(d)**
101	**(a)**	102	**(b)**	103	**(a)**	104	**(c)**	105	**(a)**	106	**(b)**	107	**(c)**	108	**(a)**	109	**(d)**	110	**(d)**
111	**(c)**	112	**(d)**	113	**(a)**	114	**(c)**	115	**(a)**	116	**(d)**	117	**(d)**	118	**(d)**	119	**(c)**	120	**(d)**
121	**(c)**	122	**(b)**	123	**(a)**	124	**(a)**	125	**(b)**	126	**(c)**	127	**(a)**	128	**(a)**	129	**(d)**	130	**(c)**
131	**(a)**	132	**(c)**	133	**(d)**	134	**(b)**	135	**(b)**	136	**(c)**	137	**(d)**	138	**(a)**	139	**(d)**	140	**(b)**
141	**(c)**	142	**(d)**	143	**(c)**	144	**(b)**	145	**(c)**	146	**(b)**	147	**(a)**	148	**(c)**	149	**(d)**	150	**(b)**
151	**(b)**	152	**(a)**	153	**(b)**	154	**(b)**	155	**(a)**	156	**(a)**	157	**(b)**	158	**(a)**	159	**(c)**	160	**(d)**
161	**(c)**	162	**(d)**	163	**(d)**	164	**(c)**	165	**(d)**	166	**(a)**	167	**(b)**	168	**(c)**	169	**(c)**	170	**(a)**
171	**(b)**	172	**(c)**	173	**(b)**	174	**(b)**	175	**(a)**	176	**(d)**	177	**(a)**	178	**(b)**	179	**(b)**	180	**(d)**
181	**(c)**	182	**(a)**	183	**(c)**	184	**(b)**	185	**(b)**	186	**(c)**	187	**(c)**	188	**(a)**	189	**(c)**	190	**(d)**
191	**(c)**	192	**(b)**	193	**(b)**	194	**(a)**	19	**(b)**	196	**(a)**	197	**(d)**	198	**(d)**	199	**(c)**	200	**(b)**